Weather

Cloudy, hot. The maximum temperature yesterday was 88.9 and the minimum 72.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 83.7 and 70.0.

The China Press
大陸報

The Mail Box

MAILS for U. S. and Europe, Str. Pres. Wilson, July 7.
FOR Europe via Suez, Str. Chili, July 6.
FROM U. S. and Europe, Str. Pres. Lincoln, 6 p.m. today.
FROM Europe via Suez, Str. Khiva, tomorrow.

NO. 3833 VOL XIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 發兌年五月二十一日 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1923 大正十二年七月四日 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

RECENT FIRES IN OUTPORTS DISASTROUS TO RISK CO'S

Hangchow Blaze Does Damage Estimated At Lakh Of Taels

CHINESE CO. HIT

This Season's Losses In Cocoon Insurance Not Heavy

BY DAVID ARAKIE

Recent fire losses, though by no means abnormal, have been fairly heavy. The first that broke out at Hangchow, in which four blocks had been burned, affected a number of concerns, particularly a Chinese company. The loss altogether is estimated at a lakh of taels. Rather a blow to a number of British fire insurance companies was the conflagration in the cotton godowns of the China Navigation Company at Hankow, the loss being some Tls. 80,000. This came on top of the recent Sassoon godown fire at Hankow in which losses sustained were Tls. 160,000. There was exciting alarm from Wusih not many weeks ago on the report that the New China Cotton Mills were burned down, but it turned out to be only a cotton loss confined to the working room.

It is a matter of great relief to the insurance companies that this season's cocoon losses have been modest, the estimate placing these at Tls. 150,000, absorbed by four large fires. The season is now over. The China Merchants' Wharf escaped a very serious loss which threatened it by the fire that broke out last week. It served to terrify the insurance companies, but happily they got away.

EDUCATIONAL EXHIBIT

An educational exhibit illustrative of Chinese industries will be held by the Newark Museum, near New York in October and November next. The desire is to create interest in China as a living and growing country demanding the attention of American manufacturers. Fairs and exhibitions are a recognised and necessary part of the machinery of commerce. Their extreme multiplication at the present day is probably a passing phase, and as business becomes more and more normal so, it is safe to say, will the less useful of the new growths disappear. The psychology of fairs must not be ignored by exhibitors, who should recognise the sales atmosphere that is present in all well-organised exhibitions and fairs. In the case of trade exhibitions the question of whether or not to exhibit must be decided chiefly, if not entirely, by trade considerations. The advertising possibilities offered by this exhibition and by the traveling exhibits which will probably be shown in many American cities are quite worth considering. If the exhibition is successful in increasing knowledge and sympathy between China and the United States it would have achieved its scope. The Chinese within the next few decades by heroic efforts should be able to accomplish the transition from mediaevalism in industry to that form of modernity which has taken Europe many centuries to achieve.

JAPANESE SILK

It has been commonly alleged that the quality of Japanese silk has deteriorated considerably in recent years, and the American buyers are loud in complaint of the lower standard of this silk. The question is whether the Japanese will make an effort to produce a better output. All silk consuming countries are working toward this end. While the inferiority of Japan silks is a perrenial source of complaint, happily for us the quality of China silks is admired, and with the steady progress that is being made by the Chinese sericulturists towards an improved silk production it is only a matter of years that this country will assert its postion in the world.

Fortunately, neither Shanghai nor Canton, the two principal centers of silk trading, has the

(Continued on Page 2) ▼

Ex-Bandit Chief Suppresses Outlaws

(China Press Service)

Lincheng, July 1.—Robberies in the immediate vicinity of Lincheng and Tsao Chuang have ceased since the Pao Tzu Ku bandits under Brigadier-General Sun Mei-yao have been taken into the army as the bandits must give 'face' to their old leader, but a short distance from the Chung Hsing coal mines depredations are going on as before.

The ex-bandits who were taken into the army are now stationed at Tsao Chuang and Chewu and about 150 ex-bandits have been recruited as coal miners in the mines at Tsao Chuang.

Report from Tsao Chuang today say that about 50 bodies have been recovered from the mines. Approximately 150 bodies of the miners who lost their lives when the mines were flooded a few weeks ago are still in the shaft.

AMERICAN TRADE BODY ANNOUNCES NEW COMMITTEES

Chamber Delegates Members To Various Duties For Year

The various committees of the American Chamber of Commerce (Shanghai) have been announced, following the annual meeting of the organisation.

The committees for 1923-1924 are as follows:

Arbitration—J. C. Shengle (chairman), J. Eichwald, F. F. Fairman.

Auditing Committee—H. B. Lane (chairman), H. S. De Vault.

Banking and Finance—S. R. Brown (chairman), A. E. Schumacher, W. Smith.

Engineering and Architecture—P. P. Whitham (chairman), R. L. Larson, E. C. Stocker.

Entertainment—J. Eichwald (chairman), W. A. Adams, H. O. Hashagen, J. S. Potter.

Exports—J. Eichwald (chairman) Geo. W. Brush, R. E. Buchanan, J. S. Dolan.

Extraterritoriality—V. G. Lyman (chairman), S. Fessenden, J. B. Powell, G. E. Tucker.

Imports—H. B. Lane (chairman), W. A. Burns, S. B. Ellis, H. O. Hashagen, N. A. Viloudaki.

Law—S. Fessenden (chairman), A. Bassett, R. S. Haskell.

Membership—H. A. Wiley (chairman), F. F. Fairman, F. W. McIntyre.

Publicity—J. B. Powell (chairman), Carl Crow, J. E. Doyle, C. H. Webb.

Shipping—L. Everett (chairman), P. H. Bordwell, B. C. Haile, H. G. Lyman, E. F. Townsend.

Says Singapore Base Will Exceed Estimated Cost

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 2.—In a letter to the Daily Mail, Mr. C. W. Darbishire, M. P. (Liberal), opposes the naval base at Singapore on the ground of economy.

He expresses the opinion that as a result of his experience of public works in Singapore the estimated cost of £10,500,000 will be very largely exceeded before the works are completed.

If the policy of the Admiralty is persisted in, the letter asserts, we shall find strong naval bases springing up all round the area defined by the self-denying ordinance signed at Washington. Already we hear of proposed American developments at Pearl Harbor, Honolulu, and of a Dutch naval base at Java or Sumatra.

Mr. Darbishire asks if Japan is the new menace against which we must be prepared to concentrate the main fleet. This is the old war spirit aflame again. The United States does not find it humiliating to depend on the goodwill of Japan. Why should we?

The alternative to this costly militarist course of action, Mr. Darbishire declares, is development of the spirit of the Washington abstain from building new bases.

FIRE CONTROLLED

(Reuter's Service)

Sydney, July 2.—The fire on board the steamer, Hartington, is now under control. The destroyer, Anzac, is standing by.

Dramatic Story Unfolded In United States Court In Carberry Bigamy Case

Prosecution Alleges Shanghai Man Married New York Girl, Stole Friend's Identity And Married Again Here—Confession Is Questioned

An amazing version of "the eternal triangle" reaching from New York to Shanghai and involving dramatic episodes, soiled romance and other ingredients of a "best seller" or moving picture scenario was revealed in the United States Court for China before Judge Charles Sumner Lobingier yesterday when Charles C. Carberry, alias Bernard Pindar, was charged with bigamy. Carberry is alleged to have married Miss Frances Newman in New York under the name of Carberry and to have married Miss Evprazia Zimmina, a Russian girl, here under the name of Pindar.

The simple dramatic narrative that was told to the Court by Mr. Leonard G. Husar, United States District Attorney traces its beginning back to New York. Briefly, it was put forth that the accused married an American girl and when he wearied of her after some fifteen months he adopted an extraordinary method of precedure.

This unwilling husband, Mr. Husar related, formerly played the part of good Samaritan for a weak friend, one Bernard Pinder. It was his custom to care for Pinder in alcoholic lapses of the latter. When Pinder was drunk Carberry often emptied his pockets to turn over anything valuable that might be found to Mrs. Pinder. It was when he was doing this one night, so the story runs, that he discovered Pinder's birth certificate.

It was related then that Carberry took the birth certificate and posing as Pinder before the New York authorities obtained a passport to the Far East. He fled then and after living some period in Manila he came on to Shanghai and here, according to the charge made, last February in the presence of an American consular official and after receiving full sanction of the American Consulate he married a Russian girl, Evprazia Zimmina, in the Russian church here.

Before the marriage in his statement at the Consulate he said that he had never been married before and he gave his name as Bernard Pindar. About November 29th, and prior to the marriage here he wrote to his wife in New York a letter which was an appeal for help indirectly and apologising for his lengthy lapse in writing.

Mrs. Carberry wrote a letter to the American Consul General here in which she said that she had received a letter from her husband and asking whether there was not some say by which Carberry would work his way back on a boat. Carberry was sent for by J. P. Davis, the Consul—his second marriage in the mean time having taken place—and he denied to the Consul that he had married Francis Newman but stated that he had lived with her ellicitly in New York.

The Consul-General wrote to Mrs. Carberry in New York and told her what Carberry had stated. She replied enclosing a certified copy of the marriage certificate giving all the facts. After the receipt of these documents they were turned over to the District Attorney's Office for investigation. The District Attorney sent for the defendant who is said to have confessed that he was Carberry and told all the facts.

LEGAL BOMBSHELL

Major C. P. Holcomb, counsel for Carberry, threw a bombshell into the proceedings yesterday when he charged that the confession secured by the District Attorney had been given under threats and promises of reward. Major Holcomb quoted a statement made under oath by Carberry in the course of which District Attorney Husar, speaking to Carberry, said:

"I hate like hell to put you under arrest on a charge of bigamy. I do not know what else I can do. Your own answers unfortunately force me to the conclusion—together with the marriage certificate and other absolute evidence I have—that you are the same man who married Miss Newman."

Major Holcomb said that statement constituted a threat and the confession secured was involuntary.

Mr. Husar maintained that the statement was made to him in the presence of United States Marshal Thurston Porter, Depuiy Marshal Van Buskirk and the official court reporter, was voluntary, and was not secured under any threats or promises.

Mr. Husar said he had told Carberry that he had secured two communications from Washington which, if they were true, were very serious. Carberry, he said, had an opportunity to explain the whole thing if the bigamy charge was not true. He denied the charge at first but later admitted that he was the man, Mr. Husar said, and explined that he had made the denial at first because of the presence of the other men

(Continued on Page 3)

SUNBEAMS MAKE CLEAN SWEEP IN BIG FRENCH RACE

English Car Captures First, Second And Fourth Places

(Reuter's Service)

Tours, July 2.—The Grand Prix Automobile, a 799 kilometers race over the Tours circuit, was won by Seagrave, driving a Sunbeam, in 6 hours 35 minutes, 10 4-5 secs. Divo, driving a Sunbeam, was second, Frederich, driving a Bugatti, third and Lee Guinness, driving a Sunbeam, fourth. Seventeen machines started.

De Viscaya, driving a Bugatti, mistook a turning in the first lap, dashed into the balustrade and smashed his machine. A number of spectators were injured and De Viscaya was slightly injured.

Japan Eager To Carry Out Pact

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, July 3.—The vernacular papers this morning positively assert that Japan is prepared to suggest to Britain and America a three-Power conference with the object of completing the Washington Naval Agreement without waiting its ratification by France and Italy, though the latter's ratification only awaits the Royal signature.

While confirmation of the foregoing is at present unobtainable it is regarded as highly probable as it is a well-known fact that Japan desires the Treaty provisions to be enforced in order that the scrapping programs may be completed, her naval economies realised, capital ships ratios established and the guarantees thereby offered secured.

It is further well-known that the Premier, Admiral Baron Kato, wishes to see his efforts at making agreements, which are now in the forefront of his national policy, successfully crowned.

Thirteen Trillion Marks Circulating

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 3.—The appalling state of affairs in Germany with regard to currency is indicated in the latest Reichsbank return, which shows that there was increase in the note circulation last week alone of over Mks. 2,000,000,000,000. The present total is 13,000,000,000,000 marks, as compared with 1,000,000,000,000 marks on January 1. The enormous increase is attributed to the Government's policy of financing passive resistance in the Ruhr.

Marks closed in London last night at 900,000.

COTTON STANDARD

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, July 2.—The Liverpool Cotton Association has accepted the agreement with regard to the adoption of the United States cotton standards as the basis for the world cotton trade, but the Association is despatching two delegates to the United States to endeavor to arrange certain changes.

Are Called America's Greatest Living Women

A NOTED Chilean woman writer asked the National League of Women Voters to name the greatest living American women, in order that she might write their biographies for Chilean women suffragists. The list compiled by the League comprises Jane Addams, of Hull House, Chicago; Cecelia Beaux, Pennsylvania painter; Anna Jump Cannon, Delaware astronomer; Carrie Chapman Catt, organiser and leader of the suffrage movement; Anna Botsford Comstock, New York writer and student of natural history; Minnie Maddern Fiske, New Orleans actress; Louis Homer, Pittsburgh prima donna; Julia Lathrop, Illinois authority on child welfare; Florence Rena Sabin, Professor of anatomy at Johns Hopkins, born in Central City, Colorado; M. Carey Thomas, of Baltimore, President of Bryn Mawr and famous for her educational work; Martha Van Rensselaer, teacher of Home Economics in Cornell and member of Food Administration during the World War, and Edith Wharton, author, of New York City.

COMMONS FREES FOREIGN SHIPPING FIRMS FROM TAX

Exemption Depends On Reciprocal Action By Other Countries

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 2.—The House of Commons today unanimously passed a new cinuse to the Finance Act, moved by Sir William Jonyson-Hicks, exempting the profits of foreign shipping businesses from British income-tax provided reciprocal exemptions are granted by the country concerned.

Pointing out that the United States had made a similar offer in 1921, Sir William Jonyson-Hicks hoped that the scheme would be the forerunner of a wider scheme to relieve all trades from double taxation throughout the world.

TSAO SENDS AGENT TO SEEK RETURN OF PEKING M.P.'S

Chang Tso-lin Suspicious But Hostilities Not Likely

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, July 3.—The Manchurian Members of Parliament now at Mukden are stated to number only 25. General Tsao Kun has despatched General Pao Kuei-ching to persuade them to return to Peking.

The opinion is generally expressed that while the recent events in Peking have made General Chang Tso-lin more suspicious of the Chihli Party and the recently agreement regarding the withdrawl of troops is not being completely carried out by either side, yet hostilities at present are not likely.

Many Chinese, however, fear that General Chang's preparations indicate trouble next spring unless in the meantime the political situation is changed.

It is reported in well-informed circles that General Wu Pei-fu is not opposed to General Tsao becoming a candidate for the Presidency but that he disapproves of the Tientsin clique's propaganda.

General Tsao is reported to have invited General Wu to Paotingfu.

It is stated that General Wu's silence is due to his reoccupation with Fukien and Kwangtung affairs.

LONDON BRANDS SEPARATE ACTION TALK PREMATURE

No Indication As Yet Of French Reply To Questionnaire

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 2.—While there has been no indication up to the present of the nature of the French reply to the British questionnaire, it is authoritatively stated in London that it is entirely premature to speak of separate action on the part of Britain towards Germany.

It is emphasised that the Cabinet will not be able to reach a decision as to its attitude before learning the French point of view. It is impossible yet to say what action Britain will take if it is found impossible to reconcile the British and French points of view.

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 2.—Interpreting the opinion of French official circles, Reuter's correspondent at Paris says that annoyance has been caused by the inopportuneness of certain British press statements when calmness is essential on both sides. He declares that, while M. Poincare desires to reply to the British questionnaire fully, he maintains a preference for oral methods. Politicians refuse to believe that the negotiations will break down on a point of procedure.

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 3.—It is reported from Coblence that time-fuse bombs were found yesterday at the entrance to a tunnel near Mayence. One exploded, causing slight damage, but the fuse was removed from the second. The reprisals against the Germans decided on were the stoppage of all traffic after nine o'clock in the evening in the town and suburbs of Mayence, the closing of public establishments, the expulsion of five prominent citizens and the arrest of three suspects.

Sporadic outbursts are reported from French sources at other places in the Ruhr, and include firing at French posts and the shooting of a German who disregarded a sentry's summons to halt.

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, July 2.—According to the Berliner Tageblatt, 18 Belgians are now dead as the result of the train explosion near Duisburg.

The penalties imposed mean that occupied Germany is completely severed from unoccupied Germany. Thousands of workmen in the occupied territory are

BRITAIN WANTS FOREIGN OFFICERS TO DIRECT POLICE

London Has Far Reaching Plans To End Chaos

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 3.—The Daily Telegraph's Diplomatic Correspondent states that the proposals made by the British Government to remedy the chaotic conditions in China include international military occupation of the Peking-Tientsin Railway, and the organisation of Chinese gendarmerie with foreign officers, the gendarmerie to be under Chinese Government control in order to avoid infringement of Chinese sovereignty but under the control of the Powers if China declines responsibility; an international naval demonstration off Chinese ports, and the raising of additional revenue, presumably from the Chinese Customs, in order to defray regularly the costs both of the civilian and of the military administration, under international supervision.

The correspondent says that some of the Foreign Ministers at Peking suggested more far reaching measures but some of these were regarded in London as impracticable and unduly costly. Nevertheless, they may prove necessary for the adequate maintenance of foreign security and prestige and the present objections might be surmounted.

The opinion is gaining ground in America and London that though the proposed naval demonstration will usefully constitute a consrete token of Anglo-American-Japanese solidarity it might not effectively impress Chinese disorderly forces in the interior.

It is emphasised that the contemplated intervention is wholly free from annexationist aims and it is believed that it will be equally welcomed by Chinese merchants and the nation generally except corrupt officials and a few hotheads, but China cannot be allowed to drift into complete disruption either for her own sake or for that of the world, which cannot afford to lose such a market besides those already in ruins.

Tire Price War Now Threatened

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 2.—A "price war" is foreshadowed as the result of an announcement that British motor tire manufacturers have decided to take immediate action to counter the move of a French company which has reduced its prices.

SHANGHAI TO CELEBRATE FOURTH OF JULY TODAY

Flag Raising At Consulate Grounds At 8 O'clock This Morning

BASEBALL AT 3.30

Lawn Party To Present Vivid Historical Pageants

Fourth Of July Program

8:00 a.m.—Flag Raising at the American Consulate General. Lieutenant Commander N. C. Giffen of the United States Asiatic Fleet will deliver an address on the subject of the Flag and its uses. The Flag Raising will be by the American Company of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps.

11:30-12:30—Reception at the American Consulate-General, 19 Whangpoo Road.

12:30 to 2:30—American Club at Home to members and their men friends.

3:30 p.m.—Baseball at Race Course, Shanghai v. U. S. S. Huron.

5 — American Community Lawn Party at the Recreation Grounds.

4 to 6—Officers of the U. S. S. Huron will be 'at home' on board the Huron.

All afternoon—Open House at the Columbia Country Club.

Tonight—Special programs at the Carlton, Del Monte, Parisien, St. Georges, Western Tavern, Crest and all theaters.

At 8 o'clock this morning the official Fourth of July celebration in Shanghai will get under way when the American children of the community, accompanied by their parents, will attend the formal flag-raising in the United States Consulate General grounds.

At the flag raising Lieutenant Commander R. C. Giffen, U. S. N., will deliver an address of the Flag and its usage, and all the children who attend will be presented with miniature silk flags.

The reception given by United States Consul-General Edwin S. Cunningham and Mrs. Cunningham in the old American Post Office premises will be held from 11:30 a.m. until 12:30. All members of the American community are invited. Following the Consul-General's reception the African Club will hold 'open house' to its members and their male friends.

At 3:30 this afternoon Shanghai and the ball-tossers from the U.S.S. Huron will cross bats in the annual Fourth of July baseball match between Shanghai and the Navy. Immediately following the baseball game the American Community Lawn Party will be held on the Recreation Grounds. Daylight fireworks, Chinese jugglers and an American pageant will be presented at the lawn party.

American children will participate in the pageant, many as 'immigrants' who step into the American melting pot, and then step out again as full-fledged American citizens, and some of them in historical scenes illustrating American history.

The Columbia Country Club began the celebration of Independence Day last night when they gave their annual dance at the Club. The outdoor dancing pavilion was redecorated for the event and the usual spendid orchestra furnished the music. The Club will hold an 'open house' all afternoon today at which members and their friends are welcome.

26 Governments At Navigation Parley In London

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 2.—Twenty-six foreign Governments, including Russia and Holland and also the Irish Free State, India, South Africa, Canada, New Zealand, the League of Nations, the Danube Commission, the Rhine Commission and the Suez Canal Company, are represented at the International Navigation Congress which was opened in London this morning by the Duke of York.

PARISIEN HAS NEW SHOW FOR THIS EVENING

At the Parisien Cafe starting tonight the management are putting on an excellent show, which from the press notices and the highly lavish encomiums showered on the Aoral group of dancers would seem to be something in the nature of surprise packet for Fourth of July celebrants. The show is of much variety and the suppleness and agile grace displayed by Miss Oakley, it is promised, will be a revelation to all patrons. Miss Aoral Oakley is stated to be the originator of certain higher art dancing, who will be seen in Shanghai for the first time tonight. If the weather is not inclement dancing will be on the roof garden, seven stories high. Special dinner service will be a feature of the evening.

New Ambassador To Japan Has Sailed For Tokio

Mr. Cyrus E. Woods, former American Ambassador to Spain, who has been appointed Ambassador to Japan to succeed Mr. Charles Beecher Warren, sailed from Seattle on the Admiral liner President McKinley on July 2, according to information received in Shanghai last night.

The new Ambassador is expected to present his credentials to the Prince Regent on July 23. Numerous entertainments are being planned for him by the American communities in Tokio and Yokohama.

Wedding

BAILEY—BARBOUR

A very pretty wedding took place at 8.30 Monday evening in St. John's Pro-Cathedral, when Miss Margaret H. Bailey became the bride of the Rev. Paul H. Barbour of Hartford, Conn. The ceremony was performed by the Rt. Rev. F. F. Graves, D.D. before a gathering of foreign and Chinese friends. Following the marriage a reception was held at the St. Mary's Faculty House.

The bride chose for her matron of honor Mrs. W. M. Porterfield who wore a gown of rose georgette and carried a bouquet of pink and white carnations. Her hat and shoes were black.

The bride wore white lace and chiffon, and carried a shower bouquet of white carnations. Her veil was held by orange blossoms.

Mr. M. P. Walker acted as best man, and Prof. Donald Roberts and Prof. H. F. MacNair as ushers. Dean J. W. Nichols gave the bride away. Mrs. F. L. Hawks Pott played Mendelssohn's and Lohengrin wedding marches.

Mrs. Barbour has for ten years been a member of the faculty of St. Mary's Hall, Jessfield, and during her residence in Shanghai has been active in the College Club and other organisations.

The honeymoon will be spent in traveling through China, Korea and Japan, and the couple plan to sail for America in September. They will make their home at Dallas, South Dakota.

Band Program

The following program will be played, weather permitting, by the Municipal Band in the Public Garden this evening beginning at 8.15 p.m.

1. March "Our Sammies" Vandersloot
2. Overture "Greeting" Mahl
3. Waltz "Toujours ou Jamais" Waldteufel
4. Fantasia "The Evolution of Dixie" Lake
5. Song "Venetian Love Song" Nevin
6. "Three Dances from Henry VIII" Edw. German
7. Selection "The Belle of New York" Kerker

A. de Kryger, Assistant Conductor.

Tokio Merchants Discuss Boycott

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, July 3.—Representative business men and Foreign Office delegates conferred this afternoon on Japan's policy regarding the anti-Japanese boycott in China, when the former presented a series of proposals covering claims and demands on the Chinese Government for compensation for losses sustained by Japanese and measures to prevent a recurrence of the troubles.

The nature of the Foreign Office reply has not been revealed but it is understood that the question is being referred to the Cabinet.

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Youry Yourlo, At The Carlton

A benefit performance for Youry Yourlo and A. and S. Lantzoff, the dancing marvels, will be given at the New Carlton tomorrow night. The program for the week has been changed, as usual, but tomorrow night the Carlton troupe will give an entire change of program for that night only.

For the first time in Shanghai Youry Yourlo and the Lantzoffs will dance as a trio, first in the Sailor Dance, and again in the Ukraina National Dance.

The Carlton will produce their usual excellent show as a special attraction to Fourth of July celebrators tonight.

In The British Supreme Court

In a case originating at Tientsin of L. H. Smith and Company versus Kent and Mounsey a decision was given yesterday morning in the British Supreme Court by Sir Skinner Turner as follows:

This is a special case set down under Rule 268 in an action pending in the Provincial Court at Tientsin. On May 18, 1923 the plaintiffs, an American firm, took out a writ asking to have certain trusts of an indenture between themselves and the defendants, a British firm, carried into execution.

On the return day at the suggestion of the judge the parties agreed to state this special case for the decision of this Court and to abide by the decision of this Court, under Rules 263, etc. Neither side wished to argue the matter in Court and it remains for me to give judgment on the case as submitted.

The facts are as follows: in December, 1920, the plaintiffs caused an American ship then belonging to the North China Cold Storage Co. Inc. to be arrested in Chefoo in respect of a claim against the ship for supplies they claimed they had a maritime lien on her, a matter which, of course, falls to be decided in an American Court. The indebtedness on that claim has now been agreed at Chefoo $18,191.18 as at May, 1922.

In order to obtain the release of the ship a sum of silver Yen 18,000.00 was lodged by the present assignees of the North China Cold Storage Co. in the form of a deposit receipt on the Bank of Chosen. When cashed this money was to be used to pay the plaintiffs the amount of the debt due to them and the North China Cold Storage Co. were to find the balance in cash. This sum of Yen 18,000.00 was not immediately available, because proceedings had been threatened at the instance of the United States Government for forfeiture of the ship as the result of certain dealings with her: it was therefore agreed that this deposit receipt should be placed in the names of trustees, an American firm of lawyers and a British firm of lawyers (these are the defendants in this action). They were to hold the receipt for 90 days from February 6, 1922, or until the question of forfeiture had been got rid of satisfactorily. When that happened the Yen 18,000.00 was to be paid to the present plaintiffs.

Formal notification was given on March 27, 1923, that the United States authorities did not intend to proceed further in that matter. Under these circumstances the plaintiffs asked the Trustees to cash the receipt and pay over to them the proceeds in accordance with the trust agreement. It now appears that an action has been begun against the present plaintiffs in the United States Court by the Tsingtao Cold Storage Co. Ltd., the assignees of the North China Cold Storage Co. Inc., asking for damages for the original detention of the ship which they claim to have been wrongful and the agents of the plaintiffs in that action seek to restrain the present defendants from parting with or cashing the receipts. These defendants apparently hesitate to release the receipt unless they have the protection of an order of a British Court: hence these proceedings have been taken.

The material clauses of the Trust Agreement are as follows:

"III. The trustees undertake not to cash the said deposit receipt until the expiration of the period of ninety days from the date hereof, and only then in the event of the question of the possible forfeiture of the vessel by action of the United States of America having been settled in favor of the said Henry James Zimmerman, formerly registered owner or other late interested American parties interested in the vessel. In the event of such settlement to the satisfaction of the trustees, the trustees shall cash the said deposit receipt and pay the proceeds thereof to L. H. Smith and Co., in settlement pro tanto of the claim of the said L. H. Smith and Co., which is agreed as at May 21, 1922, Chefoo L. C. $18,191.18, and of which the balance over the amount of the deposit receipt, shall be paid in cash by the North China Cold Storage Co."

"IV. In the event of forfeiture proceedings having been initiated the Trustees shall hold the said deposit receipt to the order of Messrs. Okura and Co."

"V. In the event of no definite action having been taken at the instance of the Department of State of the United States of America, at the end of said period of ninety days, the Trustees will continue to hold the said receipt pending the settlement in one direction or the other of the said issue, referred to in paragraphs III and IV, to the intent that the said money shall only be applied to the discharge of the indebtedness of the said L. H. Smith and Co., when the said vessel is out of danger of forfeiture process at the instance of the United States Government, in connection with the transfer of the registry of the vessel."

It is worth noting that no argument has been presented to me nor (as far as I know) to the Provincial Court at Tientsin by the plaintiffs on the action pending in the United States Court against the present plaintiffs, though it is certain that they must know that these steps have been taken in this Court. The question of law that appears to me to be involved is whether those plaintiffs are entitled to stay all proceedings on that deposit receipt, merely because they have a claim for damages against the present plaintiffs which exceeds in amount the money held by the Trustees. That question I cannot answer, inasmuch as I am not aware of the grounds on which such an order could be obtained in the United States Court, which alone has jurisdiction to determine it, and which can be asked to determine it in proceedings against the other trustees who are subject to its jurisdiction. It seems to me that the present defendants are bound to carry out the terms of the agreement of February, 1922, independently of the action for damages now pending, as soon as the proceedings for forfeiture have been abandoned or settled in favor of the former registered owner of the ship. I can see no answer in law to the demand of the present plaintiffs once that matter has been so settled.

The Provincial Court must now proceed to deal with this matter on those lines and the defendants must pay the costs occasioned by this special case.

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Bishop Sees Evil In Word "Ruhr"

London, July 1.—The Bishop of Salisbury, speaking at a missionary exhibition in London, said that the phrase recently used by General Smuts, of South Africa, that "civilisation has struck its tents and started marching," was profoundly true in regard to Japan, China, India, and Africa, but that white civilisation was lingering in consequence of the internecine quarrels and bitterness which was exemplified by the single word "Ruhr." He further said:

"It is a great unanswered question whether the European civilization, in giving Asia all its discoveries, had raised a Frankenstein monster which is beyond its control, and which is going to be a menace to the world."

Simultaneously with the publication of the bishop's anxiety, over the Asiatic monster threatening European civilization, comes the news that Switzerland is animated by a parliamentary debate on foreign policy, wherein the deputies threatened to demand a national referendum on the question of withdrawing from the League of Nations, unless the League quickly changed the present attitude of being an instrument for the victorious Powers, especially France.

The critics included representatives of the Socialists, Communists bourgeoise, and peasants.

A still more significant thing is Dr. Nansen's speech at Christiania, addressing the Norwegian defence Society. Dr. Nansen is the chief delegate of Norway in the League Assembly. He informed the meeting that it is urgently necessary to maintain the Norwegian military preparedness, because the European situation has not been improved during recent years and the possibility of war is as great now as ever.

FRENCH BUDGET

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, July 2.—The Official Gazette publishes the Finance Bill, which gives the final Budget figures as follows:

Revenue 23,437,800 francs.
Expenditure 23,402,487,500 francs.

Included in the revenue is a sum of 400,000,000 francs to be levied on loans. This deficit is compensated by the abolition of 820,000,000 francs in funds paid for the tax on war services.

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 3.—The report upon the recoverable Budget shows that up to December 31 France had spent 97,000,000,000 francs for reparations on Germany's account, and that she had received through the Reparations Commission 1,772,000,000 gold marks, but the expenses of the Army of Occupation exceeded the latter sum by 54,000,000 gold marks. It is estimated that France must still spend 44,000,000,000 francs on reparation work.

Recent Fires In Outports Costly

(Continued on Page 8)

reputation of having silk exchanges of the type of the Yokohama silk exchange which for some years past has been characterised as a gambling house for speculating in silk and that everything possible is done to make the price fluctuate violently in order that the speculators might derive good profits while the process is going on. This vicious practice is happily absent from the Shanghai market, and if business continues as wisely as it is being conducted today it should prove conducive to the development of the Chinese silk industry. The field for greater production in China is as yet almost untouched, and it is but natural that the American manufacturers should, under the circumstances, be interested in creating a larger production field in China. It is for this reason that the American silk merchants came to China in an attempt to stimulate production here so that in case Japan ceases to be able to supply the American demand or the price of the Japanese material becomes too high they will be able to inaugurate business with Chinese producers on a far larger scale than is the case at present.

NEW WAR VOLUME

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, July 2.—The Belgian Government has just published the first volume of the report on the violations of right and the laws of war committed by the Germans during the hostilities.

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5. Mura and Koka Shipoff — *Valse Fantasie by Mura*
6. Youry Yourlo — *Polish Dance (Krakoviak)*

III.
7. Olga Dontsoff — *Dance with Reeds*
8. Mura and Koka Shipoff — *Humoreske*
9. A. and S. Lantzoff — *Chardash*
10. Youry Yourlo — *Mallol*

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Dramatic Story Unfolded In United States Court In Carberry Bigamy Case

in the room he was being questioned.

(Continued from Page 1)

THE PROSECUTION

S. M. Vorotin, Pope of the Russian Church in Shanghai, testified to performing a wedding ceremony on January 29th, old style, or 11th of February according to the Gregorian Calendar. Two people on both sides witnessed the marriage.

Major Holcomb: You said you recognised Carberry who do you know is Carberry?—I recognised him as Pindar. I do not know him as Carberry at all.

J. B. Sawyer, U. S. Vice-Consul, said he first saw defendant on January 31, 1923. Defendant came round to the Consulate regarding his wedding and made a sworn statement. Defendant showed his passport in the name of Bernard Pindar. He was asked whether he was previously married and he replied in the negative.

In cross-examination witness said that he had no personal knowledge of defendant's but he knew him as Bernard Pindar.

Mr. J. P. Davis, U. S. Consul, said that as far as he could recall he saw the defendant on March 28th, at his office, in the Consulate.

Who else was present? Nobody.

What was the occasion of your seeing him there? I had a few days previously sent a letter to the defendant asking him to come to the office.

The witness spoke of a letter which he received from Mrs. Pindar from New York in which she referred to "my husband Bernard Pindar." Defendant stated that he recognised the hand writing and knew from whom the letter had come. It was from a girl with whom he had lived in New York. He gave her name and said that he had never been married to her, but that they had lived together as husband and wife for 13 or 14 months.

He said that life with her had become very unpleasant and that he had left New York simply for the purpose of breaking off the liason. Witness made a memorandum of the facts and a few days later, in view of the discrepancies, between the letter and the statement made by the defendant he wrote to Mrs. Pindar in New York and told her that Pindar denied that he had been married and asked her whether she had any documentary evidence in which case he would be pleased to make further investigations. He received the reply early in June, enclosed was a certified copy of the marriage certificate and other documents and photographs. The letter stated that Pindar was really Carberry.

The accused who has been known as Bernard Pindar since his arrival in Shanghai has been employed by the British Cigarette Factory in one of its Pootung plants.

THE CONFESSION

It was put forward yesterday that when confronted by all the circumstances in the case by the District Attorney the accused at length broke down and confessed that he, living here as Bernard Pindar, and Charles Carberry, are the same man. The confession that Mr. Husar obtained goes on as follows:

I knew sooner or later you would get me, and I would have spoken sooner if they had not been here.

Q.—These gentlemen are all officials of the Court, the Marshal and the Deputy Marshal. I did not bring you here to grill you?

A.—You have been fair and square about it, and I will be fair and square now.

Q.—I regret to have to take this action, but you appreciate that I am bound to.

A.—I never could tell a lie: I knew I would be caught sooner or later. The only thing is I have had letters from her saying she was going to get a divorce from me, but I got fooled.

Q.—Those things might be in mitigation. Have you got them now?

A.—I burned them all up at 14 Seward Road. It is just one thing after another and I have to pay the penalty. I have had to pay for it between the skirts and drink in Manila: it just about killed me. I just reckon the devil wanted me.

Q.—About this passport, Can you explain about that?

A.—A big fire occured at Key West. It is a small town. I don't know the population—a small town. I telegraphed to Key West to get my birth certificate copy and they replied I would have to go to Jacksonville. I did not have time because Mr. Connolly was making his preparations and said I would have to hurry up. I had no passport so I took the birth certificate of Bernard Pindar. . . .

Q.—You took what?

A.—I took the birth certificate of Bernard Pindar and that is how I got the passport.

Q.—How did you get the passport from Pindar?

A.—I was minding it for him with some of his papers.

Q.—Is this Pindar in New York?

A.—Yes.

Q.—You knew Pindar and you assumed his name and took his certificate of birth?

A.—I was in a hurry to come out here to see the Orient. I have seen enough of the Orient. When Pinder got drunk he used to give me his things to look after, his wallet and papers and I took the birth certificate. This is the first time I have been in trouble. I did it on the impulse to come out here all because of her nagging. My mother heard from other people that she was living with me and she got worrying over it and because I could not introduce her to my mother.

Q.—Did you marry Miss Newman?

A.—Yes, because she was in the family way and I wanted to give the child a name. I never loved her, but I wanted to give the child a name. The first I knew about the burial was here. When we lived in New York I took her to a woman's hospital. The nurse examined her and said they would do away with the baby because it was dead. She went into hospital and and in the meantime while waiting, she said she wanted to go home to Bay City in Michigan, about two weeks before I came out. While I was in Manila I got a few letters from her, and in Shanghai I got one in which she said she was through, tired of waiting and was going out to have a good time. I told her to go to it. I will say nothing against the girl and I am saying this because I have to speak the truth and because I like to be fair and square.

Q.—This girl here—this little girl, where is she?

A.—43 Boone Road.

Q.—You realise, by virtue of what you have told me that you are still married to the other girl?

A.—I thought she was trying to get a divorce and I thought I am out of it. Now, I see I am in it thicker.

Q.—That was a mistake, although the other thing was a serious matter—getting the passport.

A.—I did not even stop to think. I was in a hurry to get away. Pindar was always a liquor head and when he was like that I always took his money so that his wife could get some. When I saw him drunk I used to take his jewellery away and I used his certificate. I think I put the certificate back amongst his mail.

Q.—Carberry is your real name?

A.—Yes.

Q.—There is only one thing for me to do. You appreciate that?

A.—Better to clear the whole thing up. This is the first time I was ever in a mix-up, I have never been in a station or Court until the present time. I was ashamed at first in front of these gentlemen.

Q.—Well, as I told you they are all officials of the Court.

A.—I want to speak up now, because if I did get away I should be hounded and I want to start again with a clean bill of sale. There is one thing. They have been pretty good to me over at Pootung. I hate to leave them in a hole. Could you let me be free for two or three days, for me to break another man in to take my place?

Mr. Husar: I am afraid I cannot do that.

Pindar was then taken into custody by Marshall Porter and has been held without bail pending trial. At the conclusion of the preliminary evidence yesterday the case was continued over the holidays.

Notice to Ladies

You need have no worry about your hair being straight and untidy during the hot and damp days, just drop in at M. Paul the Beauty Parlour, 36 Nanking Road who is the specialist for Nestle Permanent and Lanoil Wave.

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John Scott Is Witness In Student Hazing

John Scott

JOHN Scott, student at Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois, and son of President Walter Dill Scott, of that institution, has been examined in the investigation of the death of Leighton Mount, freshman, who is said to have been killed in a battle between the freshman and sophomore classes and his body hidden under a pierhead in Lake Michigan, in 1921.

FREAKS OF NATURE

The electric catfish, which is found in the Nile, has the power of inflicting electric shocks. The shock is not particularly dangerous, but is nevertheless disagreeable. This peculiar accomplishment is useful to the catfish in capturing its prey and in dealing with its enemies, as the shock serves to stun them. But if it is pursued by a number of fish, this marine "Spark Plug" is often overcome, because its power to shock is soon exhausted unless given a chance to charge up by means of rest and food.

Love Letters Of History

BY JOSEPH KAYE

There is one great outstanding dramatic episode in the life of George Eliot (Marian Evans), the novelist, and that is her love for George Henry Lewes, an author writer and critic. It was a dramatic love because George Eliot contracted a union with Lewes while knowing that he had a wife living.

This living in opposition to the preachments found in her novels naturally caused her severe censure by the public, as well as by her own friends, but so great was her love for Lewes that she bravely endured these attacks—which more than once stirred her own conscience—rather than give up the man who could not give her legal marriage.

It is not possible to reprint the correspondence of Miss Evans and Lewes here, but the following extract from a letter the novelist wrote to a friend serves as a good substitute:

"Light and easily broken ties are what I neither desire theoretically nor live for practically. Women who are satisfied with such ties do not act as I have done. That any unworldly, unsuperstitious person who is sufficiently acquainted with the realities of life can pronounce my relation to Mr. Lewes immoral, I can only understand by remembering how subtle and complex are the influences that mould opinion.

"But I do remember this and I indulge in no arrogant and uncharitable thoughts about those who condemn us, even though we might have expected a somewhat different verdict. From the majority of persons, of course, we never looked for anything but condemnation.

"We are leading no life of indulgence except, indeed, that, being happy in each other, we find everything easy. We are working hard to provide for ourselves, and to fulfil every responsibility that lies upon us."

George Elliot owed a great part of her development to Lewes and theirs was virtually a union congenial in every respect. Most of George Eliot's books are dedicated to Lewes, and these dedications are couched in the most loving terms

When Lewes died, he left his companion inconsolable. Even though she yielded to affectionate importunities and married two years after Lewes's death, her loss so preyed on her mind that she died the same year of her marriage.

Rare Stamps

Rarity is the measure of value in stamps, although not the only measure of interest and recreation in stamp-collecting. The highest degree of rarity is the "ace," of which only a single specimen is known to exist.

The most famous of the true "aces" is a 1 cent British Guiana stamp issued in 1856. It is not certain that it was intended for a "one" cent stamp; some think it might have been an error for "cents, but this is unlikely as there is no "s" to the word "cent." There is a legend that a 1 cent rate of postage was in use for "drop" letters—that is for local delivery only, hence the need for a 1 cent stamp.

There were no collectors then but the hobby took rise a few year later and in the early 'sixties spread throughout Europe and America. The 4 cents stamps of the same design and colour issued in 1856 were known to the early collectors as rarities, but it was left to a lad in Georgetown, in 1873, to find the 1 cent of the same pattern printed in black on magenta paper.

The boy did not think much of it. He had an album, but being printed in Europe, where the existence of the 1 cent stamp was unsuspected, it provided no space for his specimen. So he sold it for 6s. to an adult in the Colony, who sold his entire collection in 1078 to a Liverpool dealer for £120.

Then the 1 cent was first heard of in England; experts were sceptical of it, but the great Ferrary bought it for about £150—a fabulous figure for a stamp in 1878.

Ferrary held it until his death in 1917, since when his collection has been in process of dispersal in Paris, where this postage stamp "ace" scored the highest price ever paid for a single stamp—£7,343.

* * *

Before the United States issued postage stamp the postmasters of various towns produced stamps of their own design, as a convenience for their customers. Most of these are now rare, and some are "aces."

There is only one copy of the 5 cents stamp issued by the postmaster of Boscawen, New Hampshire. He was Worcester Webster, a relative of Daniel, and he little thought that his crude stamp would attain celebrity and that one specimen would remain to realise £2,625.

A similar "ace" is the stamp of Lockport, New York. This is on a letter that made a double journey, like those economy envelopes we knew in the war. The original letter, posted at Lockport to an address in New York, was refolded, and the reply was written on the other side and the letter readdressed to Lockport. It was sold last year for £1,87T.

NUGGETS OF INFORMATION

The life of an English banknote is about two months. When the Bank of England receives a note back from circulation it is automatically canceled by having the signature of the cashier torn off.

* * *

The Japanese Government has granted the foreign residents of Tokio a plot of ground in which to bury their dead. The cemetery is at Koganei, about eight miles from the city, and is celebrated for its cherry blossoms.

* * *

During the past year the merchant shipping of Germany increased 1,170,000 gross tons, while the combined merchant fleets of the United States, Great Britain, France, Japan, Italy, Greece, Belgium and Portugal increased only 735,000 tons.

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An Open Letter To The Stadium

Sporting Editor:

The time may soon come, if it has not come already, when it will be practically impossible for any Filipino or Portuguese boxer to appear in the Stadium, and expect any fair play. So incompetent and one-sided has the refereeing of bouts in which these boys have appeared, that I have now come to wonder just how such boys, with the exception perhaps of a clean knock-out, could ever win their contests or even get a draw, with referees of the type that the Stadium employs. It is true that in one or two cases fights of these boys in the Stadium have been well decided, yet the bouts between Kid Felix and Eddie DeFuriane and Toledo and Boyle were wholesome examples of a referee's incompetence and can be an instance of the "boneheads" that are liable to be pulled off again for these boys in future card.

Putting the question of the decision aside in the matter of the Toledo-Boyle go for the moment, the fact remains clear and undisputed that a gross blunder was made by the Stadium in the choice of the referee, and a far greater stupidity when the Stadium failed to change the arbiter after the latter showed himself to be unfit.

I do not impute for a moment any bad intention or one-sidedness on the part of Referee Wilson; he tried and certainly did his best—but unfortunately, what he did and could have done was not much.

At such a time as this, when boys are coming from Manila for no other purpose than to help the Stadium in putting boxing in Shanghai on the fore front rank of local sports, it would be unfair to these boys to continue to participate in contests refereed by those who are unqualified to arbitrate, or who could not act as third men in the ring, because of some prejudice.

In practically all of the fights of these fellows, the Stadium has been employing referees who were at the same time trainers or managers of their opponents, and who were thus consequently hostile and vehemently opposed to any winning chances of these lads. Of course in such a case, when the referee and one boxer's rival's interests would be identical, it is only a logical presumption that the arbiter would be influenced in his decisions.

These boys have come to fight, but above all, they have come to find, and expect, fair play and square deal, and no amount of combistical enthusiasm on anybody's part can obscure the fact that their manager would be committing a colossal blunder to allow any of his fellows to participate in further contests with referees whose wishes are in harmony with their opponents'.

Four first-rate fighters are soon to arrive here from Manila, but it would be a supreme act of folly if their manager were to let them into the ring presided over by referees who are sparring partners or trainers of their adversaries, and who must necessarily be inimical to the chances of these brown boxers.

It is a duty which the Stadium owes to itself and to these fellows, when these are matched for fights, to do the selection of referees with the full knowledge of their manager, to announce their weights exactly as these are, and to do everything that will assure a square deal and fairness to these visitors.

I am now positive that the appearance of Terry Vargas, Kid Valencia, Kid Felix, "Cyclone" Santos, Young Jose, and the other boys who are to come in search of pugilistic laurels in the local Stadium will depend on the attitude that the Stadium and the local "fans" may take in this matter, because one really should hate very much to see these boys go away after learning that in this burg promoters and "fans" will back up a game when it is fraught with ignorant sporting discrimination of the worst sort.

I thank you for the space.

"Good Sport"

June 19, 1923.

Obituary

MR. GEORGE W. MERRISON

His many friends in Shanghai learned with sorrow yesterday of the death of Mr. George W. Merrison, for many years an official in the Police Force. Mr. Merrison, who lived at 178 Bubbling Well Road, died at the General Hospital yesterday morning. The funeral will be held at Bubbling Well Cemetery at 5:30 p.m. today.

Mr. Merrison was 56 years old and had served in the Police Department 24 years, being an Inspector attached to Bubbling Well station two years ago, when he left the force and joined the service of a local shipping firm.

Mr. Merrison was a native of Yorkshire and entered the local police force after leaving the British navy. He is survived by a widow and daughter.

MUTT & JEFF

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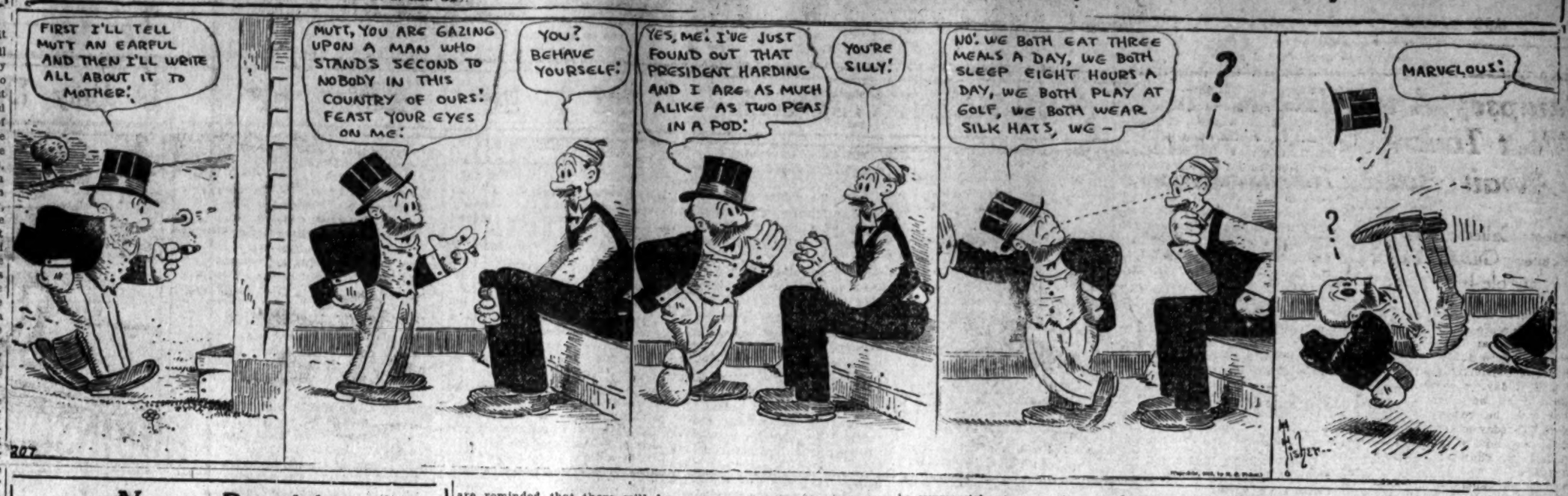
Jeff's Brain Is Running Riot Today

By Bud Fisher


FIRST I'LL TELL MUTT AN EARFUL AND THEN I'LL WRITE ALL ABOUT IT TO MOTHER!
MUTT, YOU ARE GAZING UPON A MAN WHO STANDS SECOND TO NOBODY IN THIS COUNTRY OF OURS! FEAST YOUR EYES ON ME!
YOU? BEHAVE YOURSELF!
YES, ME! I'VE JUST FOUND OUT THAT PRESIDENT HARDING AND I ARE AS MUCH ALIKE AS TWO PEAS IN A POD!
YOU'RE SILLY!
NO! WE BOTH EAT THREE MEALS A DAY, WE BOTH SLEEP EIGHT HOURS A DAY, WE BOTH PLAY AT GOLF, WE BOTH WEAR SILK HATS, WE —
?!
MARVELOUS!
?!

News Brevities

A reception will be given by the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce in honor of Mr. J. B. Powell, honorary secretary of the American Chamber of Commerce, tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

* * *

Mr. W. A. Richardson, assistant traffic manager of the Shanghai Nanking Railway, has been transferred to the traffic department of the Peking-Mukden Railway.

* * *

The Courts in Chinese territory and the Government Bureaus were closed to public business yesterday, the sixth anniversary of the Battle of Machang where in 1917, Marshal Tuan Chi-jui marched against Chang Hsun, after the latter had succeeded in re-establishing a monarchy.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Chow to Mr. Tsai Yuan-pei, president of the Government University of Peking, will take place at the Liu Yuen Garden in Soochow today.

* * *

According to the Chinese press, Tuchun Chi Shih-yuan of Kiangsu, in a letter to General Chen Tiao-yuan of Hsuchow, alleges that a number of Japanese rowdies disguised as Chinese have been found in the railway zone of the Tsingpu line in Shantung, Anhui and Kiangsu. These Japanese are intriguing with the bandits in this district to conduct another raid of the railway coaches, the message said.

* * *

The question of the expansion of the International Settlement of Shanghai from Yangtszepoo to Woosung was listed on the agenda of the meeting of the Peking Diplomatic Corps yesterday, according to the Chinese press.

* * *

Tuchun Chi Shih-yuan of Kiangsu has offered the sum of $1,000,000 towards the expenses for the presidential election on condition that he would be made the vice-president, holding concurrently the Inspectorate-General of Kiangsu, Anhui and Kiangsi and that his henchman, Chen Tiao-yuan, be appointed Tuchun of Shantung. The report of Chi's offer to Tsao Kun was the subject of many protects filed with the Kiangsu Tuchunate, but up to the present no response has been made by him.

* * *

The newly created Popular Government Committee of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce will hold its initial session this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The Street Unions have suggested that all Chinese shops hoist up their national colors today both in observation of the inauguration and of the American National Holiday.

* * *

The Foreign Women's Home committee acknowledges with thanks a gift of $1,500 from the Shanghai Race Club.

* * *

Silk which left Shanghai on the Admiral Line steamer President McKinley on June 6 at 3.00 p.m., arrived at New York on June 22 at 12.30 a.m., total time in transit being 19 days, 9½ hours. The company's next sailing is the President Grant, July 12.

* * *

Miss Jane Addams, the world famous woman social worker, who was operated on in Japan following her arrival there from China, is reported to be convalescing rapidly.

* * *

A Chinese who was found guilty of an attempt to murder Sgt. W. G. Dowse last month in Hongkong has been sentenced to twenty years in prison.

* * *

Mme. de la Prade and children, Capt. and Mrs. Ferrajolo and Mr. and Mrs. Grosbois were passengers on the s.s. Kiangwah for Kiukiang en route to Kuling.

* * *

Passengers on the s.s. Tungchow for Weihaiwei included Mr. and Mrs. V. J. S. Rumble, Mr. and Mrs. K. E. Newman, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. C. Masters, and Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Murray.

* * *

A formal farewell dinner was given Monday night at the Japanese Club by over five hundred prominent members of the Japanese community in Shanghai in honor of Mr. T. Funatsu, the Consul-General for Japan, who has performed his duties most splendidly and faithfully for about one year and a half since his arrival here from his former post in Tientsin at the end of the year 1921, and who is leaving here for his new post in Mukden either on July 10 or July 19.

* * *

A letter from London announces the engagement of Mrs. B. Petersen, formerly for many years a resident of Shanghai, to Mr. Jens W. Jensen, of Chicago. The wedding was to take place during the month of June.

* * *

Mr. Patrick Gallagher has been appointed Asiatic editor of the "New York Commercial." Mr. Gallagher will be remembered by many both here and in Peking where he held journalistic appointments. He is the author of several books.

* * *

The Hankow Chinese Chamber of Commerce has despatched a telegram to the Members of Parliament at Peking complaining that it is through their negligence of not yet having drawn up the Constitution which has caused the present troubles in China.

* * *

The following guests are registered at the Palace Hotel:—Mrs. F. T. West, Hankow; Mr. J. A. Thorn, Hankow; Mr. E. Rochette, Peking; Mr. T.F.R. Waters, Hankow; Mr. M. M. Berger, Tientsin.

* * *

Cable advices from Chicago, June thirteenth says that Mr. J. L. McCartney son of Dr. J.H. and Mrs. McCartney of Chungking received his M. D. degree from the University of Chicago on that day. Last spring he received his Masters degree from the same school, after two years work as interne in the Brooklyn hospital he expects to join his father in practice in Chungking.

* * *

Members of the Catholic Club are reminded that there will be a presentation by the Knights of Columbus of the U. S. S. Huron this afternoon at 5 o'clock, at the Club Room, 13, Avenue Edward VII.

* * *

Sir Edward Pearce, the Rev. Z. T. Kaung and Dr. W. L. New will give addresses at the annual speech day exercises of Medhurst College, to be held tomorrow at 5 p.m.

London Bands Separate Action Talk Premature

(Continued from Page 1)

unable to reach their work across the border.

The Belgian troops are described as very excited and further acts of sabotage are likely to entail serious consequences.

(Reuter's Service)

Rome, July 2.—As the result of the Duisburg disaster the Pope has instructed the Nuncio at Berlin to make representations to the German Government with the object of ending passive resistance.

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 2.—According to the newspapers Mr. Boyden, the American observer on the Reparations Commission, has resigned for purely personal reasons.

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 2.—Mr. Logan, who has hitherto been assistant delegate, will succeed Mr. Boyden as the American observer on the Reparations Commission.

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 3.—The Diplomatic Correspondent of the Westminster Gazette says that the article in the Observer of July 1, which caused such offence in Paris, was not officially inspired.

Considerable importance is attached to the interview which the French Ambassador will have with Marques Curzon today when, it is understood, he will verbally explain the French Government's views in response to the British questionnaire. There is a growing feeling that a time-limit to the Anglo-French exchanges is essential in consequence of the increasing gravity of the situation in Middle Europe.

U.S. Exhibits Attract Attention In Brazil

Rio De Janeiro, June 27.—Brazil's centennial exposition, wholly unprepared when it was opened September 7, is now in full swing. All the buildings are completed, the exhibits in place and visitors are attending in increasing numbers. By presidential decree the exposition has been extended from March 31 to July 2.

Although the North American pavilion and the North American Industrial Exhibits buildings were not officially opened until December 23, more than three months after the start of the exposition, their exhibits are now among the most attractive of the foreign nations participating. More than 150 North American manufactures are on exhibit in the industrial building, covering everything from locomotives to pens and pencils.

The official North American pavilion has governmental exhibits more complete and interesting than those of other foreign countries. The exhibits are educational in character, and illustrate some of the functions and activities of the government. A few exhibits of a commercial nature are shown for the purpose of emphasizing some fact of educational importance or to add entertainment and attractiveness to the display.

In the Treasury Department section, among other things, are the portraits of all of the presidents of the United States. The War Department, Navy Department of the Interior, Agriculture, Commerce Public Health Service, Bureau of Mines, Bureau of Education, and National Red Cross are represented with typical and carefully selected exhibits.

Two free moving picture shows one in an annex adjoining the pavilion and the other in the open air show films covering a wide range of subjects illustrative of the progress and development of the United States.

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The result is Chesterfield cigarettes—the kind that satisfy. That rare old-time tobacco taste wins right and left.
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They Satisfy

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EVERY LOAFER THINKS THAT HE HAS A HARD JOB—AND HE HAS

China Press Sports

YOU CAN'T GET FAT ON A CHAFING DISH DIET

Dempsey And Gibbons To Meet Today; 18,000 Fans Await Battle In Montana

Contest Called Off Yesterday By Jack Kearns Because Guarantees Had Not Been Paid, But Trouble Is Patched; News Here Thursday

Note—As there is sixteen hours difference in time between Shanghai and Shelby, Montana, where the Dempsey-Gibbons heavyweight fight will be held today, starting at 3 o'clock p.m., no news of the battle will be received here before Thursday morning. The fight does not start until 7 o'clock a.m. Thursday, Shanghai time.

Today, in Shelby, Montana, there will be a battle of boxers for the greatest of pugilism's prizes—the heavyweight championship of the world. In a great, newly built arena in the little Montana mining town two wonderful fighting men will put the best that is in them into a supreme struggle. One of these men, Jack Dempsey, will be animated by a great determination, namely, to defend his most valuable possession, the heavyweight title. The other, Tommy Gibbons, will be spurred to his last ounce of effort to gain that title, whipped on by the knowledge that if he does gain it fame and fortune will be his.

Dempsey will fight to avoid the abyss; to Gibbons it will be storming the heights. The one has everything to lose; the other a world to gain.

Last night Reuter brought two important messages to Shanghai: one, that the fight had been called off; the other that the squabbles over financial difficulties had been patched up and that the battle would take place as originally planned. The messages follow:

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 3.—The Dempsey-Gibbons fight, which was cancelled at midnight in consequence of a wrangle with the promoters on the subject of guarantees to Dempsey, will take place tomorrow as originally arranged, in accordance with an announcement made this morning that the question of preliminary expenses had been satisfactorily settled.

(Reuter's Service)

Great Falls, Montana, July 3.—The fight between Dempsey and [illegible], which was to have taken place tomorrow, has been called off.

There has been more or less trouble at Shelby in connection with the forthcoming fight, due to the insistence of Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, upon the payment of guarantees.

HINTS OF FIASCO

There were hints Monday and Tuesday that the fight would be called off, due to the non arrival of the "early birds" in as large numbers as expected. The promoters called several conferences to devise ways and means of financing the fight, and it is probable that Kearns was induced to modify his attitude by the attitude of the Montana State's attorney, W. D. Rankin, who issued a statement to the effect that the State of Montana had an interest in the forthcoming fight, as well as Kearns, and that if Dempsey's manager was acting on the theory that his and Dempsey's part of the bargain was the only part to be considered he was very much mistaken. The State's attorney pointed out that a large sum of money had been spent in building the arena and in preparing for the expected crowds, and that the men who had spent this money were entitled to an opportunity to recoup, inasmuch as they had acted in perfect good faith. The State's attorney concluded his statement with the assertion that "Montana's laws were designed to protect the people of the state from fraud, and that those laws applied just as much to prize fighters and their managers as to the most inconspicuous citizen."

PLAIN TALKING

This was rather plain talking and it evidently had the desired effect on Manager Kearns.

As to the fighters themselves, their condition and readiness for the battle is best described in the following exclusive despatches to the CHINA PRESS, both received last night:

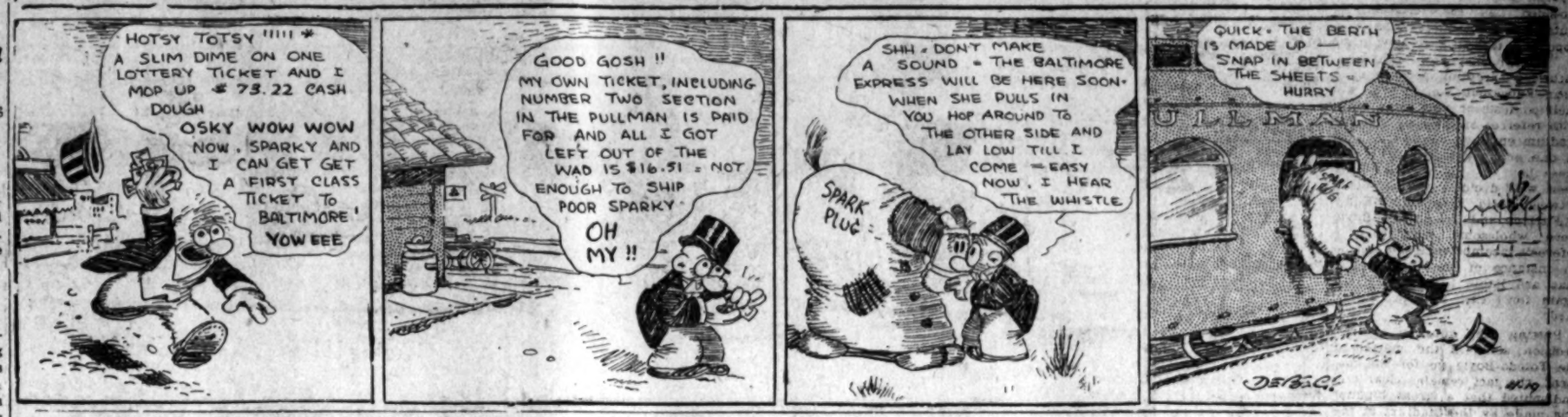
Exclusive Dispatch To THE CHINA PRESS

Shelby, Montana, July 3.—Tommy Gibbons concluded his boxing program yesterday with eight rounds of boxing, each of a minute and a half. Experts have pronounced his condition superb. He weighs 178, and will enter the ring at about that weight. Gibbons is unworried, and is extremely confident that he will take the champion's measure. Eighteen thousand spectators are expected to witness the fight.

Exclusive Dispatch To THE CHINA PRESS

Great Falls, Mont. July 3.—Dempsey has finished his training and is in fine condition. His manager, Jack Kearns, said the champion was never better than at present, a statement that was supported by men who had seen him in action previous to his other fights. Dempsey said himself that he never felt better. He showed astonishing speed in his last workouts. The final hundred thousand of the champion's guarantee will be paid tomorrow morning, Kearns was assured.

BARNEY GOOGLE By Billy De Beck


HOTSY TOTSY !!!!! * A SLIM DIME ON ONE LOTTERY TICKET AND I MOP UP $ 73.22 CASH DOUGH
OSKY WOW WOW NOW, SPARKY AND I CAN GET GET A FIRST CLASS TICKET TO BALTIMORE! YOW EEE
GOOD GOSH !! MY OWN TICKET, INCLUDING NUMBER TWO SECTION IN THE PULLMAN IS PAID FOR AND ALL I GOT LEFT OUT OF THE WAD IS $16.51 - NOT ENOUGH TO SHIP POOR SPARKY
OH MY !!
SHH - DON'T MAKE A SOUND - THE BALTIMORE EXPRESS WILL BE HERE SOON- WHEN SHE PULLS IN YOU HOP AROUND TO THE OTHER SIDE AND LAY LOW TILL I COME - EASY NOW, I HEAR THE WHISTLE
SPARK PLUG
QUICK - THE BERTH IS MADE UP — SNAP IN BETWEEN THE SHEETS - HURRY
PULLMAN
DEBECK

Eddie Kane, Tom Gibbons And Earl Vance

Eddie Kane, Tom Gibbons & Earl Vance

OM Gibbons, of St. Paul, heavy-weight brother of like Gibbons, is shown here congratulating his manager, Eddie ane, on signing Gibbons up for e Fourth of July match with Jack Dempsey at Shelby, Montana. Kane had just reached St. Paul, after a 7,000-mile airplane flight with Pilot Earl Vance, to get Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, to sign for the bout.

SAYS "BUGS" *Baer:*

CAREER OF GINK FOWLER

How This Brazilian Crum Longed To Be A Loaf Of Bread

Some folks want to know wher Gink Fowler would fit in wit Firpo. Like a sting fits a wasp.

Gink would carom Firpo for a string of boundary marks. There was never a fighter carried either in or out of the ring who could trade wallops with Gink and not be cheated.

He won the championship o Roughtown at the mummified ag of seven years when he knocke the town constable into the whee chair Olympics.

He whammed The Glutt so har that the emergency exits playe four octaves above danger. The surgeons in Roughtown's cement quarry had to chop off The Glutt's head and sew it back right.

There was a tall, skinny fighter in Roughtown who was so thin that he looked like a needle looking for its haystack.

When a man walked up the main drag of Roughtown carrying a gun and a blackjack, everybody knew 't was Mother's Day and that the old folks were to be honored.

Gink's old man was gentle and reformed. He used the gun turret of the old battlescow Monitor for a parlor lamp.

He gave Gink the best education the police could furnish.

They trusted each so spasmodically in Roughtown that all collections in church were taken with a mouse trap.

Engagement rings were double, connected by a beautifully carved gold chain and worn on the wrists.

When they gave Gink's old man a testimonial dinner in honor of something that they couldn's prove, the Mayor presented Mr. Gink Fowler, Senior, with a flat loving cup which could be pushed between the bars.

It was among these charming rural scenes of pastoral suburban atrocities that Gink first learned to rub acid on a penny and make it look like a dime.

Gink's first job was chauffeur on a busted roller skate. He was educated to be the lookout in a gyp joint in Wall Street. Roughtown had a Wall Street just like New York because no city is complete without indictments.

Gink was making a success of his profession. He had money in the bank during the cashier's dinner hour. He could sign his check for any number of years. Ten, twenty, thirty.

But his papa and mamma lived so happily together that on their delicatessen wedding anniversary, Gink looked at them in their perfect married wedding harmony and thought, "I'll be a fighter, too."

JOHNSTON AND NORTON TO MEET IN SEMI-FINALS

Mrs. Mallory Put Out Of Running By Mrs. Beamish

(Reuter's Service)

Wimbledon, July 2.—Play was continued today at the All England Club in glorious weather.

There are only six left in the Men's Singles. Johnston defeated Campbell 6-1, 5-7, 6-2, 6-2, and Norton defeated Woosnam 7-5, 6-3, 6-4, which brings Johnston and Norton into opposition in the semi-final. The other semi-finalists will be the winners of the sixth round ties, Count de Gomar v. Hunter and Major Evans v. Gordon Lowe. Count de Gomar beat Greig in the fifth round 4-6, 6-0, 6-1, 64.

Campbell made a heroic fight but Johnston's terrific pace tired him. He has the consolation of being the first British player to capture a set from the American during the championships.

Mlle Lengien beat Mrs. Hazel. 6-2, 6-1, Mrs. Beamish beat Mrs. Mallory 4-6, 7-5, 6-4, Miss McKane beat Mrs. Goss 6-2, 6-2, and Miss Ryan beat Miss Rose 6-0, 6-0. These four will meet in the semi-final in the order mentioned.

Mrs. Mallory was nervous and Mrs. Beamish deserved to win. She played with calm deliberation.

Messrs. Hunter and Richard beat the Indians, Messrs. Hadi and Rutnam, 6-4, 9-7, 6-4 in the second round and Messrs. Helmore and Higgs 6-1, 6-4, 6-4 in the third round, MM Lacoste and Borotra beat Messrs. Fisher and Crawford 14-12, 6-2, 6-2.

Mrs. Mallory and Mrs. Bancroft were successful in the second round of the Ladies' Doubles.

BASEBALL TODAY!

The Flagship Huron of the Asiatic Fleet arrived in port yesterday after a long delay at Woosung. Herby Gallop went out in a launch to meet the ship and got aboard without the pilot's knowledge. The pilot tried to take the ship over a sandbar a few minutes later, and naturally, with Herby and Clyde Flowers both aboard, she went aground. What ship wouldn't go aground, with that pair comprising the cargo?

Well, anyway, while they were waiting for high tide to float them off, Herby and Clyde fixed up a game for this afternoon. The Hurons will go into the battle vastly over-confident, due to the fact that news of the Dai Mai games reached them, but that is just where Herby will cross them. They do not know that he tossed those games with the sole idea of infusing a lot of over-confidence into the Hurons, thus making it easy to get the tar out of them on the Fourth. That was part of the manager's strategy. You have to hand it to Herby for headwork.

The battle will start at 3:30 by the clock, with Taylor pitching for the Gallopers.

Riflemen Are To Have Ladies Day

The arrangements for the Ladies Day on Sunday afternoon next are as follows. The shoot will open at 3:30 p.m. sharp. Rifles and ammunition will be provided free. Entrance free. All Ladies interested in rifle shooting will be welcome.

The competition is to be ten rounds fired on a five bullseye target, two shots on each bull. Five rounds practice may be fired on a practice target before firing the competition. Coaching and spotting allowed.

The prizes will be, first, a Silver Cup, if less than ten competitors, second, third and fourth, SRA spoons. If over ten entries seven prizes in all.

Tea will be served after the shoot in the Range Pavilions, this to be followed by the distribution of the prizes won at the recent SRA Meeting.

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THE COCKTAIL RUM
AGENTS: GANDE, PRICE & LTD.

CHEAP SALE FOR 3 WEEKS

World's best Tennis Rackets are on sale for this season.

SPECIAL	T.	RACKET	$19.00
Do.	Do.	2nd SELEC.	$16.00
ROSE	Do.	RACKET	$18.00
Do.	Do.	2nd SELEC.	$16.00
Do.	Do.	3rd Do.	$14.00
EMPEROR	Do.	RACKET	$12.00
PRACTICE	Do.	Do.	$ 7.00

We guarantee our Tennis Rackets. Can you get his tconcession elsewhere.

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This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.

The Story-Teller

WEDDING DAY OMENS

It is said—by whom no one seems to know—that if the day chosen by a girl for her wedding proves to be rainy, her life will be filled with more sorrow than joy. Be that as it may, one of the happiest marriages was made on Friday, on the 13th day of the month, and at the hour set for the ceremony there was a most terrific thunderstorm.

STORY OF THE TEDDY BEAR

An old woman, Fraulein Gretle Steiff, was the inventor of the toy. A cripple, she was kept indoors in her South German home, and used to pass the time making toys, mostly elephants, with odd bits of cloth. These found such a good sale that her brother joined her in the business, and she got her nephew, who was an art student, to send her designs. One of these was a bear, which Fraulein Steiff copied, and to complete it gave it the friendly smile that was to captivate the children's hearts all over the world. It was seen by an American visitor, who at once saw the possibilities of the toy, bought it, and sent an order for thousands more. A factory was then set up for the manufacture of these toys, named "Teddy bears" in America. That was in 1904. In the first year 12,000 were made, but today the total output of the world's factories is many millions.

ABSENT THAT DAY

A certain methodical teacher had a regular routine of questions which she asked her class every Sunday. The class was always arranged in the same order, and she began with the same question: "Who made you?" And the boy at the head of the class answered, "God." Then to the next boy "Who was the first man?" and he answered "Adam." One Sunday the first boy was absent, and, of course, the usually second boy was at the head of the class. As usual, she began by asking, "Who made you?" and the boy answered "Adam."

"No," the teacher said, "God made you."

"I don't think so, miss," the boy replied; "the boy that God made is not here today."

To Honor Those Who Save Lives Of Animals

Chicago, June 11.—A movement has been inaugurated by the American Humane Society to award medals to men, women and children who risk their lives in saving the lives of animals, according to an announcement by the Illinois Humane Society, a member of the national society.

The idea originated following the receipt of information of two incidents from death of dog recently. One told of two men who rowed a boat through a field of ice in the Kennebec river in Maine to reach two collie dogs who were floating down the river on a piece of ice that had been torn loose as they were sitting on it.

The other case was where two men in New Jersey rescued a dog that had been sucked down by quicksand until only its head was showing. Its pitiful cries had aroused the men during the night and the darkness, combined with a fog and quicksand at almost every step, made the rescue work extremely dangerous, but the men found the dog after much tedious hunting, and worked two hours before they got the animal out. Each man sunk to the waist in quicksand.

The National Humane Society, according to the announcement, will attempt to have a "national able for award to those who per- bronze service medal" made avail- form similar feats.

EUROPEAN AIRWAYS

London, May 24.—Discussing with a representative of The Times his recent tour of European airways, Sir Samuel Hoare, who was Secretary in the late Cabinet and is stated to be retaining that office in the new Ministry, declared that the main object of the tour was to satisfy himself that British companies were proving effective means of transport and to examine the prospects of future development.

He was impressed by the comfortable conditions in which he travelled and also with the extraordinary punctuality of arrival at various places. This has given Sir Samuel Hoare grounds for the hope that a scheme of co-operation with European countries may be possible when the establishment of an Imperial service is contemplated.

In Holland he found great interest in the possibility of connecting Java and the Far Eastern possessions of Holland with Europe by air. Likewise in Belgium there was considerable interest in organising a flight from Belgium to the Congo.

Sir Samuel Hoare says: The Dutch might be of great value in an Imperial scheme. France would be interested as far east as Syria and Alexandria. We of course are interested directly at present from Cairo to Baghdad.

Artist Chooses College Beauty

Miss Florence Wilkinson

MISS Florence Wilkinson, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a sophomore at the University of Minnesota, has been selected as the most beautiful girl in that institution by Coles Phillips, celebrated illustrator. Miss Wilkinson was chosen from a photograph by Phillips, after the staff of the university's Year Book had conducted a beauty contest.

ENGLISH CRICKET

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 2.—At Swansea Notts beat Glamorgan by an innings and 108 runs. For Notts Payton made 109 and George Gunn 118. Matthews took 5 Glamorgan wickets for 66 and 3 for 19.

FIGHT AGAINST CANCER

London, May 31.—An appeal which has been signed by influential people of a new organisation styled the British Empire Cancer Campaign, is given prominence to in the English Press. It asks for funds from Great Britain, the Dominions and the Colonies to conduct an anti-cancer campaign throughout the Empire on a unprecedented scale, and announces that the Red Cross has placed its organisation machinery at its disposal for campaign.

Clay Pigeon Club To Hold Meet Today

Members of the Shanghai Clay Pigeon Club on Sunday held a competition for the "Maskinonge" Cup, the conditions being 20 birds Leggett trap, 10 doubles, 10 Foochow trap. It was raining while the competition was in progress, but in spite of this the shooting was excellent, particularly on the part of H. H. Read. The results were:

	Score	H'cap	Total
Read	47	5	52
Pirie	36	8½	44½
Himrod	35	7½	42½
Gibson	39	2½	41½
Beatty	34	7½	41½
Tuxford	32	7½	39½
C. McBain	34	5	39
Barrett	28	10	38
Schwyzer	20	12½	32½

Two sweep competitions which followed were won by McEuen and Gibson respectively.

In spite of the bad weather there were a number of interested spectators present, including Mr. S. Barton C.M.G., H. M. Consul-General, Judge Peter Grain and Col. Gordon C.M.G., D.S.O.

Today the Overseas Trophy, presented by Mr Doremus, will be competed for, beginning at four o'clock sharp, and this will be made the occasion of a ladies' day. Tea and other refreshments will be provided, and members' wives and lady friends are cordially invited to be present.

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Beckett Defeats Smith In 17th Round Of Fight

London, May 15.—At Holland Park Hall, London, last night, before an attendance that broke all records for the building—almost every seat was occupied—Joe Beckett, of Southampton, knocked out Dick Smith, of the University, Gymnasium, Oxford, in the 17th round of a 20-rounds contest for the heavy-weight championship of Great Britain and the Lord Lonsdale challenge belt.

Although Beckett has been the acknowledged heavy-weight champion of this country for four years, he had never before fought for a belt, and by his victory he thus acquires the most valued trophy in boxing for the first time.

The fight was not only completely astonishing—for all predictions that it would end moderately quickly in a win for Beckett appeared to be on the point of fulfilment in the 1st and 2nd rounds—but it was also rather a sad commentary on our position as a heavy-weight nation. It revealed nothing save our distinct poverty.

BECKETT STAGGERED

Smith was undeniably clever as a tactician and as a boxer, but if he had possessed only the semblance of a hard punch he would have levelled Beckett in the first half-dozen minutes. I gave up counting the number of times he landed flush on Beckett's jaw, but, except for one brief occasion in the 10th round—when Beckett, staggering, rocking, with his eyes rolling, was on the brink of defeat—he did nothing that was more nearly related to a punch than a flick with a feather duster.

Smith was everything barring a hard hitter. He was the ring general. He "stalled" with a skill that would have done credit to those Americans who have been called Old Masters; he used with uncommon dexterity every legitimate trick known in the business of boxing; he pinioned Beckett so that the latter was clamped fast; he took useful rests merely by compelling Beckett to use his stamina by pushing him away; he flung in countless blows with rights and lefts—but there was never one that had behind it the strength requisite to end the proceedings.

It was rather pitiful to see this elderly man for a boxer (Smith is over 40) still doing things—brainy boxing things—that Driscoll at his best would have been proud of, and yet failing to gather the laurels that one good, stiff punch would have given him.

It was always obvious that Smith was only separated from defeat by the thinnest possible margin. Just one punch from Beckett was all that was necessary to topple him, but for 17 rounds he boxed so well as to make Beckett look infinitely more indifferent than he really is. At the opening of the final round Smith was considerably ahead on points; but he was very tired, while greyness had crept into his face, and his guard—if such it could be called—had sunk so low that it was more a barrier for his thighs than for his head.

He had less than ten minutes of fighting to go and conquest was within his grasp. It looked as though only a miracle could beat him; and then, for a reason that is extremely obscure, he let loose an upper-cut when well out of distance—his only real mistake during the night—floundered badly, and gave Beckett the opportunity he had been desperately angling for from the opening round.

THE KNOCK-OUT

Beckett, quick to see the chance—and for this he must be given all credit—took instant advantage and swung for his antagonist's jaw with his right. The blow must have connected fairly with the point: Smith's knees sagged, his limp arms fell, and he tottered away to the ropes.

Beckett, tigerish, and bunched to an incredible extent, sprang after him and sent over another right which only grazed Smith's face. But he was dropping them. His legs had lost their power to keep him upright, his arms were pumping against his hips, and his head was down on his chest, and then, as he was actually going down, Beckett flashed over a third right. It was the finish.

When Smith collapsed—hopelessly, helplessly, and more like an empty sack than I have seen for years—it was the world to an orange that he would not regain his feet in time to resume the battle. The end was like the swift moving of a shadow. It came, halted a second, and then vanished.

Smith one instant was the indicated—almost the certain—conqueror; the next he was a pathetic heap, grovelling on the floor. I do not remember anything quite so swift, quite so dramatic, anything quite so charged with the sentiment that is allied with the business of the ring.

Beckett is entitled to praise for the speed and the accuracy with which he took the only real chance that was offered him, but he is entitled to no more. From beginning to end his tactics were frankly bad. He "barged" when he should have stood away; he pushed when he should have struggled to free himself; he kept to methods that served him no purpose when it should have been palpable to him that change was not only desirable but eminently necessary.

He might so easily have been beaten in any round up to the 17th that it would be ludicrous to describe his display as a good one. For myself, I thought it was one of his poorest. He has never had a good guard; but last night it was entirely conspicuous by its absence. He simply gave his jaw to Smith to be hit.

He will have to be more conscious of his chin when he meets Carpentier in June, otherwise there will be a repetition of a happening at the Holborn stadium.

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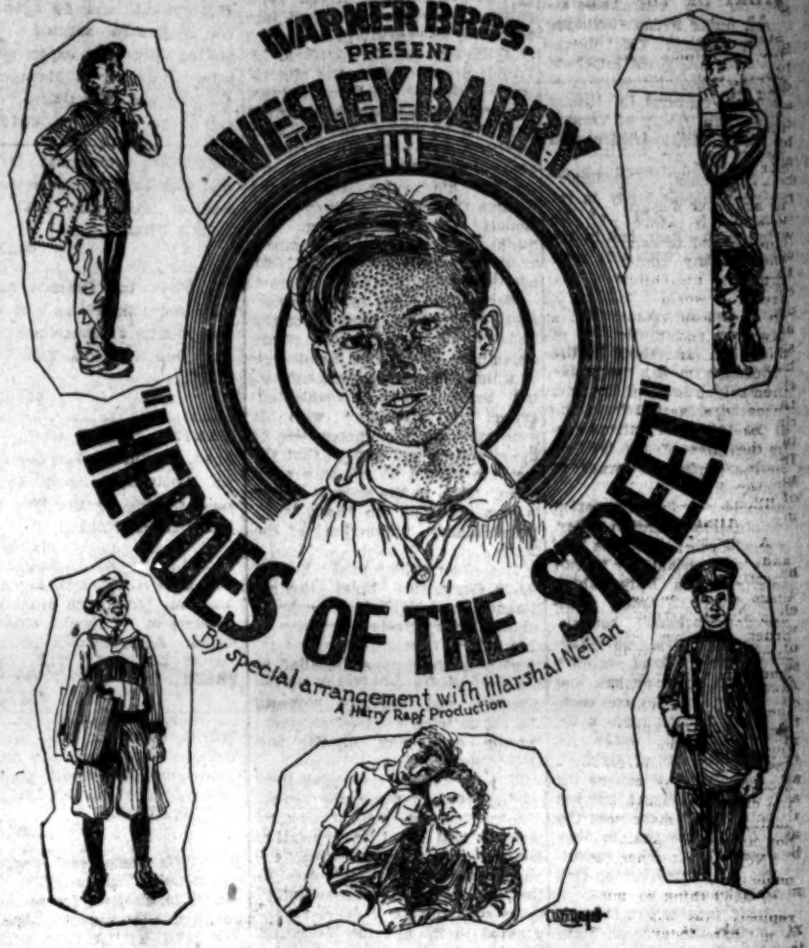
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Repressive Measures In The Saar Valley

(From a Special Correspondent In the Saar)

(Mr. Wood, President of the Board of Education, who was British delegate at the recent meeting of the League Council at Geneva, recently made a statement in the Commons on the remarkable decree issued under French influence in the Saar Valley. This decree threatens with five years' imprisonment anyone who, in writing or public speech, ventures to criticise the League, the Treaty of Versailles, the Saar administration, and so forth.

The "Manchester Guardian's" special correspondent lately in the Ruhr paid a visit of investigation to the Saar, and in the article below deals with this question):—

The Saar territory has suddenly been forced on to the attention of the public by the echoes in the House of Commons of a repressive decree recently issued by the Governing Commission which in the name of the League of Nations controls the destinies of 700,000 Germans in the south-west corner of the Rhineland.

The notorious order in question is the culmination of French policy, and a knowledge of what has preceded it is indispensable for its full understanding. The body which has promulgated the order, nominally an "international" commission of five members, on which France and the Saarland are each represented by one member, and three neutral nations by one each, is for all practical purposes a department of the Quai d'Orsay.

At any hour of day or night M. Fotheare has but to telephone his orders to Saarbrucken and four out of the five members composing the Commission will hasten to obey his slightest behest. The opposition of one is formed by the British Commissioner.

The present trouble has its root in the fact that the French State acquired by the Treaty of Versailles the absolute ownership of the entire collieries in the Saar, the majority of which previously belonged to the Prussian State. These mines produce no less than 9 percent of the total coal output of Germany, and are of immense importance to France for her Lorraine iron industry. On February 5, 1923, the entire personnel of the Saar mines, 73,000 miners in all, came out on strike. The fact that this strike coincided with the passive resistance in the Ruhr necessarily gave it something of a political character, which, however, was purely secondary.

CAUSES OF THE STRIKE

The origin of the strike is simple. The French, basing their action upon a clause of the treaty which forbids any restriction being placed on the circulation of the franc in the Saarland, commenced in 1921 to pay the miners, who with their families form almost half the population, in francs. Prices in the Saar territory were at that time reckoned in marks, and were little if at all higher than in the German Reich. The miners thus found themselves in the same favoured position as all persons who, residing in Germany, received their income in foreign currency. Each time the mark collapsed they were enabled to profit by the sudden fall of prices as reckoned in francs. But as little by little the franc became the general medium for reckoning, if not payment, this advantage ceased. Wages that had once been generous became exceedingly stingy. When the Ruhr exploit brought as a minor consequence the almost complete cessation of railway communication between the Saar and the rest of Germany, prices naturally rose to the French level. Food prices today are, if anything, higher than in Lorraine. It is therefore but natural that the miners of the Saar should have demanded an approximation of their wages to those of the Lorraine miners.

THE DECREE

The Governing Commission took the occasion of the strike to issue a so-called Emergency Ordinance (Notverordnung) of unexampled severity. Sir John Simon on May 1 drew Mr. Stanley Baldwin's attention to certain articles in the ordinance, notably that which establishes heavy fines and penalties (including imprisonment) for criticising the League of Nations or the Treaty of Versailles. But it is not only the League and the treaty whose persons are thus sacrosanct. Every official and employee of the Saar Government, from its President M. Raoult, to the youngest office boy in his palatial Government House, is invested by this ordinance with so sacred a character that defamation—that is, criticism—of him becomes an offence punishable with five years' imprisonment and Frs. 10,000 fine. In the panic that followed upon Rathenau's murder last July, the German Reichstag passed a series of ordinances entitled "Protection of the Public Act" designed to safeguard the persons of Ministers and their followers from molestation by the braves of the reactionary Right. Like all panic legislation, the Act had its defects, and above all, its excesses; but this was excusable at a time of real storm and stress, when political assassination looked like becoming as recognised a method in Germany as in Ireland. M. Raoult pleads that the miners' strike, being of a political nature, has produced a similarly alarming condition of affairs in the Saar territory, and calls for a similar piece of special legislation. In defending his action before the League Council at Geneva, M. Raoult observed, as he well might, that three other members of the Commission agreed with him in taking this point of view.

But he made a further assertion. He told the members of the Council that the so-called Study Committee of the Saar Landesrat to which the measure was submitted before being promulgated agreed "in principle" with his conception of the necessities of the situation, and desired that the measure should be put into operation. This, as the present writer is in a position to know, is an extraordinary perversion of the facts.

The observations made by the Study Committee upon the ordinance, now published, express an opinion precisely contrary to this. The Committee states its total and unanimous disbelief in the desirability or efficacy of the measure, and urgently requests the Commission not to promulgate it, nor even any similar and milder measure.

The Committee maintains, and no impartial investigator could think otherwise, that severe restrictive and punitive legislation imposed without provocation on a population which only wishes to live and work in peace, and to enjoy such slender liberties as are granted to it by the Versailles Treaty, can do no good and a great deal of harm. At the time when M. Raoult made his misstatement the Committee had as yet made no declaration of its attitude towards the order.

AN UNPROVED MEASURE

The best commentary on the necessity for the Emergency Ordinance is the fact that although during the three months' strike the entire mining community of the Saar has undergone great suffering, there has been no violence, rioting, or disturbance whatever, despite the fact that the proximity of the Ruhr and Rhineland battle-front must be a considerable provocation to the Saarlanders. Not content with this draconic decree, the Commission issued on May 4 a second order forbidding peaceful picketing, a right to which the German worker has been for 40 years entitled.

It may be imagined what kind of an advertisement for the League of Nations is supplied by this story, which is in the mouth of every man and child in the Saarland. The British commissioner is commonly credited with having opposed to the utmost of his capacity a measure which he cannot but regard as calculated to fray nerves already in an acutely sensitive condition.

What the Saarlanders further inquire is, To what extent are the members of the League Council happy to be misled by M. Raoult in the interest of France's annexationist aims? The Council has an active reputation in the Saar for lending an all too credulous ear to the quieting assurances of its high employees that all is for the best in the most troublesome of territories.

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59463.

PRIVATE HOTEL, Lot No. 1 Mokanshan. Single and double, nicely furnished rooms to let, in private hotel, Mokanshan, with garden and tennis court. For particulars apply to 1 Ferry Road. Tel. W. 1987.
60193 J. 8.

MOKANSHAN. One room (two beds) with board to let in private house with large grounds. Apply to Box 1047, THE CHINA PRESS.
60188 J. 5

TO LET. At West End Peitaiho, nicely furnished houses, facing sea, For particulars, apply Mrs. Batouieff's office. 124 Taku Road, Tientsin.
60158 J 4

KULING: To rent, three well furnished rooms, and board. Central location, can be rented singly or together. Apply L. M. Spaulding, House 2345, Kuling.
60157 J 5

LOST AND FOUND

DOLLARS 50.00 reward. Lost small brown Pekinese dog about two years old. Strayed from No. 85 Yu Yuen Road, between 6 and 8 p.m. on 27th June. Finder requested to kindly communicate with Mrs. H. Y. Irwine, Telephone No. West 56[illegible], 85 Yu Yuen Road.
T. F. 182

UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

TWO furnished rooms with bath, for two American bachelors. Central. Occupation July 15th. Apply to Box 1012, THE CHINA PRESS.
60146

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

MRS. J. Lepetit, 47 Bubbling Well, near New Carlton and Race Course, large and small nicely furnished rooms, with bathrooms attached. Prices moderate. Telephone W. 1215.
59436.

COMFORTABLY furnished airy room. Facing South, with verandah, suitable for couple or two friends. Also smaller room, tennis, garage. Apply 8 Yates Road.
60167 J 4

NICELY furnished double room in good building, one block from Bund and Nanking Road. Suitable for couple or two friends, ideal for business people. Excellent table. A real home with congenial people Tennis club privileges if desired 'Phone Central 797.
T. F. 183

TO LET, nicely furnished room, bath, attached Excellent food. 106, Bubbling Well Road.
60129 J 4

FURNISHED, South rooms with bath attached, excellent cusine, 370 to 100 single, 110 to 150 double. 34, Haskell Road.
59966 J.11

FEVERISH FABLES

AINT YOU THE ASSISTANT MGR. OF THIS HOTEL!?
YES, SIR. BUT I CANNOT CASH YOUR CHECK WITHOUT ONE OF THE BELL-BOYS OKAY
5-14
HOTEL WOODWARD

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

Connaught House.
8 and 9 Quinsan Gardens.
Vacant one small front room, facing South.

14 and 15 Quinsan Gardens
Direct Foreign Supervision. To let with full board, one large room with private bath; also one small room. Telephone North 482.

BOSTONIA
61, Carter Road
55625

Eighteen Quinsan Gardens
Cleanest, coolest, quietest rooms in Shanghai. Private baths throughout. Best food in town. Real American home Cooking Telephone North 844.

MARRIED Britisher, family away, wants man share flat. Avenue Foch, four months from 8th instant. Terms very moderate. Apply to Box 1063, THE CHINA PRESS.
60230 J. 6

TO LET, a room, nicely furnished, with bathroom attached, and verandah, facing South, with or without board. Apply or write V. Belliard, 144, Route des Soeurs.
60220

62 Seymour Raod. 7 big rooms plus servants' quarter at Tls. 120 month. Available Aug. 1st. Tel. C. 7311.
60233

CENTRAL, to let, with board, well furnished large front room with verandah, bathroom attached. 19a North Szechuen Road. Telephone North 1848.
60208 J. 6

TO LET, in Central, two large rooms with verandah and private bathroom, board optional. 2 Astor Terrace. Telephone North 138.
60227 J. 4

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms with or without board, suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Apply 5, Young Allen Terrace, vicinity Quinsan Gardens.
60224 J. 6

CENTRAL TO let, single room vacant July 1st, full board, take lift to 3rd floor. 103, Szechuen Road.
60112 J 6

AMERICAN family offer bedroom, bathroom and meals served privately to gentleman of quite habits, in cool house with large private grounds, close to town. This is a home—not a boarding house. For further details. Apply to Box 1044, THE CHINA PRESS.
60185 J. 8

TO LET, in private family, nice furnished rooms, with board or without board. Verandah, bath room, all modern conveniences Telephone. 490, Rue Lafayette close to the French Park and tramcar No. 10.
60151 J

NEAR French Park, beautiful double and single room with separate and modern bath separate or together, also small single room. French supervision and cooking. Moderate price. 127, Route Vallon. Phone W. 3125.
60162 J

MELBOURNE HOUSE. To let well furnished room, with board private bath and geyser, suitable married couple or friends. Also two small rooms at moderate terms. 12a Quinsan Gardens. Telephone North 63.
60166 J

EXCHANGE AND MART

WRIGHT AND BELYEA. For House boats and Motor boats. Works Woosung. Telephone Central 1123.
T. F. 2

VICTROLA. Baby carriage, and bookcase in good condition for sale at bargain price. Apply to Box 1064, THE CHINA PRESS.
60231 J. 6

FOR SALE, Prof. Henry Titus course in physical culture, with full equipment, or will exchange for bar-bells. For full particulars, Apply to Box 1058, THE CHINA PRESS.
60217 J. 6

WANTED to buy one small bore target rifle, preferably Winchester 22 cal. Apply to Box 1038, THE CHINA PRESS.
60172 J. 5.

TWO beautiful pedigree, black and silver Pomeranian pups, for sale. West 3995, after 7 evenings Room 18, 103 Bubbling Well.
60145 J 4

IN good order and condition, Singer Sewing machine. Apply to Box 1025, THE CHINA PRESS.
60145 J 4

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED telephone operator, seeks a position as a sales woman. Apply to Box 1059, THE CHINA PRESS.
60218 J. 6

DOLLARS 100 reward paid to any person, who will procure position for advertiser in any capacity. Speaks English, French, Russian, Chinese. Excellent local testimonials, twelve years' China experience different lines. Apply to Box 1054, THE CHINA PRESS.
60209 J. 5

GERMAN lady wants position as house keeper, or children's nurse, or as travelling companion. Apply to Box 1062, THE CHINA PRESS.
60226 J. 5

GOOD shroff. Open for engagement. References. Can also do junior clerk work. Apply to Box 1039, THE CHINA PRESS.
60173 J. 4.

ANY person requiring a good boy, coolie and cook, apply to Box 1042, THE CHINA PRESS.
60182 J. 4.

POSITION wanted as bookkeeper and general office assistant by a young and energetic Chinese gentleman. Salary of secondary consideration. Good references. Apply to Box 1043, THE CHINA PRESS.
60184 J. 6.

A YOUNG Chinese gentleman with through knowledge in English wishes to teach Mandarin or Shanghai dialect to some foreigners in the evening. Hours and salary arranged on interview. Apply to Box 1048, THE CHINA PRESS.
60190 J. 5.

WELL recommended missy and children's amah will give services on voyage in return for passage to England, Central 3341.
60164 J 4

China Press
Want—Ads.
Bring Results

CHINA PRESS WANT-AD CHIT

Fill out this form and send it in by coolie or by mail, Want-ads Must be Prepaid. The rate is three cents per word per day. Minimum charge sixty cents for twenty words. Black-face type six cents. Enclose the amount with the ad. and your box number and receipt will be returned by bearer.

Name _____ Classification _____

Street _____ Number of Insertions _____

Amount Enclosed. Mex. $_____ Signature _____

THREE CENTS PER WORD PER INSERTION. Minimum Charge Twenty Words

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35

NOTE: If it is desired to use a box number please add 7 words: "Apply to Box ..... The China Press. All arbitrary signs, such as $—2—%—' (feet)—" (inches) etc., are charged as one word. Please write very distinctly.

"Finance And Commerce" Given Judgment In Suit

Judgment in favor of the plaintiffs, with an award of $1,000, was given by Judge Sir Skinner Turner, of the British Supreme Court, yesterday in the case wherein the publishing firm of Finance and Commerce sued Mr. J. R. Calder in connection with certain advertising contracts and prospects.

The circumstances of the case as brought out at the hearing and reviewed in the judgment are that Mr. Calder was employed by the firm which issues two publications, a newspaper and a year book, from April, 1921 to November 30, 1922. Advertising contracts that he arranged carried a clause providing for renewal of advertisements unless these specifically were cancelled.

When Mr. Calder left the firm he retained possession of duplicate of contracts he had obtained and after being refused commission on what he called "automatic renewals" by advertisers he sent to those he had formerly interested the duplicate contracts accompanied by a notice emphasising that the various advertisements would be renewed unless they were specifically cancelled. The court points out that he did this in such a manner that those who received the notices believed that they came from Finance & Commerce with the result that many cancelled their advertisements.

On the question of the law in such cases the Court gives as the general principle that "that a man is entitled to the protection of law in carrying out his business against improper interference with it."

"I am aware that I can find no case in the books like this," the ruling continues, "but if a man for instance sends an abusive letter to a business house accompanied by documents that can rightly only come from some third party intending the recipient to believe that they did so come and damage thereupon results to him, it seems to me to be both justice and equity that protection should be afforded to the injured party.

"And that is exactly what happened here; the defendant sent this circular with the duplicate contracts hoping and intending the recipients to believe that it came from the plaintiffs, the recipients thought the circular had come from the plaintiffs and in consequence they have acted to the damage of the plaintiffs.

"The tone of the circular was such that it was calculated to suggest to recipients that they should discontinue their advertisements which was the defendant's hope and wish; and I therefore hold that the plaintiffs have a cause of action here.

"If the defendant had acted openly and in his own name the position might well have been different, but here he deliberately chose to adopt the other method and he must suffer accordingly.

"The mere sending of the duplicate contracts was not unlawful or illegal; and the advertisers were fully within their rights in giving the notices they did. If the defendant had acted in his own name in sending these circulars I think no action could have been successfully brought against him for so doing. But he sent them anonymously, intending the recipients to think, as in fact they did think, that the plaintiffs had sent them. Is that deceitly the use of an unlawful or illegal means? Why not? It was the representation the persons addressed of a fact, known to be false and intended to be acted upon.

"The result of this is that the plaintiffs are entitled to damages for (1) the non-return of the documents and these seem to be nominal say—only and (2) an injunction (if of value) and damages in that the defendant by the use of unlawful means namely deceit, intentionally interfered with their business whereby they suffered damage. Here the damages are on a different scale, though it is hard to see how I can assess them. The plaintiffs have called evidence from some 3 or 4 firms who exercised the right of withdrawal in consequence of the circular; they have given evidence of some 70 firms who have withdrawn as is stated "in consequence of this action by the defendant." And the value of the advertisements so withdrawn is not seriously disputed as being Tls. 3195, Hg. 1760 and Yen 90.

"But I have to remember that in these days of commercial depression it is more than likely that some firms would reduce their advertising: that this factor might easily have affected the advertiser, as well as the receipt of this circular, I have to put myself in the position of a jury and say what damages should be allowed in respect of this actionable wrong and I think the proper figure would be $1,000.00 and for those sums I give judgement with costs. The continuation of any injunction is agreed to be useless."

More Testimony Is Presented In Sikh Murder Case

The hearing of the charge of murder against Warriam Singh and Kartara Singh, made after finding of the body of Arjan Singh April 24 in a creek at the back of Yuyuen Road, was continued yesterday in the British Police Court.

Mr. Eardley Maitland prosecuted, and Mr. J. G. Priestwood defended.

P. C. Gurbath Singh said he knew the deceased and Warriam Singh. When he saw the Sikh constable with the two men in Annam Road he thought all were under the influence of drink.

Witness made a complaint to the Jemadar about the three men as they used foul language on the road near his house, and he asked them to go to the Police Station. They did not go, for the two civilians said they would not repeat the offence. The Sikh constable went off in front, the others following along Annam Road west.

Kaka Singh, watchman at Gordon Road mill, said he saw the deceased at 8 p.m. on April 24 with three other men at the corner of Bubbling Well and Kiaochow Roads. Warriam Singh had a bottle of gin in his hand. Accused was a little drunk and the deceased was more drunk. They carried nothing but the gin. The big stick (produced) was seen in the possession of Warriam Singh, and was brought from India. It was seen by witness in the hut where six watchmen lived together on Robison Road, and after witness had been dismissed from the mill he saw Warriam Singh standing at the gate with the stick in his hand. The hearing was then adjourned.

OCULISTS' INSTITUTE COMPANY
Oculists-Opticians
The largest most modern and best equipped Optical Establishment in the Orient.
49a Nanking Road
Tel. C. 5061

TSINGTAO
1923
Hotel—Pension—Seaside
TEL. ADDR.
MONCHEN
SPLENDID CUISINE

Coming!!! Coming!!!
"Poor Men's Wives"
A sequel to and greater than "Rich Men's Wives"

Princeton's Handsomest Man

James E. Davis. WIDE WORLD PHOTO.

JAMES E. Davis, of Clarksburg, West Virginia, a Senior in Princeton University, has been voted the "handsomest man" in the student body.

Would Set Aside Gold To Prevent Inflation

Ever since the close of the war strong hopes have been entertained that some means would be found whereby our excess gold could soon be returned to Europe. However, it must now be admitted that in the present international situation there exists no basis for the confident expectation that through the channels of normal trade or through any other plan now appearing practicable, we shall soon be relieved of our disturbing excess of gold.

The breakdown of the old automatic system has thrown upon the Federal Reserve system a responsibility that was never contemplated by its founders. This system presupposed the working of normal forces that automatically adjusted the greater dislocations in the credit mechanism. No central bank has ever been called upon to face the particular problem now confronting the Federal Reserve system.

If we had gold reserves in this country not in excess of normal needs it would not be too difficult for our Federal Reserve banks to control expansion and contraction of credit pretty well within the limits required by sound business. Any movement in the direction of an unsound expansion would then be reflected in such a decline in the gold ratio as to give a warning not only to the Federal Reserve banks, but to all business and financial institutions. The reason for readjustments of the rediscount rate, therefore, would be clearly evident, and no false reserve position would then exist to furnish apparent support to those desiring to bring pressure upon the reserve banks to follow unsound practices.

In expressing our Federal Reserve ratio at present we treat the entire amount of gold in the Federal Reserve system as if it all possessed the same character. This is clearly misleading. Our present vast gold holdings are in reality made up of three funds. The first represents the portion that normally belongs to us for the use of credit extensions to domestic business units. It is ours in every sense of the word, and we can safely utilise it for the extension of credit, within the limits dictated by past experience. The second part constitutes what may be called our international fund. It represents the part that is normally used in foreign exchange transactions to keep American international relations substantially in equilibrium with the rest of the world. This fund we should, of course, retain within the regular channels.

After setting aside our domestic fund and allowing liberally for an international exchange fund we still possess a third. This latter fund, of course, belongs to us legally. In an economic sense, embracing any plan of Europe to return to the gold standard and the return of the old automatic system of regulation, it cannot be said to belong to us. It constitutes, in large part, the fund of European nations, and until it can be returned to them under conditions enabling them to use it for credit purposes we cannot expect them to return to the full gold standard.

If we continue to hold this excess gold in our domestic credit fund it is not unlikely that both it and our domestic credit fund of gold may further depreciate in value. The more this gold depreciates in value the more we shall require in our domestic fund to support an adequate volume of credit. Unless we dispose of this gold in such a way as to prevent the further depreciation of its value, therefore, no one can foretell how much gold we shall need in the future to finance business, and it will become increasingly difficult, if not impossible, to return this gold to Europe without undergoing a deflation and perhaps very unfortunate liquidation.

Let us set aside the excess gold as a special fund to be returned to Europe as soon as Europe is able to utilise it. In the mean time we shall have a regular reserve fund ample for domestic credit purposes and ample funds for normal foreign exchange purposes. Whenever the outflow of gold for foreign exchange purposes assumes abnormal proportions we can then draw on the excess fund in proportion to the excess demands of foreign exchange.

Having the excess gold thus set stide we can proceed to regulate our own domestic fund more nearly in accordance with approved methods of banking control. We shall have ample gold for all sound business; the gold will not suffer rapid depreciation on our hands, and we shall be relieved of the danger of another drastic fall in the value of money. The bogey of excessive inflation or deflation that has caused such great uncertainty in the business world will then be largely removed.

—From the current number of "Commerce Monthly."

DRAWN-WORK
Best Swatow Work—Fine Hand-made Lingerie, Beautiful Brocades, Beaded Bags, Embroideries at Lowest Possible Prices
CHI CHANG Co.
1297 Broadway Phone N. 1979

THE JACQUES
LAWN TENNIS BALL
Guaranteed equal to any first grade Ball on the market.
Price greatly reduced
$12 per doz.
TAI CHONG & CO., LTD.
P 333 Nanking Road
Phone C. 1543

There isn't much satisfaction in figuring out why the other chap beat you.

Love sometimes sneaks out at the window without waiting for poverty to come in at the door.

The averge woman will forgive a man anything except his having let her make a fool of him, and he often forgives that.

The Silk Looms Have Been Busy

The New Summer Silks are out and, it is safe to say, that never has the work of China's Silk Craftsmen been quite so good.

The Silks are in all colours, the patterns inumerable and charming.

We have been fortunate in securing the best of the output—for you. May we Show you them?

THE MARK OF A GREAT SILK HONG
LAOU KIU CHWANG
THE BIG SILK SHOP
P. 128 NANKING ROAD ESTABLISHED 1875

Seasonable Advice—
Use Plenty of MACHINE MADE ICE to protect your foodstuffs

PURE FOODS DEMAND PURE ICE
Which means not ORDINARY Machine Made Ice but
PURE "CRYSTAL" ICE
As supplied to the General Hospital, Victoria Nursing Home, and other hospitals—which is sufficient recommendation
You can only order it
DIRECT FROM OUR OFFICE ADDRESS BELOW
We do not have any Foreign or Chinese agent
Shanghai Ice and Cold Storage Co., Ltd.
24 Nanking Road, Tel C. 662, 663.
SUNDAYS and After Office hours North 663:

U. S. Consulate Explains New Liquor Regulations

Consul General Edwin S. Cunningham has sent a letter to all shipping firms here explaining the operations of the American prohibition law as it is being enforced since the recent Supreme Court decision holding that the American government has the right to control liquor on foreign as well as American vessels within the territorial waters of the United States. The memorandum follows:

To all shipping firms: The following memorandum regarding the regulations affecting the importation of liquor into the territory of the United States is quoted for your information and guidance:

"After stating exemptions from regulations accorded war vessels, merchant vessels, involuntarily forced into American territorial waters, and Diplomatic Officers regulations provide as follows:

"Section 8. Case of need merchant vessel, domestic or foreign, may lawfull carry as cargo, within the territorial waters of the United States any liquor for use for beverage purposes.

"Section 9. Liquor for non-beverage purposes may be transported on vessels within the territorial waters of the United States under permit in accordance with the provisions of Section 93 of Regulations 60 as amended by T. D. 3350 Sea Stores.

"Section 10. It is unlawful for any United States or foreign merchant vessel within the territorial waters of the United States to carry or possess as Sea Stores any liquor whatever for beverage use.

NON-BEVERAGE LIQUOR

"Section 11. Any merchant vessel arriving in port with liquor not classed in these regulations either as cargo or sea stores but claimed by the master to be held for non-beverage purposes or with wine claimed to be held for sacramental purposes but without a permit or certificate authorising its possession under the National Prohibition Act may be allowed to retain a reasonable quantity for such purposes until the master had had fair opportunity to obtain either a permit or a certificate of medical need or to satisfy the requirements of the prohibitory laws and regulations. Liquor removed as being in excess of such reasonable quantity may be returned to such vessel if a permit or a certificate of medicinal need which would authorise its possession be subsequently obtained; otherwise such liquor will be dealt with in accordance with sections 19, 20 and 21 hereof.

"Section 12. Liquor for non-beverage purposes and wine for sacramental purposes or like religious rites may be obtained, possessed, transported, prescribed, sold and used on any United States or foreign vessel within the territorial waters of the United States in the same way, to the same extent and with the same limitations as on land.

REVENUE REGULATIONS

"The provisions of regulations sixty of the Bureau of Internal Revenue (being regulations relating to the traffic in liquor under Title two of the National Prohibition Act) and of all other regulations made under the National Prohibition Act as amended and supplemented shall extend to all such vessels so far as applicable. United States and foreign vessels may obtain such liquor and wine under regulations sixty or other regulations applicable to their needs insofar as their requirements may thereby be met. In addition thereto or in lieu thereof vessels may obtain, possess and transport liquor for medicinal purposes in the manner set forth in the following sections.

"Section 15. When the master of any vessel desires to possess or procure liquor for medicinal purposes for use on such vessels he may apply in person to a medical officer of the Public Health Service located at the port where the vessel lies or if there is no such medical officer at such port then to any medical officer of the Public Health Service and file with such officer in five identical copies application for medicinal liquor for vessel, form 1539, giving the information called for on the same form and such additional information as such officer may request. If the master shall knowingly make statements on such form which are untrue in any material averment the certificate of medicinal need on such form signed by the medicinal officer of the Public Health Service shall be and constitute no protection for the possession of liquor on such vessels.

"Section 19 provides as follows:

"All liquors found by Customs officers on board any vessel either foreign or American in ports or territorial waters of the United States and which shall be transported, sold or possessed in violation of the National Prohibition Act as demanded and supplemented and the regulations thereunder as distinguished from the Customs laws shall be seized by the said Customs officer under the prohibition laws and a receipt given the master or other person in charge of the vessel showing the name of the vessel and master, the date, the number of cases, bottles, or possibly circumventions with thefts, unit capacity, and whether before mentioned liquors were carried as cargo or sea stores. This receipt shall be made in duplicate copies and a copy retained by the Collector of Customs."

(Signed)
EDWIN S. CUNNINGHAM
American Consul-General.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangshun from Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Driesch, Misses Schande, Kent, Mr. and Mrs. S. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Harston, Messrs. R. Miller, Hanmarland, Muchlunbrucht, Eltunhead, Bumitt.

Per C.M. s.s. Hsin Kiangteen from Ningpo: Misses Thomas S. Irving, V. Vale, C. J. Pettel, E. M. Gauss, Rosebel Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Zillinsky, Dr. G. A. Huntly, Mrs. Fitzsimons, Mrs. and Miss Millican, Mrs. Gustafson and child, Messrs. R.H. Bell, H.L. Gauld, H. A. Towell, David Gustafson, F.R. Millican.

Per C.M. s.s. Hasan from Foochow: Mr. and Mrs. Cobbin, Mr. Blakeney.

Per T.K.K. s.s. Siberia Maru from Hongkong: Mr. W. K. Chung Through for San Francisco; Dr. R. R. Baronides, Messrs. Yee Ben, Hum Quongchong, Mrs. E. P. Demroche, Messrs. Jew Fook, Louie Hung Gay, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Gehr, Messrs. Yee Yaw-hon, W.E. Jones, Louie Hawkkeep, Mr. and Mrs C. L. Marinez, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. E.J. Ord, Mrs. Wong and two sons, Mr. Yee Shuk, Mrs. Woon, Mrs. Fong and infant, Mr. Woo Kong-tsung.

:-: The Home Of Krupps :-:

THIS airplane view shows the immensity of the Krupp works, at Essen, scene of a bloody encounter between the French and German workers, in which eleven Germans were slain by machine-gun fire. Far bloodier outbreaks are feared, for the 50,000 Krupp workers assert they have been goaded to desperation by the French.

WEARIED OF WAR, IRELAND BEGINS TO 'COME BACK'

BY MARK SULLIVAN

London, by mail.—Ireland has turned squarely and safely toward stability. It has done so in largely the same way and for the same reason that most of the rest of Europe is turning toward stability—namely, in spite of the leaders and statesmen, rather than through them.

In the south of Ireland the peasant farmer and the elements of the population close to the farmer just plainly got tired of the discomforts of war and ceased to see either romance or material benefit in the fighters and the leaders of the fighters.

Spring was at hand and the farmer longed for the plow-handle and the feel of the earth. Also he was moved to make a little money. Due to destruction of the railroads the farmers had been without markets and the towns without sufficient supplies. One day last month a man in southwest Ireland who had to get a sack of flour from twenty miles away was compelled to pay the equivalent of $7 for the transportation. A village in the west saw a sick man die because of the delay and hardship in getting him to a hospital thirty miles away.

AIR OF FINALITY PREVAILS

Almost over night the heart went out of the fighting. The people wanted their railroads running and their markets back. In the towns the laborers with families got tired of idleness and wanted an end to the paralysis that fighting had brought upon trade. Within a week railroads that had been idle for more than a year began to run on schedule. Bridges that had been down and roads that had been barricaded were mended and travelers went their way as if the fighting had never been. These things were characterished by an air of unmistakable finality.

As one passed along the roads and through the villages which twenty-four hours before had been barricaded one knew the fighting was over. It was a psychological about-face. The people ceased to take an interest in fighters and rival aspirants for power, and wanted to get back to work and trade and normalcy. Many who shared this psychological experience believed, and still believe, that De Valera and his faction were in the right. Nevertheless, for the present they are through with fighting about it, or with tolerating the discomforts of letting others fight about it. Many of those who were actually fighting stopped; others withdrew their sympathy in ways that made further fighting impossible.

Some of them say they will fight again in ten years or twenty-five years, but for the present they want to plant a crop and get a little fat on the bones of their cows and hogs. By ten years or twenty-five years, of course, more will be known about the issues; or the chief issue—that of the oath of loyalty to the British crown—will have been settled in more orderly ways, or other issues will have arisen.

SPASMODIC TROUBLE TO COME

The present article aims merely to record the fact, very apparent to one who sees Ireland with fresh eyes, that the fighting is over and the Free State is on the way to stability. So brief a dispatch necessarily lacks space to expand on several qualifications. One which must needs to be made emphatic is the admission by many of the Free State partisans that the body of irregular fighters included some of the best, most sincere and most self-sacrificing Irish patriots—farmers' sons, school teachers and women—who took up arms impulsively under unwise leadership or save sympathy and support to it.

Another qualification is that though the heart is out of the fighting there still will be a good deal of spasmodic trouble from detached young men who to several years have had no occupation but arms and now find it difficult to adapt themselves to more humdrum pursuits, or, indeed, to find jobs at all. Add to this that some of the personal bitterness aroused through the civil war may express itself in violent reprisals on individuals.

Still another qualification is that though the new Free State government now is going to be free of the harassments of civil war and has clearly turned the corner toward stability, it has ahead of it a body of stern problems—economic, diplomatic and political—which the writer will try to cover in a future article.

ALL EUROPE "COMING BACK"

A final observation, appropriate here, is that what has happened in Ireland is what is happening hopefully in the rest of Europe. Europe is, in our phrase, slowly "coming back," and coming back chiefly through the aggregate of the efforts of the peasant farmers, who have ceased to look to governments and statesmen, or to think about them; but have gone to work, adding a cow or two to their herds, and a few sheep to their flocks, buying a better plow, and otherwise, in the mass, restoring the real economic wealth of Europe, in ways so clear that they would be perceptible from day to day if we did not make the mistake of fixing our eyes on statesmen and governments instead of on the real producers of wealth.

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(EXCEL EGGS)
GUARANTEED FRESH
GUARANTEED WEIGHT
Delivered Daily Direct.
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Telephone: C. 1804

THE SCOTCH BAKERY
8 NANKING ROAD
NOTICE
Our SODA FOUNTAIN is now in operation:
Wino, A Blood Tonic,
an excellent Summer Drink.
Raspberry, Lemon, Lime Juice and other Flavours.
These are not simply Soda and Syrup Essences, but made from Special Recipes.
ICE CREAM
of a Delicious Creamy Flavour
TRY THEM

Announcement
THE W. W. AHANA CO.
well-known tailors of Honolulu, beg to announce that they have opened a branch shop at
120A SZECHUEN ROAD
PHONE: C. 2512
Y. M. C. A. BLDG.
A graduate cutter from the J. MITCHELL SCHOOL OF CUTTING, New York, and who has 30 years' experience, gives his personal supervision to all work.
NEW GOODS, LOW PRICES, GUARANTEED WORKMANSHIP
GIVE US A TRIAL

ANNOUNCEMENT
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How One Easterner Rose To Presidency Out West

BY B. C. FORBES

He reversed the usual process! Instead of making his mark in the West and then migrating to New York, he made his mark in New York and then moved to the West.

He did other things not classed as usual these days. For example, although he had won two college degrees he didn't object to doing the work of a common laborer, a fireman, a clerk. Nor did he rebel when his $75-a-month pay was cut to $50 a month. Also, he has never once in his life asked for a raise in wages or salary.

But he has "got there," just the same.

This man who has reversed the customary order in these and other days is Kenneth R. Kingsbury, ex-feeder of a pumping station engine and ex-gauger, who now is president of the Standard Oil Company of California, one of the most notable of the whole Rockefeller group, and the one in which, it recently was revealed, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., holds no less than $114,000,000 worth of stock, or some 23 percent. Apparently the Rockefellers like the way Kingsbury runs things.

A common complaint is that the newspapers and other publications are fond of telling about the big men of the Eastern half of the country, but ignore the men who are doing the biggest things in the Western half of America. Well, this column strives not to be guilty of provincialism, or sectionalism.

This about Kenneth Kingsbury may interest you:

With a Princeton diploma and a diploma of the Columbia University School of Mines in his pocket he first headed for Idaho, where a friend had promised him a mining job. The promise wasn't fulfilled. Kingsbury found another mining job, however, and stuck to it until called home (to New Jersey) by his father's serious sickness. A friend—he was always making friends—told him Standard Oil could probably use him. Result: At Christmas, 1897, he started work with the Southern Pipe Line Company, at Chambersburg, Pa.—not as an engineer, but counting pieces of pipe as they were unloaded from the railway freight car to the company's trucks! Pay $60 a month.

The construction job was finished in little over a year. So was Kingsbury's job. The superintendent was sorry, but could offer nothing suitable. Could he offer anything, suitable or unsuitable? Kingsbury asked. Yes; a job as fireman of a pumping station. Kingsbury readily accepted.

So he was dispatched, in early Summer, to a pumping station near Hancock, Maryland. Arriving there, he was sent down to the boiler room, directed to a short-handled shovel, a half-ton coal truck and told that his job was to push this truck into the coal bin, load it up, trundle it back to the front of the boilers and keep shoveling in enough coal, to keep the three boilers going at a steam pressure of 125 pounds all the time.

The mouths of the furnaces being awkardly low, the shovel handle awkardly short and tall, it was a back-racking, body-sweating, nerve-wearing operation, especially as the pressure never dropped a point below the prescribed level without bringing a shrill whistle from the engineer followed by a yell, "What the h— is the matter with the steam pressure?" This incessant battle against the steam gauge had to be kept up twelve hours a day and seven days a week, regardless of Sundays or holidays. Nor was half an hour allowed for breakfast, dinner or supper. Meal time was any time the shovelling got a little ahead of the consumption of the coal. The night shift had to be undertaken just as the day shift.

Timekeeper, etc., with a construction gang, and gauger—measurer of oil—at a pumping station were his next jobs. The pay rose to $75, a month; the hours stayed at twelve per day, Sundays and holidays and every day of every week.

Then the work again gave out. This time the boss had nothing, suitable or unsuitable, to offer.

"But," Kingsbury recently told me, "I was determined to stick to the oil business and, if possible, to Standard Oil, for I reasoned that I had thrown in my lot, such as it was, with a great industry and a great company, where there was plenty of roadway to be traveled before nearing the top.

Again a friend gave him a tip: one or two clerkships at No. 26 Broadway, Standard Oil headquarters, were vacant. Kingsbury straightway landed one of them. He didn't relish being chained to a set of books, divorced from the firing line of the industry, where things were done, not merely recorded. Moreover, his pay was cut from $75 to $50 a month. "But," remarked Kingsbury, "I never, either then or since, let the matter of pay bother me. Oftener than once I asked for a change of work, but I never once, in my whole life, asked for a raise in pay."

Once more one of the many friends Kingsbury was constantly making whispered to him that his dad was high up in the selling department and that he might give Kenneth a chance as a drummer. After putting the young man through the "third degree," during which Kingsbury bravely admitted that he smoked and even took an occasional drink of an evening, this official sent him to the sales manager to be given a trial. The sales manager didn't like this, and tried to bully the young man into quitting. But Kingsbury stuck.

It was the wonderful record he made as a salesman which won Kingsbury recognition. To land the business of a big factory, Kingsbury used all his chemical and engineering knowledge to evolve a new product, a new variety of "grease," and this made the higher-up take notice of him.

More important sales duties and positions were assigned him, and then H. M. Tilford, a Standard Oil giant, annexed him as his assistant. Among other offices, Tilford held the presidency of the Standard Oil of California. When Standard Oil was was cut up into lots of separate companies, Kingsburg was made vice-president of the California end. Here he did so well that he soon was made president—at forty-three, being the youngest man who had ever been made a Standard Oil president.

Kingsbury is not given to talking, but I got him to say this much:

"If I were to try to moralise on success, or to advise the young man, I would say that the most essential things are sticking-to-it loyally and doing to the best of one's ability what there is to be done, even in the face of apparent discouragement."

To Erect Memorial For Indo-Chinese

(French Wireless)

Paris, July 2.—Governor General Merlin of Indo-China, who is to sail on July 13 on board the S. S. "Andre Lebon" to return to his post, will preside on Tuesday morning at the inauguration of a memorial erected by Indo-Chinese in memory of the Indo-Chinese soldiers who died for France.

Noted Stars Of The Dance Here At St. George's

As cool and refreshing as a drink of clear spring water is the exhibition of classical dancing given by Beth Cannon last night at St. George's Cafe where she opened a limited engagement with The Dancing Master, Ivan Bankoff.

With the hetrogenious array of so called classical dancers offered for the approval of the public in a Metropolis the size of Shanghai it is gratifying to be privileged to view a performance such as Bankoff is offering.

The offering is one to which you can safely escort your mother, wife or daughter and rest easy in the assurance that nothing seen will in any way offend the most delicate sense of propriety.

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WANTED PARTNERS—One European and one Chinese—No Capital required—must have Energy and large acquaintance. For particulars apply to Box 861, THE CHINA PRESS.

Labor Convict's Death Stirs Inquiry

HERE is a typical Southern chain-gang squad of prisoners, working the roads. Inquiries into the death of Martin Tabert, a North Dakota youth, in a Florida prison camp, have led to the arrest of the camp whipping boss on the charge of murder, it being alleged Tabert died as a result of a whipping. The State of Florida has passed a law against the leasing of convict labor.

Call For 20,000,000 To Aid Court Sent By Church Council

Washington, by mail.—Believing that participation by the United States in the Permanent Court of International Justice will be a long step toward the goal of a "warless world," the Federal Council of Churches is asking the churches of the country to organise their forces for the support of President Harding and Secretary of State Hughes, in their efforts to have the United States enter the Court.

Many of the denominations have, through their official bodies, urged this and in 1922 the Federal Council of Churches petitioned President Harding and Charles E. Hughes, Secretary of State, to open the way for the United States to enter the Court. The lineup of the churches for the Court, however, has not partisan-political significance. With the Federal Council of Churches are affiliated 30 communions with an adult membership of more than 20,000,000 persons.

The message says in part:

During the next nine months the American people must decide whether or not the United States shall follow the proposal of the President and the Secretary of State and associate itself definitely with the Permanent Court of International Justice established at The Hague.

The issue which the World Court presents is not a new one. It embodies the age-long conflict between law and force. In earliest times each man, an absolute sovereign, remained a law unto himself. Disputes were settled by an immediate appeal to force. But gradually this changed. Slowly a system of laws took shape governing the decisions of these judges. The very progress of mankind can be marked by law's slow conquest over force.

But nations, the last of the absolute sovereigns, resisted this change and even up to yesterday asserted the right to be a law unto themselves. As a result came the World War.

Today around the earth the people know that if nations are to survive they too must subject their individual wills to establish processes of law, their individual interest to the welfare of all mankind. All that the Christian church itself has built up in the hearts and minds of the people through centuries of effort hangs in the balance.

The Christian forces of this land for many years have advocated the settlement of international disputes by courts of arbitration rather than resort to force. Indeed to them belongs no small responsibility for the leadership taken by the United States in behalf of such a program before the World War and since 1918 denomination after denomination has officially requested the leaders of our Government to take such steps as will lead us to active participation in the new Permanent Court of International Justice.

In May, 1922, the Federal Council of Churches, representing united Protestant feeling as it came from its constituent bodies, presented to the President a memorial urging our entrance into the court.

'A day of great decision for our country and the world has now arrived, a day long sought by the Christian people of our land. There will be strong forces at work opposing the action recommended by the President. Concerted, vigorous and continuous effort in support of the court is imperative on the part of all who see in the principle of the supremacy of law the only hope for the nations.

"PRES. WILSON" SAILS SATURDAY WITH U.S. MAILS

President Lincoln Arrives Today, Madison Comes Friday

Taking mail for the United States, the Pacific Mail steamer President Wilson will leave Shanghai for San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu, Saturday. The vessel is due here from Hongkong on Friday, and will berth at the lower buoys.

Bringing mail from The States, the President Lincoln of the Pacific Mail will arrive from San Francisco this evening, and is expected to dock at the China Merchants Central Wharf about 6 o'clock. The Admiral Line steamer President Madison is due here from Seattle next Friday, and will also dock at the Central Wharf. The Lincoln is sailing for Hongkong and Manila at daylight Friday morning, and the Madison will sail for the southern ports on Sunday.

The Madison is bringing 1,686 sacks of American mail, 3,000 tons of cargo and a full list of passengers for Shanghai, while the Lincoln has on board 2,500 tons of cargo, 164 bags of mail and passengers as well.

Two mail boats will leave Shanghai for Europe next Friday and Saturday respectively. The Chili is sailing for Marseilles on Friday evening, and the Malwa of P. and O. will leave for London the following afternoon. Mail to go on the Malwa may be posted up to 12 noon and 1 p.m. Saturday for registered and ordinary, and those to be sent on the Chili will close at the same hours Friday.

The tender with outgoing passengers for the Chili will leave the French Mail jetty at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon, and that for the Malwa is leaving the Customs jetty at 3 p.m. Saturday.

Mail from Europe will arrive on the P. and O. steamer Khiva, which was to leave Hongkong Monday morning, and arriving this evening or tomorrow morning, and the M.M. liner Angkor is expected to arrive from Marseilles via ports next Saturday.

The Siberia Maru arrived at Woosung from Hongkong early yesterday morning, and will sail for San Francisco via Japan ports and Honolulu in the evening.

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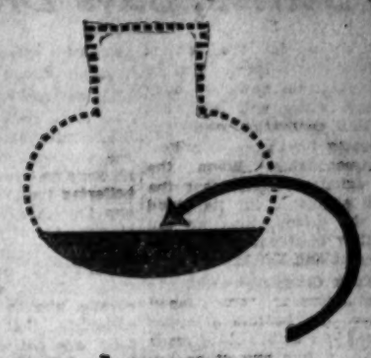
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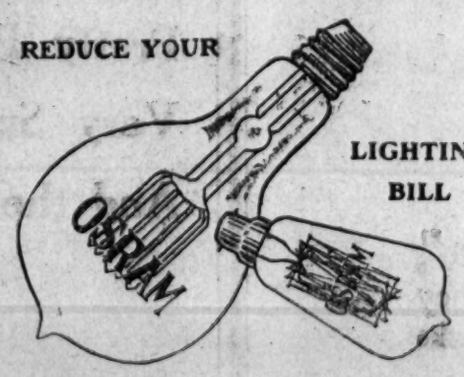

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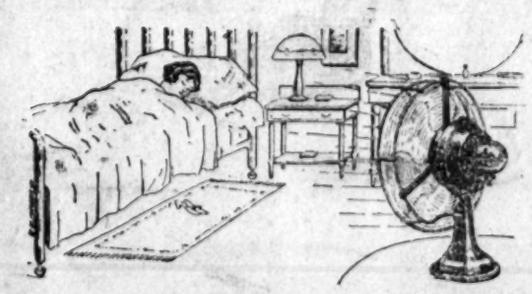
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SHANGHAI OUTPORTS

Liquor Question In America Is Settled, Says Dr. Crane

"Prohibition in the United States is a closed issue. Fifteen or 20 years from now we may have light wines and beer, but not in this generation while the two opposing forces are so radical and unreasonable. When the "wet" agitators realise that the nation is adamant in its stand against the saloon, then we can safely allow light beverages to be sold in cafes and hotels."

Dr. Frank Crane was talking to a representative of The Japan Advertiser. As he talked it was easy to see how he is able to reach more readers than any other living American journalist. His "feature editorials," as he terms them, are syndicated to over 100 newspapers in every part of the world, and the marvel of it all is that every editorial has a universal appeal. He talks just like he writes. His voice is mild, his blue eyes are mild. But every sentence is a real thought.

"Alcoholic liquor was banned in America because Americans do not know how to drink. If the time comes when America can look at the question sanely from both angles, we will get light wines and beer, but not in saloons. That institution is obsolete in America."

Following his remark that prohibition was a dead issue it was called to his attention that from newspaper reports one in Japan gets the idea that the bootlegger has been crowned king, that he is rolling in immense piles of ill-gotten wealth, that alarming rumbles of unrest, caused by prohibition pressure, are heard in many sections, that the country has lost its respect for all laws and is just naturally going to the dogs. Dr. Crane branded the entire picture as faulty.

"The newspapers are blamed for this general impression," said this leader in the field of newspaperdom. "It's not because they print lies, but because they print news. The newspaper reader must learn to realise that what he reads points to the fact that the opposite conditions are the rule. If a man murders his wife, the story appears in big headlines. It is news. But it does not follow that it is a commonplace occurrence for men to murder their wives.

"The same condition holds true in the prohibition business. Prohibition officers seize a bootlegger and a million dollars worth of rum. The newspapers give it wide publicity, because it is news, because it is unusual. But the reading public gets the opposite impression. They come to believe that everybody is a bootlegger.

RECALLS OLD LOCAL OPTION

"As a matter of fact the average man in America ignores the bootlegger. He hasn't time to spend in waiting in dark alleyways for a chance to pay an enormous price for a bottle which may contain poison. Unless he is a confirmed addict, and these cases are few indeed, he has long since reconciled himself to conditions and has forgotten about liquor. You hear that a state refuses to co-operate with the Federal prohibition officers in enforcing the law, or that an enormous rum fleet is sighted near Nova Scotia. These are expected reactions against a tremendous revolution, but they are not alarming. It must be remembered that 30 states in the Union had local enforcement laws before the Nineteenth Amendment came up."

Although on a vacation Dr. Crane is compelled to keep up with his work of supplying an editorial a day to the Associated Newspapers, which syndicates his articles. He is a shrewd observer, and in everything he sees he finds an element of news. Someone dropped a remark about the hotel.

"This hotel is the newest thing in the world. There's not another building like it anywhere. It is the product of one man's imagination and creative instinct. In America, architecture is a dead, inanimate thing. This structure lives. Every object is a part of the whole, as though it had grown there. The rooms are refreshing. One gets away from Grand Rapids furniture and "period" chairs. Nothing seems out of place, but each thing that catches the eye blends into the picture. Whether you like the hotel or not is a different question. You may like it and eggs, or you may not. The thing to consider here is that you see 'something new under the sun', a creation, not a carbon copy."

The conversation shifted to the caste systems found in the Orient, which Mr. Crane has come into contact with for the first time. "The other day I read about the Ping-yan class in Korea, who are considered to be the highest caste in that country. The caste system is a hold-over from the days of our ancestors. We find many vestiges of our forefathers in our make-up, many being mere beliefs. The caste system is one of these. The saddest part of it all is that the outcaste accept these people as their betters. When they stop believing that there is an imaginary line that divides people into classes, these classes will disappear."

Such is the manner in which Dr. Crane thinks and works, which enables him to turn out yards of editorials that everyone reads. They are not sermons (although he used to be a pastor), but, as he terms them, stories about living, in which everybody is interested.

ORIGINALLY WAS PASTOR

Dr. Crane's real calling is the pulpit, and it was not until he was 50 years old that he turned to the press, where he believed he could reach a bigger audience. His first attempt in newspaper work was in Chicago, where he was a pastor for many years. He started to write a little column at irregular intervals in the Chicago Evening Post, called "The Philosopher's Corner." One day soon after his articles began to appear he received a letter from Mr. Edward Bok, the famous editor of the Ladies' Home Journal. In the letter was one of the articles clipped from the Evening Post, and an attached clipping which asked, "Can you do this every day?" Dr. Crane answered by sending him 20 short articles, half of them on white and half on pink paper. Mr. Bok used the ones written on white paper, and threw the ones on pink paper in the waste basket. He wrote to Dr. Crane and asked him to write a page for the Ladies' Home Journal every month.

Not until years afterward did he discover why Bok threw the articles on the pink copy paper away. The two men met one day after Dr. Crane had made his reputation in the journalistic field, and Dr. Crane asked him. Bok replied that every editor had a decided dislike for pink paper, and that he advised any rising young journalist to avoid using paper of that hue. It tasted too much like "yellow journalism."

WRITES DAILY ARTICLE

Soon after he began writing for the Journal he became acquainted with George Matthew Adams, head of a feature newspaper syndicate, who asked him to write a daily article. It was here that his idea of a "feature editorial" became popularly successful. Later he obtained connections with the Associated Newspapers, which syndicates his articles now and sends them to several European countries besides using them in the United States and Canada.

In Dr. Crane's party is Mrs. Crane, their daughter, Mrs. Daphne Drake, and their nephew, Mr. Henry H. Crane, who is acting as secretary to Dr. Crane. They plan to remain in Tokio for one week, and will then go to Kyoto, Nara, Miyanoshita and other points of interest. They will leave Kobe July 10 for Shanghai, to spend two weeks in China, and will return to the United States July 30 from Shanghai on the Empress of Canada.

Chicago Colesium May Be Enlarged

Chicago, June 27.—The Coliseum, scene of the last five Republican national conventions, and of other conventions, expositions, boxing and wrestling matches, six-day bicycle races and other events, will be enlarged by one-half if exhibitors who lease it annually approve the necessary expenditure.

Charles R. Hall, president of the Coliseum Company, has completed plans for a removable second story, which may be erected or dismantled in 12 hours' time, and which will add 50,000 square feet to the present 100,000 square feet of floor space.

The plans, suggested by the annual automobile show and "Own Your Own Home" exhibitors, are now being submitted to other regular exhibitors. The proposed improvement involves the expenditure of $75,000.

Mr. Hall's plans call for a unique electric crane and a sectional steel floor with supporting columns giving 17 feet head room between the first and second floors, all to be housed in a pit beneath the present main floor when not in use.

"The actual operation of the plan will appear like the work of some stage magician," Mr. Hall said. "For example, a six-day bicycle race closes at midnight on a Saturday. The next week's exhibitor needs the extra floor. The race crowd files out and at 12:30 a.m. workmen appear and begin lifting off sections of the main floor.

"A workman turns a switch and the electric crane, which has been stored in the girders at one end of the building, comes to life, the engineer takes his seat and the crane begins lifting out the steel columns lying in the pit under the main floor.

"It places the columns upright in sockets in the floor and begins hauling up the steel floor plates to their places atop the columns and on a level with the present balcony.

"As each plate falls into place workmen see that the girders are properly adjusted. Each girder and each post are of similar design and will fit in any part of the structure. Hour by hour the crane lifts the pillars and flooring, traveling along a track in the girders the full length of the building, until at noon on Sunday the second floor is in place and the Coliseum is a finished two-story building.

"Then the crane begins laying back the main floor, and when all sections are down it is parked in its place among the girders and out of sight. At 12:30 p.m. the Coliseum is ready for exhibitors to move in.

"At the end of the week the crane is brought forth again and proceeds to take down the floor and columns and store them away in the pit."

They're OFF!

Barney Google

Billy De Beck's famous comic character
AND his hilarious horse

SPARK PLUG

Are Burning Up the Tracks

Lovers of a hearty "horse laugh" will enjoy the series of amusing adventures of Barney and his peerless steed at the world's famous race tracks

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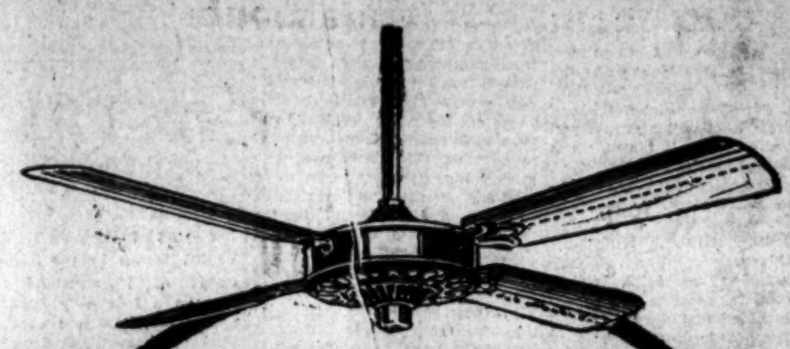

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And the Orchestra will do the Rest

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On Wednesday July 4th 1923,
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Comprising:—

Suite mahogany stained drawing room furniture, Suite dining room furniture, Suite bedroom furniture, White enamel mirror door wardrobe, White enamel chest of drawers, White enamel dressing table, Marble top washstand, Writing table, Square and round table, White enamel iron double bedstead with mattresses, wooden double and single bedsteads with mattresses, Black and gold enamel single bedstead with mattress, Ningpo chairs, Toilet sets, Ningpo table, folding table, Sideboard, Dining table, Dining chairs, Yellow painted cupboard, Clothes stand, Commodes, Book cases, Empire chairs, White rattan furniture, Screen, Hat stand, Chesterfield sofa, Arm chairs, Kitchen stove, Ice chest, Crockery, Glass ware, E. P. Ware, Books, Cut glass ware, Curio cabinet, Chinese red wood sofa, Overmantle, clock, electric ceiling fan, Geysers, Microscope, Mandolin, Piano stool, "Beetons" Cooking Stove, Enamelled Bath.

also

1 Cream enamel bedroom Suite, Simmons' double bedstead, Ronco duplicator No 10, New steel trunks, New G. E. Desk Fans 100 V. size 16" 9", 1 set carpenter tools 80 pieces in case.

Now on view

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THE CONCERNED
Will sell
On Wednesday, July 4th 1923,
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Damaged by Seawater
Now on View

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On Friday July 6th 1923,
Commencing at 10 a.m.
Comprising:—

White enamelled double iron bedstead with spring and other mattress, Ice chest, Cement bath tub, Cooking stove, Child's desk, White painted iron washstand, Tapestry curtains, Carpets & Rugs, Large & small trunks, 16-inch Electric oscillating fan 110 & 200 Volts, Lawn Mower, Electric reading lamp, 2-Blades Electric ceiling fan 110 Volts, Motor car tyre pump, Books, Double and single mosquito nets, Linen ware, Glass jugs, child's iron cot with mattress, White enamelled wooden single bedstead with wire other mattress, Teakwood Glass showcases, Tennis net, Pictures & frames and ornaments etc.

also

French silk scarves
A Large assortment of Gent's & Lady's clothing Boots, & Shoes, etc.

CARGO AUCTION

On Thursday July 5th 1923,
At 2.30 p.m.

88 Cases Globe Metal Polish, 17 Motor Car Tyres, 40 Inner Tubes, 5 Dozen Black Kid, Leather Belting, 5 Cases Colcured Wool, 16 Druma Black & Red Rubber Paint, 1 Case Lining, Cotton Cloth 28 Boxes Crochet Cotton, 4 Gross Cotton Thread, Trimmings, Garters, 80 Boxes Buttons, 4 Boxes Spring Buttons, 1 Case Framed Pictures, 200 Gramophone Mainsprings, 1 Motor Driver Pump, 1 Pump, 15 Pulleys, Iron Tubes, Wire, Screws, Cutting Tools, Pipe Couplings, Square Flanges, Bran Duster Idlers, 1 Case Charcoal Irons, 12 Dozen "Tower" Pincers, 6 Mirrors, 11 Cases Eye Gold Cigarettes, 2 Cases Tomato Sauce, 15 Cases Slid Fish, Mutton, Olives, Walnuts, Glass Ware, Brushes, Necklaces, Perfumery, Dyes, Chemicals, Ink, Printed Forms, 5 Cases Cocoa, Long Bar Soap, 1-3 H. P. 50 Cycle 200 W. Electric Motor 1 Printing Press With Roller Mould.

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On view Wednesday, July 4th.

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Peking carpets, rattan drawing room furniture, rocking chairs, square and centre tables, escritoire, lacquered teapoys, pictures, satsuma, bronze, and porcelain vases, ornaments, cretonne and lace window curtains, sideboard, extension dining table and chairs, linner wagon, silver, E. P., glass, cutlery, and crockery ware, velvet and damask table covers, brass coal, boxes, fender, fire brasses, photogravure, white enamelled single and double iron bedstead with Simmon's mattress, bevelledged mirror back bedroom furniture, Tientsin carpets, skin rugs, woollen blankets, bedsheets, eiderdown quilt, fancy lamp shade, etc. etc.

also

One hornless gramophone with records and cabinet (by Universal Supply Co.)
One 16" Electric table fan, 110 volts
Pantry and Kitchen as usual.

On view Wednesday

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Science In The University

(Continued from Page 16)

represent the approved results of much experiment in the past, which it would be worse than futile to repeat. ..Yet, even if we could assume that traditional opinion is a fairly clear and reliable rejection of hard-earned experience, surely it should have less weight in our day and generation than in the past. For changes have overtaken mankind which have fundamentally altered the conditions in which we live, and which are revolutionising the relations between individuals and classes and nations. Moreover, we must remember that knowledge has widened and deepened, so that, could any of us really catch up with the information of our own time, he would have little temptation to indulge the mediaeval habit of appealing to the authority of the past.' I quote from Professor Robinson.

THE OLD FORMS

"But something remains to be said against the abandonment of the forms of thought, of custom and tradition which have been a cohesive force in this country from ancient times.

"Things which have made for the preservation of Chinese culture should not be lightly cast aside, but rather adapted to an educational system which will correlate China's best with the best of other countries. In this day of a small world, therefore, when the thought and actions of all races are mingling, when the life of every nation inevitably reacts upon the life and welfare of other nations, it is needful that there should be a cosmopolitanism in educational method and content. If the results of science have bulked so large in the industrial, commercial, economic and intellectual life of the Occident, then the Orient must not be left behind in its pursuit.

"There is another aspect of the teaching of science to which I direct your attention. China has been developing during the past few decades a growing intimacy and rivalry with the industrial and commercial life of the West, and is straining now to take a place worthy of the quality of her people and resources, among the other nations. To do so effectively many things are required—stable and efficient government; safety for the investment of large sums in enterprises of all sorts; banking and impost reforms; last, but by no means the least, technical experts. And the men who are to train these experts must be produced, and produced in China. Chinese are warmly welcomed as students in other countries, and the contacts which have been established by the foreign training of Chinese students are of great value in fostering international amity, but the fact remains that education even in highly specialised lines should be indigenous, and that training abroad should be in the main confined to graduate work, and for general cultural purposes. One of the urgent needs of this country now is for more and better science teaching and more and better science teachers.

RESULT OF SURVEY

"Surveys which have been painstakingly carried out under the auspices of the Association for the Advancement of Education indicate the gravest imperfections in method, in equipment and in teaching personnel among middle schools generally. Not more than two or three in a hundred of the teachers observed in government middle or normal schools appeared to have real skill and mastery in the use and care of demonstration apparatus, or any adequate conception of how to conduct individual laboratory instruction. Even in the colleges and higher technical schools it is rare to find teachers who are really skillful experimenters and laboratory directors. In many cases where laboratory work is carried out with fair efficiency that class-room teaching is so formal, so unpsychological in method, and so unrelated to the laboratory work and the practical relations of science to life outside the school that little can be expected from it in the way of effective training of science teachers. This condition, the observer notes, is not the fault of the teachers, for nowhere can a more earnest, unselfish, patient and kindly spirit be found than among these Chinese teachers. The causes of their present inefficiency, are to be found first in their lack of thorough scientific training in their subjects and the fundamental principles of teaching, and secondly in the conditions under which they work.

"It appears to me, therefore, that one of the most important functions to which a great university like this should address itself is the preparation of men who will contribute generously to the progress of their country in the profession of teaching. There are here all of the facilities in the way of staff, of specialised buildings and equipment, and the traditions of modern learning.

IS TEACHER'S FUNCTION

"Of the important place which investigative work should hold in university laboratories a special point should be made. Research is properly a part of the function of a teacher; this seems to have taken on a meaning in the minds of many peoples which it should not have. It is wearying, says an eminent American educator and investigator, to hear research spoken of as though it were a special calling demanding special methods, a special order of mind and a special environment for its prosecution. Another adds, 'Research is the teacher's own professional work; it is that which he does; it makes plain to his students and to his colleagues the quality of his mentality, and it is his contribution to the knowledge of his day . . . No one can be a really good educator unless he himself is an investigator, either in the subject matter or in the methods of education, and can . . . carry into all work the spirit and method of research. No school expects all of its students to undertake scientific investigation; indeed only a part, and perhaps but a small part, of the student body either want to or are fitted for it, but our schools must hold in research those who are to be the next generation of teachers.'

"There are two items in the foregoing quotation worthy of thoughtful consideration on this occasion—first the suggestion that teaching methods are important as subjects of investigation, and secondly that a university should be building up a reservoir of potential educators by the stimulus of individual effort to widen the boundaries of knowledge or to apply to practical uses knowledge now possessed. It is probable that modifications will need to be made both in the content of science subjects and method of their presentation to students whose habits of life and thought differ from those in western countries.

"In the teaching of elementary physics, for example, the use of the homely and familiar apparatus of everyday life in China will serve to illustrate physical laws far better than contrivances never seen or used in an inland city. Chemistry and biology may well be given the same domestic touch. It is the utilitarian, not the philosophic aspect—practise more than theory—that is needed.

SANITATION INSTANCE

"The most striking illustration of the necessity of modifying the applications of science to economic and social conditions in China is in sanitation — particularly in large communities. It is apparent that procedures common in the West will have to be modified in many ways before they fit into the fabric of eastern life. Comparatively little study appears to have been given to this question of presentation, either in middle schools or colleges, and it offers an attractive field for research, quite as important as more scientifically technical problems.

"I venture in closing to touch upon one of the less direct implications of the growth of scientific thought and training, particularly as it applies to Chinese students. To many thoughtful persons, established comfortably in the acceptance of social inheritances, and distrustful of change, the creative thought of modern science has been deeply disturbing. It has seemed to challenge and to open to doubt and suspicion principles on which our entire social structure is built, to threaten institutions and racial habits which have become sanctified because our forefathers believed in them. Many of these beliefs are profoundly bound up in moral and religious ideas, and to apply to them the criticisms of experimental method is a matter of much concern. The dissensions between science and religion appear to have revived somewhat during the past few years, and with some bitterness. I use the term science here not so much in the sense of the accumulation of observed and classified facts which may be felt to be out of accord with revealed religion, as that of an impulse to apply to the data of religious life the same standards of scrutiny which are employed in the study of physical phenomena.

"How then shall we view the preoccupation of Chinese students by an intellectual attitude which avows the necessity of unprejudiced criticism of all the data of life? Is there not a danger of doing away with the sanctions which have meant so much for the solidarity of the Chinese people? Are we likely to set young men and women adrift from religion and morality alike by the teachings of science? These are questions not infrequently asked of those who are concerned with science education.

To those of us who believe that the inquiries of science and religion are directed toward the same goal—truth eternal and divine—it appears that efforts to bring into accord the facts of experience and the subtle convictions of our spirits are the surest ways of establishing fundamental religious truths and harmonising them with our lives. But here, above all, is the need made clear of open-mindedness, of broad sympathy, of meekness. Scientist, philosopher and theologian, each may well take for his motto the cry of the Psalmist, 'Blessed is the man....who sitteth not in the seat of the scornful..but his delight is in the law of the Lord and in his law doth he meditate day and night.'"

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Ex-Actress Goes To Parliament

Mrs Hilton Philipson

MRS. Hilton Philipson, formerly Mabel Russel, Engusa beauty and actress, has been elected to the House of Commons in England, over two men candidates—a Liberal and a Laborite. She won the seat formerly held by her husband, from Berwick-on-Tweed, as a Conservative. Philipson had previously been disqualified because of illegal acts on the art of his agent during the November general election, and a bye-election had been ordered. Mrs. Philipson joins Lady Astor and Mrs. Margaret Wintringham as active women members of Parliament. She has three children.

STAR AVIATORS DIFFER WIDELY IN PERSONALITY

Dayton, June 26.—Lieutenants Oakley Kelley and John A. MacReady, regarded as America's premier airmen since they bettered the world's endurance record and made the first successful nonstop transcontinental flight, owe their success as a flying team as much to their contrasting personalities as to their admitted superiority as pilots, in the opinion of aviators at McCook Field here, the home station of the men. They predict that the ability of the two men to work together in trying situations will bring further aerial honors to the United States Army.

Kelley's enthusiastic and impulsive nature gives the combination the necessary "punch," while MacReady, more staid and quiet, furnishes the "balance" which is a necessary element in carrying through many difficult situations, according to the belief of those who have observed the men working and flying together during the past two years.

A striking illustration of the divergent characteristics of the two fliers is given by Lieutenant Harold R. Harris who, in a speedy plane, overtook the pair as they passed over Dayton in their recent transcontinental flight. Harris, getting a late take-off, pursued the big ship for some miles before overtaking it. As he came abreast, he says, the man in the cock-pit carelessly threw up an arm. "That's MacReady," Harris says he decided as he observed the action. For a moment the second passenger of the T2 did not appear. Then from the depths of the fuselage a bundle of blankets suddenly appeared and was waved frantically in the wind. "That was easy," said Harris, "I knew it was Kelley, without giving a second glance."

Credit for the working out of the transcontinental flight plan is given almost entirely to Kelley by his brother aviators. As chief of maintenance of planes and engines at the mammoth flying center, Kelley in the face of ridicule, opposition and statements that the air service had no ship which had even a chance of flying across the continent, has worked, talked and lived on the plans for the coast to coast flight, during his two years at the field.

For some time no plane appeared that seemed capable of carrying out Kelley's plans, but finally the T2, a Fokker ship originally designed as an eight passenger transport, was brought to McCook Field. Kelley recognized the possibility of long distance flights in it, officers say, and he immediately started work. With a rebuilt fuselage and a new Liberty engine Kelley and MacReady started from the coast last fall only to be forced down at Indianapolis through a mishap. Undaunted Kelley, aided by Lieut. E. W. Dykeman, an expert in the engineering department of the field, continued his work on the plane and after further improvements had been made Kelley, in company with MacReady, realized the ambition he has held for almost two years.

McCook Field aviators say that one of the best testimonials to the flying ability of Kelley and MacReady, is the fact that neither has had a serious mishap during more than five years of air service. Both have been fliers since 1917.

Both Kelley and MacReady originally were Californians and both received their training at Rockwell Field at San Diego. Kelley's family, however, now reside at Grove City, Pennsylvania. Neither is married.

MacReady has had a picturesque career. Graduated from the University of California, he was admitted to the bar and subsequently became a rancher, a justice of the peace in a small mining community, and early in the war entered the air service where he has remained ever since. He has earned a reputation as a boxer in the service.

Kelley, somewhat younger, entered the service after completing his schooling.

Kwangtung College Asks Educators For Agriculture Schools

A plea to the International Educational Conference, shortly to be held in San Francisco for assistance in the development of agricultural education in China, has been sent to the chairman of the assembly by the Kwangtung Agricultural College, of Canton.

The message suggests, first, the provision of funds for the use of agricultural schools throughout the country to educate the sons and daughters of the peasant class, particularly in the ways of scientific farming. Secondly, the creation of an international agricultural association, similar to the world's agricultural society which has been proposed by Professor Butterfield of the Massachusetts Agricultural College.

India To Follow World In Radio Broadcasting

Delhi, India, June 27.—Radio broadcasting by private enterprise is now permitted in British India through a recent decision of the government. A national conference is in session here for the purpose of discussing preliminary details. The chairman is the director-general of Posts and Telegraphs for India.

Plans are being made for undertaking the manufacture of receiving apparatus in India. This is considered to be entirely practicable, for, even if certain parts have to be imported, it is said that the manufacture of other parts and the assembling of complete sets in this country are altogether feasible.

As widespread interest in broadcasting by radio has already been evidenced in several provinces, it is expected that this industry will attain to large dimensions.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N.Y.K.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR JAPAN
Nagasaki Maru .....July 6
Kumano Maru .....July 7
Hakone Maru .....July 7
Aso Maru .....July 7
Shanghai Maru .....July 10
Omi Maru .....July 11

FOR VICTORIA, SEATTLE AND VANCOUVER
Kaga Maru .....July 28

FOR SOUTH AMERICA Via Durban, and Cape Town From Kobe.
Kamakura Maru Middle of July

FOR STRAITS
*Tsuruga Maru .....July 6
Katori Maru .....July 7
Atsuta Maru .....July 14
Kashima Maru .....July 28
Tokushima Maru ....Aug. 1

FOR AUSTRALIA, from Hongkong.
Yoshino Maru .....July 18

FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON via San Francisco Los Angels and Panama
Genoa Maru .....July 9

FOR HONGKONG
Kaga Maru .....July 19

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S.S. "ARABIA MARU" ....(Direct to Kobe) ..July 7
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S.S. "ARGUN MARU" ..... July 4

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	SOUDAN	July 30
Calcutta—via Kobe.		
Calcutta—from Hongkong via Singapore and Penang.	TAKADA	June 30
	TANDA	July 11
Sydney and Melbourne—from Hongkong.	ARAFURA	July 7
	ST. ALBANS	Aug. 4
	EASTERN	Sept. 1st

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The China Press Mail Schedule

TO THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
July 6	9 p.m.	P. Wilson	S. Francisco	July 26

TO SOUTHERN PORTS, INDIA AND EUROPE VIA SUEZ

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
July 6	1 p.m.	Chili	Marseilles	Aug. 10
July 7	1 p.m.	Malwa	Marseilles	Aug. 6

TO NORTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Vladivostok	Daily	11 a.m.	via Harbin
Siberia	Daily	11 a.m.	via Chita
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Today	1.30 p.m.	Fausang
Antung	Today	9 p.m.	Nanchang
Tientsin	Today	1.30 p.m.	Chekiang
Tientsin	Today	9 p.m.	Kwangping
Tsingtao and Dairy	July 5	1.30 p.m.	Chohoi M.
Tsingtao	July 6	9 p.m.	Yingchow
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	July 6	9 p.m.	Tingsang
Tientsin	July 7	9 p.m.	Tientsin
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	July 7	8.30 a.m.	Fengtien

TO SOUTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Amoy	Today	9 p.m.	Suiyang
Hongkong & Canton	Today	9 p.m.	Kwangtah
Foochow	Today	9 p.m.	Haean
Swatow	July 5	9 p.m.	Taisang
Hongkong & Canton	July 5	5 p.m.	P. Lincoln
Hongkong & Canton	July 6	1 p.m.	Chili
Swatow	July 6	9 p.m.	Sinkiang
Amoy	July 7	9 p.m.	Kanchow
Hongkong & Canton	July 7	5 p.m.	P. Madison
Hongkong & Canton	July 7	1.00 p.m	Malwa

MISCELLANOUS PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Russia and Europe	Daily	11 a.m.	via Train
River ports	Daily	9 p.m.	via Train
Manila, Australia and N. Zealand	July 5	5 p.m.	P. Lincoln
Japan ports	July 5	7 p.m.	Nagasaki M.
Japan ports	July 6	7 p.m.	Kumano Maru
Manila, Australia and N. Zealand	July 7	5 p.m.	P. Madison

Men-Of-War In Port

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
F N B	June 20	Algol	Fr. Gun-boat
M C W		Cricket	Br. Gun-boat
U S N B	July 3	Huron	Am. Cruiser
M C W	Mar. 23	Mantis	Br. Gun-boat
I C	June 30	Noa 343	Am. Destroyer
I C	June 25	Quiros	Am. Gun-boat

Meteorological Reports

July 1, 1923.
Sun rises today at 5.1
Sun sets today at 19.6

SICCAWEI

	June 29.		June 30.	
Barometer (inches)	29.52	29.59	29.59	29.54
Barometer (variation for 24 hrs	-0.10	-0.05	†0.01	†0.05
at 32° F. (variation for 12 hrs	-0.06	0.00	†0.07	†0.05
Wind—direction	SSW	S	NNE	N
Wind—miles per hour	18.0	9.3	4.3	7.5
Temperature (Fahr.)	88°4	81°0	75°0	72°9
Humidity %	74	93	93	94
Cloudiness (0 to 10)	10	8	10	10
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	—	—	0.02	—

June 29.	Mean 1922	Variation	24 hrs. Previous years same period
SICCAWEI ABRIDGED REPORT.	29.57	-0.10	29.73
Total rainfall, since Jan. 1 to midnight before last (inches	83°2	-2°5	76°4
Temperature (Min. 75°4) (Fahr.) Max. (90°6)	23.65	0.02	22.23
Rainfall (inches)			

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

July 6 — Portland, Ore.	West Cayote	Am. Lumber Co.
July 7 — San Francisco	†P. Wilson	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
July 7 D.L. Seattle	Arabia Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
July 9 — New York	Genoa Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
July 10 — New York via Suez	Telemachus	Br. B. & S.
July 12 — Seattle	†P. Grant	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 14 — Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br. C.P.S.
July 15 — Vancouver	Stuart Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
July 16 — New York via Suez	Virginia Dollar	Br. Dollar Co.
July 16 — New York	Hamburg Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
July 18 — Seattle	Arizona Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
July 18 — Portland, Ore.	West Kader	Am. Lumber Co.
July 19 — San Francisco	Taiyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
July 19 — New York	Hamburg Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
July 20 — New York via Suez	Langton Hall	Br. J. M. & Co.
July 23 — Portland, Ore.	West O'Rowa	Am. Lumber Co.
July 24 — Seattle	†P. Madison	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 21 — San Francisco	†P. Lincoln	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
July 28 — Seattle	Kaga Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
July 29 — Vancouver	C. Transporter	Br. B. & S.
July 30 — Vancouver	†E. of Canada	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 5 — Seattle	†P. McKinley	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 10 — New York via Suez	Twitchybug	Br.
Aug. 11 — Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 13 — San Francisco	†Tenyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Aug. 17 — Seattle	†P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 18 — San Francisco	†P. Cleveland	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 20 — Vancouver	C. Highlander	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 24 — San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Aug. 29 — Seattle	†P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Sep. 1 — San Francisco	†P. Pierce	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
Sep. 15 — Vancouver	C. Freighter	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 15 — Vancouver	C. Skirmisher	Br. B. & S.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

July 4 — Kobe, Yokohama	Argun Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
July 4 — Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yamashiro M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
July 6 — Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
July 7 — Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
July 7 — Kobe, Yokohama	Hakone M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
July 7 — Ychi, N'ya, Y'hama	Aso Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
July 9 — Kobe, Yokohama	Angkor	P. M.M. Co.
July 10 — Nagasaki	Shanghai M.	Jap. N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

July 6 2.00	Marseilles	†Chili	Fr. M. M. Cie
July 6 —	Singapore, etc.	West Prospect	Am. S. & S.
July 7 —	London	†Katori Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
July 7 3.00	London, etc.	†Malwa	Br. M.M. & Co.
July 8 —	Rotterdam, etc.	Oldekerk	Dut. R. C. T. Co
July 9 —	Hamburg, etc.	Alps Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
July 9 —	Calcutta, etc.	Takada	Br. M.M. & Co.
July 11 —	Hamburg, etc.	Troilus	Br. B. & S.
July 12 —	Liverpool, etc.	Ningchow	Br. B. & S.
July 14 —	Marseilles, etc.	Atsuta Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
July 18 —	Hamburg, etc.	Helenus	Br. B. & S.
July 20 —	Hamburg, etc.	Emil Kirdorf	Ger. H. S. Line
July 20 —	Marseilles	†Porthos	Fr. M. M. Cie
July 21 —	London	†Devanha	Br. M.M. & Co.
July 23 —	London	Kashima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
July 26 —	Bombay	Soudan	Br. M.M. & Co.
July 27 —	Liverpool	Peleus	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 1 —	Hamburg, etc.	Tokushima M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 2 —	Rotterdam, etc.	Sarpendon	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 3 —	Marseilles	†Angkor	Fr. M. M. Cie
Aug. 4 —	London	†Khiva	Br. M.M. & Co.
Aug. 7 —	Rotterdam, etc.	Baleier	Dut. H.C.T. Co.
Aug. 8 —	Hamburg, etc.	Rhexenor	
Aug. 12 —	Hamburg	Scheer	Ger. H.S. Line
Aug. 15 —	Liverpool, etc.	Titan	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 15 —	Hamburg, etc.	Laomedon	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 17 —	Marseilles	Admiral Hamelin	Fr. M. M. Cie
Aug. 18 —	London	†Kashmir	Br. M. M. Co.
Aug. 22 —	Rotterdam, etc.	Dardanus	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 27 —	Liverpol, etc.	Antilochus	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 30 —	London, etc.	Patroclus	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 31 —	Marseilles	†Paul Lecat	Fr. M. M. Cie
Sep. 14 —	Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr. M.M. Cie

FOR AUSTRALIA FROM HONGKONG

July 7 —	Melbourne, etc.	†Arafura	Br. M.M. & Co.
July 18 —	Melbourne, etc.	†Yoshino Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 4 —	Melbourne, etc.	†St. Albans	Br. M. M. & Co.
Sept. 1 —	Melbourne, etc.	†Eastern	Br. M.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

July 4 4.45	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br. H. & S.
July 4 5.00	Ningpo	Hain Ningchao	Chi. N. S. S. N.
July 5 5.00	Ningpo	Hain Klangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 5	D.L. A. H'kong, C'ton	Suiyang	Br. B. & S.
July 5 —	Foochow	Haean	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 5 —	Hongkong, Canton	Kwangtah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 6	D.L. S. H'kong, C'ton	Taisang	Br. J. M. & Co.
July 6 —	Hingkong, Manila	West Cayote	Am. Lumber Co
July 6 —	Hongkong, Manila	P. Lincoln	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
July 7 —	Keelung, etc.	Seikyo Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
July 7	D.L.S. — H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br. B. & S.
July 8	D.L.A. — H'kong, C'ton	Kanchow	Br. B. & S.
July 8 —	Hongkong, Manila	P. Madison	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 10 —	Hongkong	Kaga Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
July 12 —	Hongkong	Manila Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
July 13 —	Hongkong	E. of Canada	Br. C. P. S.
July 20 —	Hongkong, Manila	P. McKinley	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 23 —	Hongkong, Manila	West O'Rowa	Am. Lumber Co.
July 25 —	Hongkong, Manila	Tenyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
July 27 —	Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br. C. P. S.
July 28 —	Hongkong, Manila	P. Taft	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
July 29 —	Hongkong, Manila	W. Chopaka	Am. S. & B.
July 29 —	Hongkong	Africa M.	Jap. O.S.K.
Aug. 1 —	Hongkong, Manila	P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 3 —	Hongkong, Manila	P. Cleveland	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 4 —	Hongkong, Manila	Korea Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Aug. 12 —	Hongkong	E. of Australia	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 13 —	Hongkong, Manila	P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

July 4 —	Tientsin	Yuahua	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 4 —	Dairen	Argun Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
July 4	D.L. Tsingtao	Yusang	Br. J. M. & Co.
July 4 3.00	W. C'foo, T'sin	Fausang	Br. J. M. & Co.
July 4 3.00	Tientsin, Dairen	Chekiang	Br. B. & S.
July 5	D.L. Antung	Nanchang	Br. B. & S.
July 5 3.00	Tsingtao, Dairen	Chohoi Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
July 5 9.30	Chinwangtao	Kaiping	Br. K. M. A.
July 6 —	Tientsin	Kwangping	Br. K.M.A.
July 7 —	D.L. Tsingtao	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
July 7 —	10.00 W. C'foo, T'sin	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.
July 7	D.L. Tientsin, Antung	Tientsin	Br. B. & S.
July 8 8.00	W. C'foo, T'sin	Tingsang	Br. J. M. & Co.
July 9 —	Dairen, etc.	Fukuken Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
July 10 8.00	Tsingtao, Dairen	Sakaki M.	Jap. O.S.K.
July 18 —	Dairen	West Kader	Am. Lumber Co.

FOR RIVER PORTS

July 4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Whangpu	Br. B. & S.
July 5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Klangshun	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
July 5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
July 6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
July 6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br. B. & S.
July 6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Changon	Chi S.P.S.N Co
July 7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br. B. & S.
July 8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Klangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Klangan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J. M. & Co.
July 9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
July 10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kungwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
July 10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
July 11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July 11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.

M.—MIDNIGHT D. L.—DAYLIGHT
†CARRYING MAIL

Information For Mariners

WEDNESDAY, JUYL 4, 1923

(The night tides are higher than the day tides, they are about equal between 4 and 5 o'clock).
Approximate rise, at spring 4¼ h.; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at spring 8½ h.; at neaps, 7½ h.

Time	Range	Time	Range
3h. 52m.	7ft. 8in.	4h. 14m.	6ft. 9in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The night tides are higher than the day tides).
Approximate rise, 5¼ h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M.		P.M.	
H.	M.	H.	M.
2	54	3	16

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset.

Moon		Sun		Daylight	Dark
Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets		
11.7 p.m.	10.38 a.m.	5h. 0m.	7h. 6m.	4h. 15m.	7h. 51m.

Mean Barometric Pressure.
July 29.69 in.
754.3 mm.

Steamers Arrived

July 2—Kiangyung from Hankow
July 3—H. K'tsen from Ningpo
July 3—U.S.S. Huron from C'foo
July 3—Haean from Foochow
July 3—Nanchang from Swatow
July 3—Wakamatsu M. from Jap.
July 3—Siberia M. from H'kong
July 3—Chekiang from H'kong
July 3—Hakodate M. from Europe
July 3—Klangshun from Hankow
July 3—Tehhsing from Hankow
July 3—Devanha from Japan
July 3—Ningchow from N. Y.
July 3—West Cayote from P'land
July 3—Taisang from Hongkong
July 3—Hwahchie from C'foo
July 3—Kwangping from C'tao
July 3—Fujisan M. from Japan
July 3—Ryusho M. from Japan

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGYUNG, Capt. Smith, will leave on Wednesday, July 4, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. KEIWO, 1,644 Tons, Captain Dawson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, July 5, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Cen. 141. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. LOONGWO, 2,925 Tons, Captain Holmwood, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, July 6, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 141. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. LUENHO, 2,868 Tons, Captain Woodget, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, July 9, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 141. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. KUNGWO, 4,635 Tons, Captain Gibb, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, July 10, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 141. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The steamer HSIN KIANGTEEN, Cpatain Randbye, will leave on Thursday, July 5, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. KWANGTAH, Captain McLean, will leave on Thursday morning, July 5. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. HAEAN Captain Murphy, will leave on Thursday morning, July 5. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. YUSHUN, Capt. Evensen, will leave on Wednesday morning, July 4. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration steamer KAIPING, Captain R. Macfarlane, will be despatched on July 5. Tender for Passengers and luggage will leave Customs Jetty at 9.30 a.m. on July 5. This steamer is fitted with WIRELESS, has extra State-rooms with steam heaters, electric light and fans, also smoking room and spacious promenade deck. Excellent table provided. For Freight and Passage, apply to the Agent, 32 Jinkee Road, Phone Central 317.

TIENTSIN Direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration will despatch the steamer KWANGPING on July 6, 1923. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 32 (lete 1) Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 317.

For Foreign Ports

SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER via KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU, YOKOHAMA & VICTORIA B. C.—The Osaka S. Kaisha's Cargo and Passenger Str. ARABIA MARU, 20,000 tons, Capt. S. Yamaga, will be despatched from the O. S. K. Buoy on July 7, at 4 a.m. The tender conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty at 6 and 9 p.m. on 6 inst. For Freight or Passage, apply to, THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 2 Canton Road, Phone. C. 4234.

LONDON, HAMBURG, BREMEN, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM VIA PROTS.—The O.S.K.'s Cargo Steamer ALPS MARU 15,000 tons, Capt. A. Kobayashi, will be despatched from the O.S.K. Buoy on Monday July 9, at———m. For Freight or apply to, THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA. No. 2 Canton Road Phone. C. 4234.

Weather Report

July 2.—High pressures over the Bonin. The depression is crossing the Sea of Japan NE ward. Low area over Kiangsi. The typhoon lands over the Kwangtung coast, west of Hongkong NW ward. Southerly to S Easterly winds over the Yellow and the Eastern Seas. Cyclonic storm between Hainan and the Pratas. Overcast and damp weather in our Valley, with showers and thick mist in the evening. Foggy along the coast.

July 3.—Cloudy and very damp weather. Rather steady pressure. S Easterly breezes.

Sailed from Shanghai

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

Korea Maru	June 8
President Cleveland	June 9
Yankee Arrow	June 19
Shinyo Maru	June 21
President Pierce	June 23
Siberia Maru	July 3

FOR SAN PEDRO

Algonquin	June 10

FOR VANCOUVER

Empress of Canada	June 4
Canadian Freighter	June 10
Empress of Russia	June 16
Empress of Australia	July 2

FOR SEATTLE

President McKinley	June 6
Hawaii Maru	June 7
City of Spokane	June 14
Alabama Maru	June 19
President Jackson	June 23
Ibukisan Maru	June 25
City of Spokane	June 28
President Jefferson	June 30
Pomona	July 3

FOR PORTLAND, ORE.

Wawalona	June 2
Montague	June 15
West Jena	June 21

FOR NEW YORK

Kendal Castle	June 1
M. S. Dollar	June 7
City of Pittsburg	June 10
Mayebashi Maru	June 12
Eclipse	June 13
Stanley	June 14
Oanfa	June 15
Roman Prince	June 20
Shunko Maru	June 23

FOR UNITED KINGDOM

Glenamoy	June 1
Haruna Maru	June 2
City of Tokio	June 6
Eumaeus	June 6
Sardinia	June 9
Adrastus	June 13
City of Singapore	June 13
Glentara	June 15
Rhemjus	June 15
Kamo Maru	June 16
Teiresias	June 21
Delta	June 23
Gaelic Prince	June 24
Machaon	June 27
Cyclops	June 27
City of Corinth	June 27
Diomed	June 30
Glenapp	July 1

FOR HAMBURG

Adolf von Bayer	June 2
Dakar Maru	June 2
Amur Maru	June 8
Ermland	June 9
Angera	June 23
Preussen	June 30

FOR ROTTERDAM

Oudekerk	June 1

FOR COPENHAGEN

Malaya	July 1

FOR MARSEILLES

Cordillere	June 1

FOR TRIESTE

Fiume L.	June 29

FOR INDIA

Soudan	June 1
Japan	June 1
Jeypore	June 11
Kutsang	June 23
Sicilia	June 26

Launch Services

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers and baggage on board the K.M.A. s.s. Kaiping, for Chinwangtao will leave the Customs Jetty at 9:30 a.m.

Friday, July 6, 1923.

The tender conveying passengers and hnd baggage on board the M.M. s.s. Chili, for Marseilles will leave the French Mail Jetty at 2 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and baggage on board the O.S.K. s.s. Arabia Maru, for Puget Sound will leave the Customs Jetty at 6 and 9 p.m.

Saturday, July 7, 1923

The tender conveying passengers and hand baggage on board the the P. & O. s.s. Malwa, for London will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

Shipping Items

RIVER PORTS

The I-C. s.s. Kutow left Hankow on Sunday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow on Sunday and is due in Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s Loongwo left Hankow on Monday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow on Monday and is due in Shanghai tomorron.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangteen left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The I.C. s.s. Kungwo will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Lunyi will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Sunday.

SOUTHERN PORTS

The I-C. s.s. Tungshing left Hongkong yesterday and is due in Shanghai via Swatow on Saturday afternoon.

The C.N. s.s. Kanchow left Hongkong on Saturday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hongkong on Sunday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Szechuen left Hongkong yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Taishun left Foochow on Monday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangtah left Hongkong on Saturday and is due in Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Taksang is expected to leave Hongkong for Swatow and Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Waishing is expected to leave Hongkong for Swatow and Shanghai on Friday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning will leave Hongkong tomorrow and is due in Shanghai via Swatow on Monday.

NORTHERN PORTS

The I-C. s.s. Cheongshing left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei, Hongkong and Canton on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin on Sunday and is due in Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei today.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Tsingtao yesterday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Fooshing was due to leave Newchwang for Chefoo and Swatow on Tuesday.

The D.K.K. s.s. Chohei Maru is due in Shanghai from Dairen and Tsingtao this morning and will dock at the Whangpoo wharf. The steamer is to sail for Tsingtao and Dairen at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinkong left Dairen on Sunday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kaho left Newchwang for Chefoo and Swatow on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung left Tientsin on Monday and is due in Shanghai via Chefoo tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming will leave Tientsin today and is due in Shanghai via Chefoo on Saturday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin tomorrow and is due in Shanghai via Chefoo and weihaiwei on Sunday.

The I-c. s.s. Tingsang is due in Shanghai from Tientsin, Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Friday.

JAPAN PORTS

The N.Y.K. s.s. Aso Maru is due in Shanghai from Yokohama, Nagoya and Yokkaichi today and will dock at the Wayside Wharf.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru is due in Shanghai from Osaka, Kobe and Moji today and will dock at the N.Y.K. Mail Wharf.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Nagasaki Maru is due in Shanghai from Nagasaki tomorrow morning and will dock at the Wayside Wharf. The steamer is to sail for the same port early Friday morning.

INDIAN LINES

The P. & O. s.s. Soudan is expected to leave Bombay for Colombo, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai next Friday.

EUROPEAN LINES

The Ben Line s.s. Benvenue left Penang on Friday, June 22, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on or about July 10.

The Ben Line s.s. Benlawers is expected to arrive at Penang on July 9, and in Shanghai about July 27.

The N.D.L. s.s. Goettingen left Singapore on Monday, June 25, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai today.

The Norwegian, Africa and Australia Line s.s. Yerra, from Christiania and ports, left Immingham on June 21 and is expected to arrive in Shanghai about August 13.

The P. & O. s.s. Khiva, from London on May 25, was expected to leave Hongkong at daybreak Monday and arriving in Shanghai tomorrow.

The P. & O. s.s. Dongola is due to leave London next Friday, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai via ports about August 15.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Katori Maru is due in Shanghai from Japan ports tomorrow and will sail for Marseilles and London next Saturday.

The P. & O. s.s. Macedonia, from London on June 22, is expected to leave Bombay on July 13, and arriving in Shanghai via Singapore and Hongkong on August 1.

The P. & O. s.s. Malwa will leave Shanghai for London via ports on Saturday afternoon, July 7, and the tender with outgoing passengers is to leave the Customs Jetty at 3 o'clock. Heavy baggage should be delivered to the lighter at the Customs jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Friday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Hakone Maru is due in Shanghai from European ports next Friday and will sail for Kobe and Yokohama at daybreak Saturday.

The S.E. s.s. Japan, from Gothenburg, left Immingham on June 27 and is expected to arrive in Shanghai about August 7.

The S.E. s.s. Nippon, from Gothenburg, arrived at Kobe on June 28 and is due in Shanghai today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Laomedon left Singapore last Sunday and is due in Shanghai via Hongkong on July 10.

The M.M. s.s. Chili will leave Shanghai for Marseilles and ports at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, and the tender with outgoing passengers and ghad baggage will leave the French Mail jetty at 2 p.m. Heavy baggage should be dolivered to the Company's office before noon tomorrow.

AMERICAN LINES

The S. and B. s.s. West Prospect arrived in Shanghai from San Francisco and Los Angeles via ports on Monday and will sail for Hongkong, Saigon and Singapore today.

The Columbia Pacific s.s. West Kader is due in Shanghai from Portland, Oregon, July 16 and will sail for the same port via Tsingtao, Taku Bar and Dairen on July 18.

The C.P.S. s.s. Empress of Canada was due to leave Vancouver on Thursday and arriving in Shanghai via Yokohama and Kobe on July 13.

The Adl. O. Line s.s. President McKinley was due to leave Seattle on Sunday and arriving in Shanghai via Yokohama and Kobe on July 18.

The T.K.K. s.s. Siberia Maru will leave Shanghai for Puget Sound at daybreak Saturday, and the tenders with outgoing passengers will leave the Customs jetty at 6 and 9 p.m. Friday.

The P.M. s.s. President Wilson is due in Shanghai from Hongkong next Friday and will berth at the lower buoys. The liner is to sail for San Francisco via Kobe Yokohama and Honolulu on Saturday.

The Adl. O. Line s.s. President Madison will arrive in Shanghai from Seattle and Japan ports Friday and sailing for Hongkong and Manila on Sundy. The liner brings 1,686 sacks of mail, 3,000 tons of cargo and a full passenger list for Shanghai, and is to dock at the China Merchants' Central Wharf upon arrival.

The T.K.K. s.s. Siberia Maru sailed from Woosung for San Francisco via Japan ports and Honolulu last evening.

The P.M. s.s. President Taft from San Francisco on June 28, is due to leave Honolulu today and arriving in Shanghai via Yokohama and Kobo on July 18.

The P.M. s.s. President Lincoln will arrive in Shanghai from San Francisco, Honolulu, Yokohama and Kobe this evening, and is to dock a tthe China Merchants' Central Wharf about 6 o'clock. The liner brings 164 bags of mail, 2,500 tons of cargo and a full list of passengers for this port, and will sail for Hongwong and Manila at daylight Friday morning.

Passengers Departed

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangwah for Kiukiang: Mme de la Prade and four children, Capt. and Mrs. Ferrafolo, Mr. and Mrs. Grosbois and child, Mrs. Amam and infant; for Hankow: Foncret.

Per C.M. s.s. Tungchow for Weihaiwei: Misses Bradley, Sandbach, R. Sandbach, Martin, Mr. ad Mrs. V. J. S. Ruhble and three children, Mrs. G. G. Sandback, Mr. and Mrs. K. E. Newman and three children, Mrs. R. F. C. Master and two children, Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Murray and two children; for Chefoo: Dr. Bondfield, Miss M. F. Evans, Dr. Cameron, Mr. J. H. Ford; for Tientsin: Messrs. T. Peck, Folts.

Per I-C. s.s. Tuckwo for Nanking: Misses S. L. and M. E. Dodson; for Kiukiang: Mrs. H. D. Bondfield and child, Miss Fleet, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. W. Moore and infant, Mrs. M. E. McDonald, Mrs. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Kerr, Mr. A. Henderson; for Hankow: Messrs. Herberts, Rohjohn, Mrs. Morris.

Per C.N. s.s. Wuchang for Tungchow: Mr. E. Van Duyn.

Per C.N. s.s. Kashing for Newchwang: Mrs. R. J. Rawlinson, Mr. W. R. Smith.

Per C.N. s.s. Liangchow for Amoy: Dr. J. L. Maxwell, Mr. Donelvsky; for Hongkong: Mrs. L. A.L. Moore, Mrs. M. Ellis.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Mr. C.H. Lavers, Miss and Master Aquino, Dr. H Thomas.

Per C.N. s.s. Ngangin for Kiukiang: Misses N.P. Jawis, F. Boss, Rev. Father Segond, Dr. Chaslotte Bacon; for Hankow: Misses Mayhow, Hodgson, Mrs. Gardarin, Reid, C. B. Thompson, Master Gardarin, Mr. and Mrs. B.D. Armstrong.

Per C.N. s.s. Soochow for Swatow: Messrs. B. Kateh, W. M. Awad.

Steamers Departed

July 2—Hohsing for Tientsin
July 3—Suiwo for Hankow
July 3—Kiangwah for Hankow
July 3—Ngankin for Hankow
July 3—Kiangsang M. for Hankow
July 3—Kingsing for W. C. T'sin
July 3—Shanghai M. for Japan
July 3—Liuhsing for Cruise
July 3—Pomona for Seattle
July 3—Soochow for S. H. C.
July 3—Kansu for C. N'chwang
July 3—Tungchow for W. C. T.
July 3—Unkai M. 6 for Tayeh
July 3—Snawhsing for N'chwang
July 3—Asiatica for Hankow
July 3—Siberia M. for S. F'cisco
July 3—H. K'teen for Ningpo

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"PRESIDENT JACKSON"	Aug. 17	Sept. 2
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E/Australia	July 2	July 18	E/Australia	Aug. 27	Sept. 12
E/Asia	July 14	July 30	E/Asia	Sept. 8	Sept. 24
E/Canada	July 30	Aug. 13	E/Canada	Sept. 24	Oct. 8
E/Russia	Aug. 11	Aug. 27	E/Russia	Oct. 6	Oct. 22
			E/Australia	Oct. 22	Nov. 7

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S.S. President Wilson	July 7
S.S. President Lincoln	July 21
S.S. President Taft	Aug 4
S.S. President Cleveland	Aug. 18
S.S. President Pierce	Sept. 1

FOR HONGKONG and MANILA

S.S. President Lincoln	July 6
S.S. President Taft	July 20
S.S. President Cleveland	Aug 3
S.S. President Pierce	Aug. 17
S.S. President Wilson	Aug. 31

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Tenyo Maru via Nagasaki	Aug. 13
Korea Maru, via Nagasaki	Aug. 24

SAILINGS FOR HONGKONG and MANILA

Taiyo Maru, Manila via Hongkong	June 30
Tenyo Maru, Manila via Hongkong	July 25
Korea Maru, Manila via Hongkong	Aug. 4
Shinyo Maru, Manila via Hongkong	Aug. 18

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By George McManus

I DON'T MIND MAGGIE TAKIN' ME TO THESE SOCIAL AFFAIRS AS LONG AS I KIN SMOKE.
MR. JIGGS - PARDON ME BUT IS THAT A CIGAR YOU ARE SMOKING?
I DON'T KNOW - YOUR HUSBAND GAVE IT TO ME.
I DON'T MIND TELLING YOU THAT SMOKING MAKES ME DEATHLY ILL!
I DON'T MIND YOU TELLIN ME -
?
BUT IF IT MAKES YOU SICK - WHY DON'T YOU GIVE IT UP!!!
GEO MCMANUS 5-4

The Amusement Seekers

BY BEATRICE FAIRFAX

What do you want of life? Is your greatest desire to enjoy yourself—to pass your days pleasantly—to amuse yourself? Or do you want to be part of the constructive force of the world and to feel not only that you are growing but that you are giving something to the world as you go along your way?

The world is full of amusement seekers. Are you one of them?

"I want a good time," is the subconscious cry of scores of folks who might amount to something if they did not waste themselves in the seeking of what to them is the one goal of their days.

"Happiness eludes us in the direct pursuit thereof," said a great and wise man.

The truth of this is unavoidable, but it is one of the truths to which most people shut their eyes and their minds.

Hectic excitement never yet got anyone anything real and lasting. Dance six nights a week, and at the end of the sixth night any real pleasure in dancing gives way to the exhaustion of what has become a task and a hardship if you would but be honest with yourself.

Wear yourself out in the feverish pursuit of any sort of good time, and the thing is no longer even a means to an end.

If you have no ambition, no goal, no great desire beyond that of killing time, you are likely also to kill all enjoyment in your pursuit.

If you race around seeking amusement, first you wear yourself out in your search for new stimulations, and then you come to the point where you are so drugged by your own emotions that you cannot feel anything more than a jaded longing for something new.

Put your energy into work and see at the end of a long, hard day that you have actually accomplished something and that there is achievement to show for your effort—and you will experience one of the greatest joys known to man—the satisfaction of having created something.

The amusement seeker doesn't put anything into his days. He merely tries to get something out of them.

Why do butterfly men and women try to find "something to do" at the end of a career of pleasure seeking? Not because they are old and worn by years, not because they are no longer socially desirable, but because they have found that all their racing around is empty and profitless.

Mere enjoyment is dust and ashes. It becomes a routine far more grilling than that of work which offers a variety of outlets and satisfactions. Amusement is bound to pall. It has no new sensation to offer, no new promises to make, no new vistas to open—after you have traveled its primrose path to its empty finale.

Amusement doesn't amuse after a time.

Don't clamor for the "good time" which is bound to prove boring and empty at the end. Instead find the joy of contributing something to life. For so you will find yourself with a capacity for honest enjoyment and an ability to get real pleasure out of the change occasions' relaxation brings.

Don't Be Jealous In Business

BY J. J. MUNDY

It seems that you are jealous of a certain person employed where you are; and so, instead of working to increase the output of your department you are looking for an opportunity to bring censure on the one you dislike.

If some person is advancing more rapidly than you are, there is a reason.

Instead of blocking his or her success, study the whys and wherefores that make the headway.

If you are wise you will then adopt the same plan for improving your work.

You have thought it was on account of a so-called "Pull" that So-and-So is out-distancing you at your work, but more likely the person you have in mind is delivering the goods better than you do.

He is giving service that is appreciated.

You are confident that your service has merit—that it is just as good, and so it should be recognised.

If you are as good and are not promoted, the preferences going to another, then you would better look for another job.

Generally speaking investigation will show you that you lack something that the other has shown to be desirable, so try to find what you need.

Across The Breakfast Table

By Mr. and Mrs. W. L. George

Loose Talk

Mrs. George: I don't like your friend Edward Smith, and I'm surprised that you should have insisted on my asking him to dinner. He told stories last night that made me feel ashamed. I don't say I mind stories that are supposed to be a little improper, but they've got to be funny, really funny. If a thing's witty it's not improper, but what I hate is a man who tells story after story and looks around all the time to see if he's making the women blush.

Mr. George: I agree. It's a silly habit that men seem to fall to, but there's no vice in it, no meaning. The man who tells you that sort of story is generally quite moral, and only a bit of a fool. If we're going to be so fussy about a story which is beyond the border line of your delicate sensibilities, we shan't know anybody at all. Except prigs. Anyhow I don't suppose you know at all what you mean when you say a story is unpleasant. Or what you really do mean is that if you see the joke the story's funny, while if you don't it's merely coarse.

Mrs. George: I don't agree at all. You know perfectly well what I mean. You don't tell those stories yourself to mother, or even to me, so I don't see why they should be told me by somebody else. The man who tells that sort of story is a nasty man: he wants to make women uncomfortable, and he enjoys doing it. Of course I know why you like Edward! it's because he flatters you, so you don't care what he says. I know, I know; this may be beside the point, and why is it beside the point? Because you can't answer it.

An Astronomer On Life

BY GARRETT P. SERVISS

"We are now thinking, writing, reading, solely by grace of electronic vibrations in chemical atoms at the surface of the sun," so writes Harlow Shapley, the new director of the Harvard Observatory, in Harper's Magazine.

He is discussing the problem of life in the universe, and he reminds us that in light is "the means to life," and light for the planets, in its primary form, is "wholly a phenomenon of the activities of solar atoms."

This can only mean that, although we live on the earth, we live by the sun. The earth is simply the place where we live; the sun is the source of our life. A new angle is thus suggested from which to view the "momentous pronouncement" in the Mosaic cosmogony: "Let there be light."

"Even these earliest students of the origin and structure of the universe," Dr. Shapley remarks, "recognised the overwhelming importance of light."

Of course, under the terms light is understood the whole radiation of the sun received by the earth, for it does not all manifest itself in its effects upon the eye. The eye determines what vibrations from the excited atoms in the sun shall affect our brains visually. Other sense organs determine what radiations from the same source shall appear as heat. And there are still other constituents of the solar radiation whose effects depend upon the receptive and transmutative properties of plants.

Some of the statements of Dr. Shapley in beginning his discussion of a question which it is a pleasure to find a leader in astronomical investigation willing openly to handle, will strike many unprepared readers with some surprise:

"From the standpoint of astrophysical studies of the structure of the universe, life is not an important item."

"Animal behavior is a trivial matter compared with the behavior of elemental gases."

"An impersonal cosmogonist would not single out for investigation those chemical jugglers called living organisms. He would prefer to understand for example, the radiations of a comet's tail, which seem to be a concern of much higher weight in the comprehension of the physical world."

"But wait," says he, readjusting the viewpoint. "The ferret and interpreter of the sublime facts and acts of the material universe is one of these same trivial organic things. Physically minute, to be sure, but is stature everything? Temporarily brief, but is durability alone important?"

So after all the astronomer and the astrophysicist, eagerly seeking to discover the laws of gases and of comets' tails as the matters of highest importance in the physical world, acknowledges the essential primacy of that manifestation of "organic jugglery" which takes the indefinable and immeasurable form of the human intellect.

Dr. Shapley, after pointing out that we have no scientific justification for postulating the existence of life in worlds where the conditions are widely different from those on our earth and in the neighborhood of our sun, remarks that "even if one star in a thousand eventually develops a planetary system, it is probable that only rarely would one of the planets be ideal for our kind of existence, and still more rarely would those conditions be long maintained free from the disturbances of periodic variation, collision with nebulosity and the further encounter with stellar neighbors."

With regard to life in the solar system he considers that Venus more nearly fulfills the required conditions than any planet other than the earth. "Its mass and orbit are certainly favorable; its distance, rotation and chemical constitution are probably not unfavorable, though we cannot penetrate its dense covering of clouds and seek out the mystery of its surface."

The existence on Mars of beings comparable with man and other terrestrial mammals he thinks should be considered as "utterly impossible," while "the other planets of the solar system are now quite unsuited to protoplasmic life."

No doubt all this is scientifically sound. But I am glad to see Venus getting fairly through the meshes of the sieve, and I still feel the uplift of Giordano Bruno's sublime faith in the virtual universality of life.

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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JULY 4, 1923

WEATHER

Cloudy and hot weather with local thunders in the valley. Southerly winds on the Yellow Sea, with local fogs. The typhoon which has landed in Kwangtung will continue towards N.N.W. and many cause a depression in Kiangsi.

Ford For President

THE announcement that Henry Ford, the famous flivver manufacturer of Detroit, would run for President of the United States (as carried exclusively by THE CHINA PRESS), did not come as a great surprise to those in America who have had their ear to the ground listening for political murmurings. In fact the Dearborn-Ford-For-President Club, organised by Ford employees in his home-town and his official boosters for the nomination, let it be known as long ago as May 30 that old-time politicians were barring the way to Ford's nomination on either of the old party tickets and forecast that he would be the candidate on a third party ticket.

At that time the Dearborn-Ford-For-President Club virtually abandoned its efforts to create interest in the automobile manufacturer's candidacy, and dropped a gentle hint to the American Economic League, which was then holding its annual convention in Omaha, that the time was ripe for the League to organise a third party and nominate Ford.

Ford, in politics, is a bashful candidate. The Dearborn Club was organised and has carried on its propaganda for him entirely without his knowledge, to hear him tell it, but the club has unquestionably been inspired in its announcements and Ford has always followed in the footsteps of its forecasts. Two months ago the Club gave out an announcement that the thing they were working for was to get Ford's name on the ballot. They didn't care whether it was on the Democratic ticket, or the Republican. In fact they rather hinted they might prefer to have it on a third party ticket where Ford would not only be the principal candidate, but could also pick his running mate for the vice-presidency. Like one of Theodore Roosevelt's bitter enemies once remarked on the Colonel: "If he were to have his way he'd be the corpse, mourners, choir and pall-bearers at his own funeral."

The Dearborn Club in one of its inspired announcements asserted Ford's carelessness of political ties by asserting that although he had run for United States Senator from Michigan on the Democratic ticket in 1918 he was really, at heart, at least half Republican. In the Ford biography which is understood to have been approved by Mr. Ford, he is pictured as a Republican.

To create interest in Ford's campaign the Dearborn Club is now planning on a nation-wide movement to present Ford as the best presidential candidate. First they will scatter posters of Ford's pictures together with what they consider his qualifications for the White House all over the land. Ford dealers and distributors will be used as distributors of the posters, according to the club, which insures nation-wide distribution. The club with [illegible] national organizers [illegible] Ford.

will call a gigantic mass-meeting in the near future in Detroit when opportunity will be given to all to climb on the band wagon.

Until Ford actually announced his candidacy he has been as rosy as the proverbial clam. While the entire country, reinspired now and then by the ever efficient Dearborn Club, has been buzzing with gossip of Ford's candidacy Ford himself has appeared totally unconcerned about the matter. He has declined to talk about the question of his occupancy of the White House in place of President Harding. The once loquacious Ford suddenly became the Sphinx incarnate. But the convenient Dearborn Club gave out a statement that Ford never contradicted. "Nobody wants him for President except the people," quoth the Club.

Now Ford has laid his cards on the table. He has definitely announced his candidacy and at the same time flaunted his disregard of the old parties. They didn't seem to like him, at least they didn't jump all over themselves welcoming him to the fold, so he's going to have his own party.

Ford's candidacy is bound to be one of the most interesting phases of American politics during the next year. It is sure to excite comment, columns of newspaper talk and predictions, and considerable thinking among the people, the politicians, and the country in general. We Americans in Shanghai, unable to vote, will be almost as keen, for Henry Ford is an extremely interesting character and whatever he does is certain to cause considerable reaction, even though it may be only a laugh.

Bobbie And His Pa

BY WILLIAM F. KIRK

Pa and I was out walking yesterday and we seen sum men putting littel trouts in a streem, I sed to Pa why do men put littel bits of trouts in streem and then catch out all the big ones? I sed. Why doant thay put big ones in and catch the littel ones? I sed to Pa.

Now that you have brot the subjeck up, Bobbie, sed Pa, I will tell you, sed Pa. The littel trouts that thay are putting in the streem are not big enuff to eet and the big ones are, Hents, sed Pa, thay catch the big ones to eet. Do I maik my meaning cleer, Bobbie? sed Pa.

I under-stand, Pa, I sed. But what is the use of fooling the trots like that? Why doant they let them die of old age like Grandpa? I sed to Pa.

Beekaus man must be fed. Bobbie, sed Pa. And fishes are grate brane food, Bobbie, sed Pa. Of course I do not need to eet fishes for brane food, Bobbie, sed Pa, but lots of fokes do, Pa sed. Hents, sed Pa, a all wise Proverdents put the trouts and other fishes in the streems and laiks, sed Pa.

Then why doant thay put lots of littel boys and gurls in our town, I sed, so it will git full of peepul?

Beekaus thare is no grate anglers going around catching thousans of hewman beelngs, Bobbie, sed Pa. Our town dosent git fished out of peepul, the way a streem gits fished out of fish, sed Pa. Of course, sed Pa, thare is sum peepul in our town and in every town that ought to be yanked out of it, sed Pa, and thus maik way for better peepul, Bobbie, sed Pa, like what I am, Bobbie, sed Pa.

What peepul are you better peepul than? sed me to Pa.

How was that, sed Pa. Cum again, sed Pa.

What peepul are you better peepul than? I sed onst moar.

Evver and evver so many peepul Bobbie, sed Pa. Of course, Pa sed, those peepul doant know that I am better peepul than they are, so they die happy, sed Pa.

Is thare anybody in this whole wurld better and smarter than what you are? I sed to Pa.

A few. I suppoas, sed Pa. I havvent been all oaver the wurld, so I can't say for sure, Bobbie, sed Pa.

It is funny that you doant git catched like a big trout I sed to Pa. I herd a lady tell Ma that you thot you was a big fish in a littel peddel, sed me to Pa.

And what mite that lady's naim be, Bobbie? sed Pa.

But I wnddent tell. I am a Boy Scout and Boy Scout nevver squeels on nobody. Keep yure mouth shut and saw wood, that is the sistem, I will now close for this nost.

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37 ROUTE VALLON

"Pussyfoot" Johnson is now to make a tour of Egypt where it is predicted the camels will turn out en masse to greet him. It is also expected he will discover that King Tut was the first prohibitionist.

* * *

Sixteen ships carrying 80,000 immigrants are anchored outside New York waiting to get in. Ten ships carrying flocks of booze are anchored near them. And still some people say nobody loves a fat man or a dry country.

* * *

Pa And Ma Jongg

Pa Jongg sez he sees where the anthracite coal miners have threatened to go on strike in August and its getting so that everything and everybody in America strikes except the reformers, the prohibitionists and the blue law advocates. Ma agrees except that she thinks they're sensible not to strike until August because it's too warm now.

* * *

And now the Consortium is going to make a study of China's loans!

* * *

COURAGE

Not for the courage of the few I pray,
The men who rise to great emergencies;
Grant me the simple courage of today,
That whither duty calls me I may please
To bear the burdens I am called to bear,
Not merely with content, but joyously.
Whatever disappointment is my share,
Let only hope and courage fall from me.
The crisis is a challenge to the best
In every man, and brings its own reward;
But daily living is a harder test
To meet with cheerful courage. Judge me, Lord,
Not by one lofty hour men talk about;
But how I set my cups and saucers out.

HELEN FRAZEE-BOWER.

* * *

"Poor Man's Wives" is now coming in succession to "Rich Men's Wives." A sequel unquestionably. It all depends on the wives.

* * *

REMARKABLE REMARKS

"It's absurd to say one cuts oneself off from people who tempt one."—W. L. George.

"Logic is a human invention—and the highest—but Nature knows nothing of it."—Garrett P. Serviss.

"Prosperity is not without many fears and distastes; and adversity is not without comforts and hopes."—Francis Bacon.

"Blushing is the color of virtue."—Mathew Henry.

* * *

Forty-five more members of Parliament have left Peking supposedly en route to Shanghai.

* * *

The mere statement of the above should cause several laughs without undue exertion on our part this hot weather.

* * *

And since Henry Ford seems willing to run on any old ticket some of the cliques in Peking might draft him for service.

* * *

As Freddie Bills says if Henry runs anywhere near as well as his flivvers he'll be elected by 17 gallons and 4,000 more miles.

* * *

This being the Fourth of July we would like to live in Kissamee, Florida, so we could spend our time travelling around and having pretty girls ask us where we came from.

* * *

I ain't bothered!

Larry

Science In The University

The place which scientific study must play in world adjustment and progress and the various fields of relationship of the peoples, and the importance of training scientific teachers to develop the study, with particular reference to China, were taken up in a scholarly and extremely interesting address by Dr. Henry S. Houghton, director of the Peking Union Medical School, on the occasion of the opening of the new Science Laboratory Building at St. John's University last Saturday.

Dr. Houghton's address, given under the subject "The Place of Science in the University Curriculum," follows:

"It seems fitting, on the occasion of the formal opening of a new building which is to be devoted to the teaching of the natural sciences, to lay before you some reflections on the place of science in the university curriculum, and to discuss the value and emphasis which should be placed upon it.

"By science as we accept the term today I mean the testing of phenomena, the working with occurrences which are open to perception by the physical senses, and applying them to the practical affairs of every-day life. How recent the development of this intellectual attitude, which we call the experimental method, has been, I scarcely need to remind you. The classic philosophers took account of the objective world and elaborated profound and worthy speculations concerning it, but the cultural and social conditions of ancient civilisation were such that these observations remained bound up in a small intellectual aristocracy, and contributed nothing which affected the life and welfare of people as a whole. It was not until the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries that the intellectual restlessness of the newly organising northern peoples broke with traditional erudition, and began the manipulation of natural forces in the interest of human welfare and material progress.

MECHANICAL PROGRESS

"To Roger Bacon the world owes most of the debt of this revolt against the purely speculative interpretations of physical phenomena and the inception of our modern observational and experimental methods. From his day there has been a staggering growth of the application to common needs of the physical forces of which man is a part. The entire complex of modern life and society is built upon this bewilderingly rapid mechanical development. The globe has been reduced in size many fold by the elaborations of modern transportation and communication, to such an extent that national and international, social, economic and governmental relationships have been profoundly and irremediably affected by it. The expansion of knowledge in this field of practical science has so far out-stripped the growth of our understanding of the function and order of social relations, we have learned to control tremendous mechanical electrical and chemical forces so much more accurately than we can direct social and economic phenomena, that the world of men and nations is today in a state of flux and disorder which challenges the grave concern of thoughtful men and women everywhere. Those who look to the discoveries of physical science alone for world progress and happiness will be disappointed in spite of the changes brought about during the past two centuries.

"But what we have, we have; we cannot, if we would, return to the old and simpler order. The adjustment of our individual, and community, and national lives must be made, gropingly and for a time imperfectly, to the new estate in which human society finds itself.

NEED OF BACKGROUND

"It is clear, however, that the modern university, the function of which we assume to be the training of men and women for lives of usefulness to themselves and their follow men, must furnish its students with some insight into the background of our modern existence, and should provide them with the means of studying natural phenomena, and practise in experimental methods. Some familiarity with his department of human thought may be taken as essential in modern university education, no matter to what field of endeavor the student may turn for his subsequent career; and this for two reasons. In the first place, the utilities of present day life, accepted unthinkingly by most of us as being the natural order of things, are outgrowths of the scientific mode of thought and action, and the rationale of our life of today can be intelligently grasped only by those who have had some systematic or scientific method.

"In the second place, aspects of human effort other than the purely technical are profiting by the application of the same principles which have, for better or worse, created a new order of human existence within the past two hundred years. The study of man as a thinking and social creature has been enriched and broadened greatly during the past fifty years by the use of laboratory procedures, by exact and coordinated observations, by the minute study of natural conditions under controlled variations of environment, by statistics [illegible] reduce possibilities of error, and by the full play of creative imagination. The extension of this technique to the more subtle and baffling problems of life as they appear in social, governmental and ethical forms may well be rewarded by fresh and hopeful solutions. The new basis of psychology and its allied subjects are being increasingly built upon the foundations of experimental science, rather than on empirical and introspective lines. On the whole, then, it may be said that creative thought has received its greatest stimulus from the type of intellectual effort which I have described as the scientific method, and the exercise of it is demanded as a part of the content of education.

FACILITIES REQUIRED

"The difficulty of providing the space and equipment for instruction in the fundamental natural sciences of large numbers of students become increasingly great, as specialisation and subdivision has occurred with the rapid widening of our knowledge. Fifty years ago a room or two and some simple apparatus would have sufficed, whereas today a large outlay in buildings, in special equipment and mechanical accessories, is required. Separate and spacious laboratories must be available not only for physics, chemistry, biology, geology and the like, but as well for the varied divisions of these subjects which the enormous strides in specialised knowledge have made necessary. This University is greatly to be felicitated on this occasion on the possession of new and capacious quarters for science teaching, equipped with every needful resource for through instruction.

"Natural science as a part of the university curriculum serves two functions; first as part of the broad and general cultural education received, and secondly as a foundation for professional and technical studies. The first of these I have already dwelt upon, but it may be of interest to point out some added reasons why a special emphasis on the cultural aspects of science to teaching is desirable in China. The natural intellectual heritage of the Chinese people is one comparable, perhaps, to that of the classic systems of the West; the genius of the race in the realm of thought is philosophic rather than utilitarian, introspective rather than objective. In arts and industries in China, as well as in literature, there has been a tendency toward the backward look, as reliance upon authority, a variance for established usage, which is at variance with the new—or comparatively new—spirit of science which I have been describing.

ROBINSON'S VIEW

"The scorn of not a few recent writers is directed against this stifling of operative thought by the weight of accumulated tradition. '—mediaeval philosophy and science were grounded wholly in authority. The mediaeval schoolmen turned aside from the hard path of skepticism, long searchings and investigation of actual phenomena, and confidently believed that they could find truth by the easy way of revelation and the elaboration of unquestioned dogmas. This reliance on the authority is a fundamental primitive trait. We have inherited it not only from our mediaeval forefathers, but...from long generations of prehistoric men. ..We unconsciously absorb our ideas and views from the group in which we happen to live. What we see about us, what we are told, and what we read has to be received at its face value so long as there are no conflicts to arouse skepticism. ..The findings of modern science have shaken the hold of the sources of mediaeval authority, but they have done little as yet to loosen our inveterate habit of relying on the more insidious authority of current practice and belief.'

"We are still inclined to assume that 'current institutions

(Continued on Page 20)

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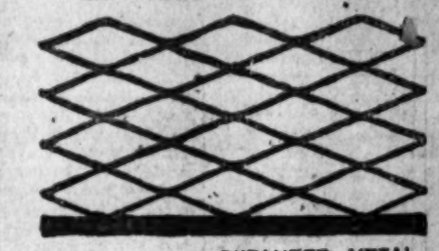

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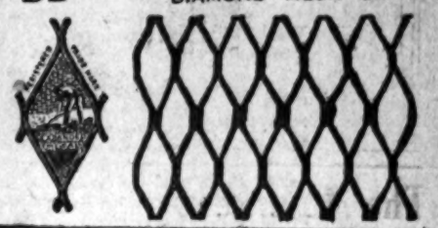

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Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$1,070 B.
Chartered	£20½ S.
Russo-Asiatic	Nom
Marine Insurance	
Canton	H.$590 B.
North China	H.$230
Union of Canton	$25½ B.
Yangtsze	Tls. 18½ B.
Far Eastern Ins.	
Fire Insurance	
China Fire	H.$137
Hongkong Fire	H.$465 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	H.$160
Indo-China Pref.	H.$87½ B.
"Shell"	80/-
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 86
Shai Tug Pref.	Tls. 83 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 17½ B.
Oriental Cons.	INA.
Raub	$5½ B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	H.$152 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 97
New Eng. Works	Tls. 7½ B.
" Pref.	$. 5.20 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 198½ B
Hongkong Wharf	H.$166 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Shai Hotel, Ltd.	$42½ B.
China Realty ord.	Tls. 50
China Realty Pref.	Tls. 80
A.-French Land	Tls. 119 B.
Shanghai Land	Tls. 120 B.
Darlton Ltd.	Tls. 88 S.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 12¼ B.
E-wo (pref.)	Tls. 109 B.
Lacu-kung-mow	Tls. 10
Oriental	Tls. 5 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 105
Industrials	
Sutter Tiles	Tls. 28
China Sugar	Tls. 232½ S.
Green Island	Tls. 28¾ B.
Langkats	$31 B. c
Major Bros.	Tls. 6
Shai Sumatra	Tls. 96½
Stores	
Hall and Holts	$6¾ B.
Lewsyn	$42½
Lane Crawford	$100 B.
Routrie	$55 B.
Watson	H.$18¼ B.
Weeks	$13
Rubbers (local)	
Alma	Tls. 6¾ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.32½ B
Anglo-Java	Tls. 6.15 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3.05 B.
Cyper Tawah	Tls. 22 B.
Batu Anam 1911	Tls. 1 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.60 B.
Bukit Tok Alang	Tls. 1.02½ B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 4½ B.
Cheng	Tls. 1¾
Consolidated	Tls. 2.85 B.
Dominion	Tls. 2¼ B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 10 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 12¼ B.
Kapayang	Tls. 9¼ B.
Karan	Tls. 5 B.
Kedah	Tls. 1.10 B.
Koth Bahroe	Tls. 1.20 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 14 B.
Padang	Tls. 4¾ B.
Pangkalan Durian	Tls. 1¼ B.
Permata	Tls. 2.80 B.
Repah	Tls. 0.87½ B
Samagagas	Tls. 0.77½ B.
Seekees	Tls. 1.10 B.
Semambu	Tls. 1.30 B.
Senawang	Tls. 1.10 B.
Shai Kiebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay.	Tls. 3½ B.
Shai Malay pref.	Tls. 7.70
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 0.85 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.03 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 9¼ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 2¼ B.
Shai Seremban	Tls. 0.70 B.
Taiping	Tls. 0.60 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.75 —
Tebong	Tls. 1.85 B.
Tjongkee	Tls. 3.80 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. & E. Lumber	Tls. 325
Cathy Dairy	Tls. 14
Shanghai Trams.	Tls. 147
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 38 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 50
Shai Mercury	Tls. 20 B.
Shai Telephone	Tls. 70 B.
Shai Waterworks	Tls. 161¼

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales, B. Buyers

Striking Success Of The Stevenson Rubber Scheme

Mr. Charles Emerson, a well known Rubber magnate, in a recent speech as Chairman of the Linggi Plantations, Ltd., made the following reference to the restriction scheme:—

I come now to the much-vexed and widely-debated question of the restriction legislation which so vitally affects the present and future well-being of the industry that at a meeting of this importance some observations will, I understand, be anticipated. I assume a general knowledge of the outlines of the scheme which that legislation embodies, and I ask you—for men have short memories—to throw your minds back to August of last year. The position then was that the price of first-grade rubber had fallen to just under 7d.; that in the matter of accumulated stock Pelion was being heaped on Ossa; that the persistent endeavours of the Rubber Growers' Association to secure adequate adhesion to some reasonable scheme for the voluntary curtailment of production had failed hopelessly, completely and almost one might say, ignominously; and that the Government at The Hague having declined to be party to any scheme for compulsion the Colonial Office had reaffirmed its decision not to recommend to the local British Governments concerned legislation having for its effect the compulsory restriction of production. I confess that at that time I saw no particular reason why rubber should not fall still further, and I know that men in the market whose judgment I value entertained similar fears; and it seemed certain, with so many undertakings getting near the end of their financial tether, that the industry was heading straight for proximate disaster.

But within the next few weeks events moved with dramatic rapidity; the Rubber Growers' Association invited the Colonial Office Committee to formulate a scheme for compulsory restriction to be applicable to British Malaya and Ceylon alone, with the voluntary concurrence and active support of British interests in other districts and particularly in the Netherlands Indies; the Stevenson Committee with great promptitude formulated the principles of such a scheme. The Secretary of the State, convinced that—

"..... Diseases desperate grown by desperate appliance are relieved Or not at all."

affixed his imprimatur and most prudently obtained Cabinet sanction and approval; the local Governments concerned adopted the suggestions put to them, rushed through the necessary legislation, and the working of an effective scheme actually commenced on November 1st, with the result that rubber steadily rose in price until by January 10th, 1923, it had passed the 1s. 3d. mark, which was the primary aim of the undertaking.

TRIBUTE TO NATIONAL EFFICIENCY

That an operation of such magnitude and such far-reaching importance was successfully carried through in so limited a period of time is, I think, a striking tribute to national efficiency, and I would say further that, although this is not the place nor have I the desire to discuss the picturesque incidents of Mr. Winston Churchill's eventful career, yet common justice demands that we should acknowledge ourselves as peculiarly fortunate that at the psychological moment there reigned at the Colonial Office King Stork and not King Log.

Gentlemen, I will not pretend for one moment that I feel the same sense of security in a position which depends upon the successful working of a scheme such as this as I should had demand overtaken supply in the ordinary course of events, for an equilibrium which is reached by the operation of normal causes is obviously more satisfactory than one which is produced by an outside agency; in fact, the object aimed at by the Stevenson Committee was, I apprehend, to produce a natural equilibrium by controlling the forces which prevented it. But the restriction legislation has now been in force for six months, and we are able, to a certain extent, to take stock of it, and so far I think we may fairly say that it has been a striking success. That it may have to be modified in small details appears to me probable, for every large experiment must stand the test of experience and must be adjusted in the light of knowledge gained by a period of practical working. But the point I wish to press is that at the end of the highly critical months following its inception everything points to the conclusion that the scheme is sound in principle and will only need modification in detail, and if that be so, then I say that we have to congratulate Sir James Stevenson and his colleagues of the committee on a singularly brilliant achievement. (Hear, hear.) That it may prove to be so we must all most devoutly hope, because it would seem to be clear that, if control is to prove ultimately effective, we are in for a long period of it, and we can only envisage a return to the chaotic conditions of last August with a shudder.

Hankow Market

The Hankow British Chamber of Commerce write as follows in their weekly circular dated Hankow, June 27:

Bar silver 32 forward 31⅞ on the 20th dropped steadily all the week and closed 31¼ ready 31 forward. New York-London Cross Rate dropped steadily from 462½ to 461¼ at the close. T.T. was 3/2⅞ on the 20th dropped to 3/2⅝ on the 21st with two further drops ¼d. each that day was 3/2¼ on the 22nd 3/2⅛ on the 23rd 3/1⅞ on the 26th and 27th 4 m-s. which were placed at 3/3⅝ June-July early in the week, were eventually bought as low as low as 3/2⅛ for near. A fair amount of paper came out. Market rates'. Shanghai taels 96.975. Local currency $70.0375. Native interest 3 percent.

Imports.—Piece Goods: There is no improvement noticeable since the festival. Market dull and no enquiry, clearances poor.

Yarn:— No fresh enquiry but clearances of existing contracts are brisk.

Exports.—There is little or nothing to report in the home markets whilst in the local market there is a great scarcity of stocks of most articles and as a result prospects for the near future are extremely bull. The nominal value of wood oil is Tls. 33.00, sesame new crop Tls. 6.50 but there is hardly any business passing.

Analysis of exports for week ending June 22:

Cow hides to Shanghai 121, France 1,551, Germany 980, Italy 141 and Japan 444 piculs.

Buffalo hides to Shanghai 4, France 100 and Egypt 57 piculs.

China grass to Shanghai and ports 436 and Japan 4 piculs.

Vegetable tallow to Shanghai and ports 523 and Japan 722 piculs.

Animal tallow to Shanghai and ports 243 piculs.

Gall nuts to Shanghai 8, United Kingdom 345 and Japan 99 piculs.

Raw cotton to Shanghai and ports 15,435 and Japan 550 piculs.

Bristles to Shanghai 30, United Kingdom 83, America 511, France 387 and Japan 700 piculs.

Sesamum seed to Shanghai 538 and Japan 31 piculs.

Beans to Shanghai and ports 14,187 piculs.

Sesamum-seed oil to China ports 33 piculs.

Wood oil to Shanghai and ports 6,626, United Kingdom 99 and France 420 piculs.

Tea oil to Shanghai and ports 53 piculs.

Hen albumen to Shanghai 500 and United Kingdom 208 piculs.

Hen yolk to Shanghai 829 and United Kingdom 1,605 piculs.

Antimony regulus to China ports 17 piculs.

Gula-Kalumpong Output

Messrs. Ilbert and Company, Limited, the local Secretaries of the Gula-Kalumpong Rubber Estates Ltd., are in receipt of the following telegram from their Penang Agents:

Output of dry rubber for June 1923, 92,000 lbs.

Shipped 64,102 lbs.

Cocoanuts 750,000 nuts.

Rainfall 3 inches.

Hongkong Shares

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor of Hongkong write as follows in their weekly report on the share market dated Hongkong, June 29:

Our market has been quiet, but steady during the week under review, with an improved demand for some stocks, principally Cements and Hotels.

The Shanghai market is steady with buyers prevailing.

The following are the principal alterations since last week:

Hongkong Banks:—Are quieter with buyers at $1,075.

Unions:—Are a little weaker with sellers at $230.

Hongkong Lands:—Are quiet with buyers at $350 after sales at $354.

Hongkong Hotels:—Have been in more demand at rising prices and close with buyers at $28 for Old and $27.85 for New shares.

Cements:—Have been quite active, business being done at $30.80, but clos rather quieter.

Dairy Farms:—Have buyers at $25.25 after sales at this price.

Kowloon Wharves:—Remain quiet at unchanged prices.

Hongkong Docks: — Have weakened; sales having been effected at $149, at which price there are still buyers.

Hongkong Electricts:—Are steady with buyers and sales at $32.

Hongkong Ropes:—Are quiet; nominally same prices as last week.

Star Ferries:—Have strong buyers at $48.50 with no shares offering.

Watsons:—Have had a slight rise with sales at $18.50, $18.25 still being freely offered.

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Governor Now Senator From Minnesota

Jacob A Preus & J. L. Collins

FOLLOWING the death of the late United States Senator Knute Nelson, Governor Jacob A. Preus, of Minnesota, resigned, and Lieutenant-Governor Louis J. Collins succeeded him in the Capitol. Governor Collins's first official act was to appoint former Governor Preus United States Senator to succeed Senator Nelson, whose protege he was. Governor Collins served in the A. E. F. and is known as "The Five-Foot Corporal."

Canada To Hold Up Naming U. S. Envoy

Washington.—The Canadian Government has yielded to the pressure brought upon it by imperialists in the British Empire and will postpone appointment of a Minister at Washington until after the Imperial Conference in London in October.

While it is expected efforts will be made at that conference to alter materially the Canadian plan for direct representation at Washington, the Mackenzie King Government is determined upon its policy.

The man now under consideration is Sir Clifford Sifton, a man of positive character, a member of the Liberal Party, but notable for his independence. He broke with the Liberal Party under Laurier on the subject of reciprocity with the United States and again during the war period on the subject of conscription.

The decision to delay the appointment until after the Imperial Conference has been reached within the last few weeks, and was preceded by an interchange of opinion between the Canadian Government and the British Office, and with Ambassador Geddes at Washington.

NEW DOMINION POLICY

The Canadian Government has been told the approaching conference is one of the most important events in the history of the empire, and its aim is to work out a new ideal of union among the British self-government dominions and the mother country in the light of the admission that the dominions are autonomous groups.

While the official expression of representatives of the British Government has been favorable to the appointment of a resident Canadian Minister at Washington, there has been an undercurrent of objection which has found its reflection in Canadian politics, where the imperialist group has a strong representation.

The Canadian move along this line is regarded by many British leaders as tending to closer political relationship with the United States, a tendency regarded with considerable alarm in [illegible]. An even greater danger to the empire is seen in the effect the example of a Canadian Minister at Washington might have upon Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, India and more especialy upon Ireland.

The prospect of a group of British Dominion representatives at Washington, it is believed, would be bad enough and tend to differences among themselves, but the prospect of an Irish representative dealing directly with the United States is something that sends cold shivers up the back of the average Britisher.

It is accepted, also, that if Canada is permitted to conduct her own affairs at Washington it would be difficult to prevent the remaining Dominions from claiming a similar privilege.

UNIQUE SITUATION

The answer of the Canadians to this objection has been that Canada occupies a unique place among the British Dominions in its relation to the United States. The two countries, it is pointed out, are separated only by an imaginary line, their interests, while identical in many respects, are interwoven in such a way as to require adjudication and the greater portion of the business of the British Embassy relates to Canadian affairs.

The Canadian Government is hopeful it can convince the imperial Council at London of the unique necessity which requires a Canadian representative at Washington without establishing a precedent for the remainder of the Dominions, while the imperialists are equally hopeful a scheme can be worked out which will not result in the demand for the dreaded Irish resident minister.

PREMIER SETS PRECEDENT

While the debate over the status of the Canadian Minister was going on, Premier Mackenzie King quietly slipped into Washington one day a few months ago and established the principle of direct dealing with this Government by opening up with Secretary Hughes the question of the revision of the Rush-Bagot treaty governing armaments on the Great Lakes.

A little later another point was scored for the sponsors in the King Cabinet for Canadian representation by directly negotiating a treaty with the United States controlling halibut fishing along the Pacific Coast. It developed that British objection was raised to having the treaty signed by Canadian Minister of Fisheries Lepernte, and it was only after considerable insistence from Ottawa that the point was yielded.

The Canadian American fisheries treaty is expected to figure largely in the London conference, where it will be used as an argument for Dominion participation in diplomatic decisions affecting the empire.

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Good Service
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Now at $1.20
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Phone North 2988

Asia Banking Corporation
Capital, fully paid, G$4,000,000
An American Bank rendering complete service for trade with the Orient and all other parts of the world.
This Bank is a depository of the United States Government and is therefore prepared to cash UNREGISTERED War Savings Certificates of the 1918 Series.
HEAD OFFICE:
35 Broadway, New York
HEAD OFFICE FOR THE ORIENT:
Shanghai
G. A. TISDALL, *General Manager in the Orient*
R. BUCHAN, *Manager.*
Corner of Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads.
TELEPHONE Central 1324
BRANCHES
Shanghai, Yokohama, Peking, Hongkong, Canton, Tientsin, Manila, Hankow, San Francisco

SANDY MACDONALD

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SANDY MACDONALD SCOTCH WHISKY can be compared to a very fine old vintage Port, for just as a rare, luscious bottle of good old wine is the product of only the best *vineyards'* best years, so is Sandy Macdonald the product of only the best *distilleries'* best years.
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Manufacturers of "PAGODA" Brand Best Chinese Silk Hosiery
Secured
The Only Diploma
Awarded
at the Malaya-Borneo Exhibition held in Singapore on 31st. March, 1922 on the occasion of the visit of
H. R. H. Prince of Wales
Retail Department 119a Szechuen Road. Shanghai

SHOW ROOMS:
190, NANKING ROAD & 1996 N. SZECHUEN ROAD
Agents:
ALL OVER THE CITY.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India Australia and China

Incorporated in England by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund £2,000,000
Reserve Liabilities £2,000,000

Head Office.
38 Bishopsgate London, E. C.
Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Court of Directors
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
The Right Honourable Sir John Newell Jordan, G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., K.C.B.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq. M. P.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City and Midland Bank Limited.
Westminster Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
The Nation Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star (Kedah)	Haipnong	Peking
Amritsar	Hongkong	Penang
Bangkok	Iloilo	Puket
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Karachi	Saigon
Calcutta	Klang	Seremban
Canton	Kobe	Shanghai
Cawnpore	Kuala-Lumpur	Singapore
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	Tavoy
Hankow	New York	Tientsin
	Zamboanga	Yokohama

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travellers' Letter of Credit issued and every description of Banking business undertaken.

C. J. SCOTT,
Manager.

Banque belge Pour L'Etranger

(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique.)

	Frs.
Capital (subscribed)	100,000,000
Capital (paid up)	75,000,000
Reserves	21,852,280

Head office: Brussels
Branches and Agencies at: LONDON, MANCHESTER, PARIS, NEW YORK, BUCHAREST, BRAZIL, COLOGNE, CAIRO, ALEXANDRIA, PEKING, SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW.
Allied Banks:
BANCO DE CARTAGENA, MADRID, with Branches in SPAIN and MOROCCO
WIENER BANK-VEREIN, VIENNA, with Branches in AUSTRIA, ITALY (TYROL), and YUGO-SLAVIA.
ALLGEMEINER BOEHMI CHER BANK-VEREIN, PRAGUE, with Branches in CZECHO-SLOVAKIA.
SOCIETE EN COMMANDITE FRANCO-BELGE, A. KOUYOUMDJISKY AND CO., SOFIA.
LANDESBANK FUER BOSNIEN UND HERCEGOVINA, SERAJEVO, with Branches in YUGO-SLAVIA.
Correspondents in all parts of the world.
Every description of banking business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

Authorised Capital
U. S. $10,000,000
Paid Capital U. S. ..... $ 5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING

Branches:

HANKOW	SHANGHAI
MANILA	SHIHKIACHWANG
HARBIN	TIENTSIN
PEKING	TSINANFU

Correspondents all over the World.
Every kind of banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce is prepared to open Savings Accounts in local $, Taels, £, £, Frs. and Yen on very favorable terms. Prospectus will be mailed on request.

SHANGHAI OFFICE:
11A Nanking Road
Telephone C. 5841, 5842, 5843
Telegraphic address: Sinambank

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Authorised Capital .. $50,000,000
Paid-up Capital $20,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £4,500,000
Silver $24,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors $20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG.
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang, Chairman.
D. G. M. Bernard, Esq. Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.
J. A. Plummer Esq.
W. F. White, Esq.
CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong:
Hon. Mr. A. G. STEPHEN.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Harbin	Peking
Bangkok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Johore	Saigon
Calcutta	Kobe	S. Francisco
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Chefoo	London	Singapore
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Dairen	Malacca	Sungei-Patani
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Haiphong	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hamburg	New York	Vladivostock
Hankow	Yokohama	

London Bankers:
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12 The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa China, Japan and America

G. H. STITT.
Manager

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Kup. the Chinese Government	Tls. 3,500,00
Reserve Fund	1,750,00

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Bondreau
London Office:
64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co.
Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Paris: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: Irving Bank—Columbia Trust Company.
San Francisco: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA

Chanchun	Harbin	Shanghai
Chefoo	Hongkong	Peking
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
Hailar	Kashgar	Yokohama
Hankow	Newchwang	Urumtchi

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.
L. Jezierski.
P. Petithuguenin.
Ch. Bleuler.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

Bank of Communications

(Specially authorised and made a National Bank by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914 and October 31st, 1915)
Capital: Dollars 20,000,000.00.
President: Hon. Mr. Chang Chien.
Vice-President:
Mr. Chien Yung-ming.
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Credit granted on approved securities. Special Facilities for Transfers to all parts of China
SHANGHAI BRANCH:
14 The Bund
SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
T. D. Woo, Sub-Manager.
S. T. Huang, Sub-Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1.0 will be received.
Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.
Interest at the rate of 3½ % per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.
The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000.00.
Deposits may be withdrawn on Demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.
Depositors will be presented with Pass Books, in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.
OFFICE HOURS. 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Ltd.

Incorporated 1912.
Capital Authorised .. £1,200,000-0-0
Capital Paid-up £1,066,520-0-0
Reserve Fund H. K. $800,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

OFFICES:
Shanghai, New York, Canton and Bangkok.

SHANGHAI OFFICE:
No. 1 and 2 Ningpo Road.

AGENCIES:

Honolulu	San Francisco	Kobe
London	Sourabaya	Batavia
Manila	Singapore	Canada
Yokohama	Samarang	etc.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
We shall open our Savings Department beginning on February 21st, 1923. Favorable terms given. Savings deposits are cordially invited.

WONG WEN KUANG,
Manager

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
6 FOOCHOW ROAD

Telephone: C. 1941.
C. 1946.
C. 5651.
Telegraphic Address: "Knabex"

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.
Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T.T. Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc. etc.
Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.
Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.
Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.
Domestic Agencies at Tientsin Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau Dairen, Changchun, Mukden Soochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.
Y. KATADA, Manager.
N. F. CHANG, Sub-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Subscribed Capital 72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital 68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1-6-20) .. 69,500,000.00

Head Office:
No. 96 Boulevard Hanoomann, Paris.

Branches and Agencies:

Saigon	Hanoi	Tourane
Haiphong	Hankow	Tientsin
Peking	Canton	Mengtze
Hongkong	Pondichery	Bangkok
Singapore	Shanghai	Noumea
Papeete	Djibouti	Yunnanfu
Pnom-Penh	Battambang	

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts in taels and francs according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital paid up .... U.S. $5,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits ..... U.S. $10,504,980
Owned by the National City Bank of New York.

HEAD OFFICE:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
LONDON OFFICE:
36 BISHOPSGATE, E.C.

BRANCHES

Barcelona	Madrid
Batavia	Manila
Bombay	Panama
Calcutta	Peking
Canton	Rangoon
Cebu	San Francisco
Colon	Santo Domingo
Dairen	Shanghai
Hankow	Singapore
Harbin	Soerabaya
Hongkong	Tientsin
Kobe	Tokio
Lyons	Yokohama

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts and Savings Bank accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.
We are also able to offer our Customers the services of the Branches of the National City Bank of New York in the principal countries of South America and in the West Indies.

N. S. MARSHALL, Manager.
1A Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital $19,760,100.00
Reserve Fund $ 6,033,345.41

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Kalgan	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking
etc.,	etc.,	etc.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Berlin, New York San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka and Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
12 The Bund

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappy

(*Netherlands Trading Society*)
Established 1824

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 19,445,211 (about £1,620,434)
Special Reserve: Guilders 22,660,000 (about £1,888,333).

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Pekalongen
Bandoeng	Palembang
Bombay	
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerakarta
Kobe	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Tegal
Makassar	Tjilatjap
Medan	Welteyreden
Padang	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.
The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.
Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

M. J. HERBSCHLEB,
Agent.

浙江興業銀行 The Chekiang Industrial Bank Ltd.

Established 1908
(*Member of the Shanghai Bankers' Association*)

Capital $2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $206,400.00
Undivided Profits 120,751.00

Head Office: 14 Hankow Road, Shanghai.
Branches: Hankow and Hangchow.
Domestic Agencies:
In the principal cities throughou China.
Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Hamburg, Berlin, Tokyo, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul, Fusan and Hongkong.
Banking Department, Foreign Department and Savings Department.

Li Ming, Manager.

Tel. C. 7130, Manager's Office.
C. 7121 to 7124, General Office.
Cable Address:
"CHINDUBANK," Shanghai.

東亞銀行 The Bank of East Asia Ltd.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
No. 1C Kiukiang Road.

Authorised Capital $10,000,000.00
Paid up Capital $5,000,000.00
Reserved Fund H.K. $500,000.00
HEAD OFFICE: Hongkong.
BRANCHES: Canton, Saigon.
LONDON BANKERS: London Joint City and Midland Bank.
Correspondents in all principal cities of the world. All kinds of banking business transacted.
Interest allowed on current deposits and fixed deposits.
Loans granted on approved securities.

R. CHENG,
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI.

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On fixed deposits:—
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

SINO-ITALIAN BANK

Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars. 4,800,000
Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire 16,000,000
Paid up Capital .. Silver $1,200,000
Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire 4,000,000
Reserves ..... Silver $150,000
Head Office: Shanghai.
Branches:
Hankow, Peking, S'hai, Tientsin.
Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano.
England: Credito Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ld., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Banque Francaise of Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud Comptoir National d'Escompts de Paris Banque Italo Belge.
United States: Credito Italiano Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belge.
Switzerland: Banca Unione di Credito.
Banque Commerciale de le Bale.
Len and Co.'s Bank.
Banca Unione de Credito.
Belgium—Credit General Liegeois
Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U. S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies. Terms on application.
General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.
Telegraphic Address: Sinit
SHANGHAI, No. 16 Kiukiang Road.
Tel. C. Nos. 5090 and 5091.
Managers' Office Central 3004.

C. MARMONT,
CHIN YU SHU,
General Managers.

Vessels Due

Angkor, *Marseilles*	July	7
Autolycus, Liverpool	July	8
Benvenue, *London*		10
Changon, *Hankow*	July	4
Chungking, *Hankow*	July	5
Carnarvonshire, *London*	July	6
Chobei Maru, *Dairen*	July	4
Chikugo Maru, *Yokohama*	July	10
D. D'Aosta, *Trieste*	July	10
Fengtien, *Tientsin*	July	4
Genoa Maru, *Hongkong*	July	8
Goettingen, *Hamburg*	July	4
Hakone Maru, *Europe*	July	6
Hsinfung, *Tientsin*	July	5
Hsinming, *Tientsin*	July	7
Kiangwah, *Hankow*	July	10
Hsinkong, *Tientsin*	July	4
Hsin Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	July	5
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	July	4
Hsin Ningshao, *Ningpo*	July	4
Katori Maru, *Kobe*	July	5
Kaga Maru, *Seattle*	July	9
Kanchow, *Hongkong*	July	4
Khiva, *London*	July	5
Kiangfoo, *Hankow*	July	9
Kiangteen, *Hankow*	July	6
Kutwo, *Hankow*	July	4
Kiangyu, *Hankow*	July	7
Kumano Maru, *Osaka*	July	4
Kungwo, *Hankow*	July	8
Kwangtah, *Hongkong*	July	4
Laomedon, *Liverpool*	July	10
Loongwo, *Hankow*	July	5
Manila Maru, *U.S.A.*	July	11
Luenho, *Hankow*	July	7
Luenyi, *Hankow*	July	8
Nagasaki Maru, *Nagasaki*	July	5
Nippon, *Gothenburg*	July	4
Ngankin, *Hankow*	July	11
Nikko Maru, *Osaka*	July	11
Omi Maru, *Osaka*	July	8
Poyang, *Hankow*	July	7
Pres. Lincoln, *S. Francisco.*	July	4
President Grant, *Hongkong*	July	11
Pres. Madison, *Seattle*	July	6
Pres. Wilson, *Hongkong*	July	6
Tingsang, *Tientsin*	July	6
Sakaki Maru, *Dairen*	July	9
Selcier, *Rotterdam*	July	9
Shanghai Maru, *Nagasaki*	July	9
Sinkiang, *Tsingtao*	July	5
Szechuen, *Hongkong*	July	7
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	July	8
Scheer, *Hamburg*	July	9
Sunning, *Hongkong*	July	9

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1916)

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital $1,500,000.00
Reserve Fund $200,000.00

SHANGHAI BRANCH
27 Jinkee Road
Telegraphic Address "CHUNGFOO"
Telephone Numbers .... C. 1929 Manager's Office. C. 6468) C. 6469) General Office. C. 6470) C. 5620 T. T. Department.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CHINA

TIENTSIN	Changsha	Hsuchow	Shasi
SHANGHAI	Chengtoh	Ichang	Soochow
PEKING	Chengchow	Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu
HANKOW	Chinkiang	Nanking	Wusieh
Antung	Fengtien	Ningpo	Wuhu
Canton	Hangchow	Pengpu	Yangchow
Changchun	Hongkong	Shaoshing	

FOREIGN AGENCIES AND CORRESPONDENTS

Baltimore	Cincinnati	Montreal	San Francisco
Berlin	Cleveland	New York	Seattle
Boston	Detroit	Osaka	St. Louis
Buffalo	Kobe	Philadelphia	Tokio
Cebu	London	Pittsburgh	Washington
Chicago	Manila	Paris	Yokohama

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in taels, dollars, and other currencies according to arrangement. Savings Deposits taken. All kinds of Trust Business undertaken.
Safe Deposit Boxes.
Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. B. Sun, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.

MEMBER OF THE SHANGHAI BANKERS' ASSOCIATION
Head Offices: 9 Ningpo Road

Capital $2,500,000.00
Reserve $450,000.00

Every description of modern banking and exchange business transacted—Personal, National & International.
Branches and Agencies:
In principal cities throughout China
Foreign Correspondents:

London	Yokohama	San Francisco
Paris	Tokyo	Singapore
Hamburg	New York	Osaka
Amsterdam	Chicago	Manila
Berlin	Seattle	Kobe
Auckland	Zurich	Honolulu

Cable Address: "COMSAVBANK"

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Capital Fully Paid Up $2,500,000.00
Reserved Fund $830,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai:—Peking & Kiangse Roads.
Manager's Office Cen. 2650.
Telephones: General Office Cen. 2613, 2614 and 2615.
Foreign Exchange Dept. C. 7413.
Branches: Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden, Harbin.
Foreign Correspondents: London, New York, San Francisco, Paris, Berlin, Zurich, Hamburg, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, and Osaka.
Domestic Correspondents at all principal cities in China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, and Yen.
Interest allowed on Deposit at call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
SAVINGS ACCOUNTS 4% PER ANNUM
Every description of banking business transacted.
MODERN SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

EQUITABLE
Eastern Banking Corporation

Capital ..... U. S. $2,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits ..... U. S. $ 900,000

Head Office:—No. 37 Wall Street, New York
Members American Bankers' Association
Correspondents:
The Equitable Trust Company of New York
NEW YORK LONDON PARIS
Mercantile Trust Co., San Francisco, Cal. The Northwestern National Bank, of Portland, Ore. Citizens' National Bank, Los Angeles, Cal.

大通銀行

Shanghai Branch: Central 7944, 7945, 7946 & 7947.
6 Kiukiang Road Central 1424—Manager
CURRENT AND FIXED DEPOSITS ACCEPTED
Interest rates on application
Telegraphic Transfers and Drafts bought and sold.

JAS J. ROGERS,
Manager.

東方商業銀行 Oriental Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Authorized Capital $5,000,0
Paid up Capital $2,500,0
Head Office: Hongkong
Branches: Canton, Bangkok.
Correspondents in all principal cities of the world. Every description of modern banking and exchange business transacted. Interests allowed on current deposits and fixed deposits.
Credits granted on approved securities.
Savings Department.
Special Savings Department in ladies in charge of Chinese ladies well educated and experienced in modern banking.
Bankers.
New York National City Bank.
Westminster Foreign Bank (London),
Union Trust Co., of S. Francisco.
The Canton Bank of S. Francisco.

L. C. WAI,
Manager.

36 Kiangse Road

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on July 3, 1923.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	16-30
Mutton	„	18-30
Pork	„	30-40
Veal	„	
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	20-25
Cod	„	15-20
Mandari	„	30-40
Mackerel	„	20-25
Pomfret	„	15-20
Salmon	„	20-25
Samli	„	40-50
Soles	„	20-25
Whitebait	„	none
Game Poultry and Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Eggs	per doz.	20-25
Fowl	per lb.	30-35
Hare	„	none
Partridge	„	none
Pheasant	„	none
Geese	each	70-$1.0
Pigeons	„	20-25
Plover	„	none
Quail	„	none
Snipe	„	none
Teal	„	none
Turkey	per lb.	50-55
Woodcock	each	none
Wild Duck	„	none
Duck	„	70-$1.0
Wild Pigeon	„	none
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	10-12
Apples	„	45-50
Banana	„	8-10
Chestnuts	„	none
Melons	each	none
Cherries	per lb.	none
Cocoanuts	each	18-20
Figs	per lb.	none
Grape fruit	each	20-25
Lemons	„	8-10
Lichees	per lb.	20-25
Mangoes	each	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Oranges	„	$1.00-$1.2
Peaches	per lb.	10-15
Persimmons	„	none
Peeboes	„	12-15
Plums	„	12-15
Pumeloes	each	20-25
Pineapples	„	10-12
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	„	12-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	10-12
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	12-15
Beetroot	per bunch	1-2
Broad Beans	per lb.	12-16
Cabbages	each	5-10
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Carrots	„	4-5
Cauliflower	each	none
Egg plant	per lb.	6-8
French Beans	„	6-8
Peas	„	16-18
Green Corn	each	3-4
Leeks	per bunch	3-4
Parsnips	„	3-4
Onions	„	2-3
Potatoes	per picul	$1.80-$2.0
Radishes	„	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	„	16-18
Grain and Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	$4.5
Flour Shanghai	„	$3.0
Bran	per 114 lbs.	$3.6
Barley	„	$4.4
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$12.6
Milk		
Chinese dairies	per bottle	$0.20
Foreign dairies	„	$0.25
Fuel		
Fire Wood	per 40 bundles	$1.0
Stove Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.5
House Coal	„	17.2

E. Kilner,
Chief Inspector.

D. PETER INVENTOR EVEY
PETER'S
THE ORIGINAL MILK-CHOCOLATE

The China Press
大陸報

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1923

LACTOGEN
The NATURAL-MILK Food
FOR YOUR BABY

Business and Official Notices

Customs Notification

No. 1024

Acting under instructions received from the Officiating Inspector General I have to notify the public that the terms of Customs Notification No. 1020 concerning duty on hair-nets are hereby cancelled and that the duty-free treatment of hair-nets is re-established.

All duties collected since the 1st June, 1923, are to be refunded.

L. A. LYALL,
Commissioner of Customs.
Custom House,
Shanghai, July 2nd, 1923.
60071 J 3

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

JULY DEPOSITS

CARRYING interest at 5% per annum will be received at the Finance Department of the Council, Administration Building, 16 Hankow Road (Ground Floor)

Wednesday,	July 4
Thursday,	„ 5
Friday,	„ 6
Saturday,	„ 7
Monday,	„ 9

DEPOSITS WILL BE IN RESPECT OF THE 6 PERCENT LOAN OF 1923 (ALLOTMENT AT PAR)

60183 J. 8

WARDROBE TRUNKS.

Steamer and cabin trunks made of Fibre Leather and Sheet-iron and guaranteed industructible also first class genuine

LEATHER SUIT CASES,

Handbags, hat cases etc., etc., fitted with best American locks are sold at very low prices by the China Trunk Emporium corner of Nanking and Thibet Roads

Special Discount Granted for Chinese Students Going Abroad.

54110

Hankow and Ports

The Hoong On S. N. Co's Steamer, Chang On, Captain K. C. Lee, will leave from the Ningpao Wharf, Chinese Bund Nantao, on Friday the 6th July at about 12 o'clock (midnight). Passage Money, Shanghai to Hankow, $40 single and $60 return. For Freight or Passage apply to office of the Company No. 1B Hankow Road, Telephones Freight 1730, Passage 3383.

60236 J.6

In the United States Court for China

In re Last Will and Testament of HESTER SMITH, Deceased.

Cause No. 2244
Estate No. 513

NOTICE

Pursuant to an Order of said Court, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of HESTER SMITH, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers, to the undersigned on or before December 20, 1923, and all persons owing debts to said deceased are hereby notified to make payment of the same in due course to the undersigned.

ARTHUR T. HEUCKENDORFF,
Executor, 23, Museum Road,
Shanghai, China.
June 20, 1923.

59793

SETO HOUSE

Restaurant, Turkish Bath and Massage. Real American meals served here at moderate price.

Announcement

Prof. T. Hisada, a Japanese specialist has a new method of treatment for Rheumatism and cronic diseases of all kinds by painless electricity.

Those suffering from above diseases should lose no time, come and see me, no charge for consultation.

Office hours: 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.
Telephone N. 3253.

Prof. T. HISADA,
Seto House,
10, Seward Road.

In the International Mixed Court of Shanghai.

Chinese Civil Case No. P.12127

Re: THE NATIONAL COMMERCIAL TOBACCO CO., LTD.
(興業烟草公司清理案)
(In Liquidation)

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of creditors of the abovementioned Company will be held at the office of Seth, Mancell and McLure, 7 Avenue Edouard VII., Shanghai, on Monday, 9th July, 1923 at 2:30 p.m.

SETH, MANCELL & McLURE,
Official Court Accountants.
7 Avenue Edouard VII.,
Shanghai, 2nd July, 1923.
60214 J.5

A NOTICE OF THE LADIES TAILOR ASSOCIATION

For Increase Of Wages:

We beg to notify that our business has been handed down for many years and as a reliable work, our reputation has been spread out at home and abroad on account of our good work, but owing to the high cost of living at Shanghai at present; such as increase of house rent, of rice price and of pay of our employes. We were compelled to hold a meeting to discuss the question last Saturday at our Association building No. 1066 Peking Road, it was decided by the members in public that the wages for all kinds of dresses for Ladies should be increased twenty percent in order to relieve us from incurring any loss. We hereby advertise the matter of the increase of our wages for all kinds of Ladies dresses both in The North China Daily News and The China [illegible]

The increase of wages will take effect from 1st July, 1923.

60225

NOTICE

Cercle Sportif Francais.

Subscribers to the 400,000.00 Taels 7% loan are kindly requested to send their cheques without delay to the undersigned who, in turn will mail provisional receipts.

Ch. de BOISSEZON,
Acting Hon. Treasurer.
60215 J.6

TO BE LET

The Ground Floor of the Masonic Hall, No. 30 The Bund, containing many and various sized offices also two Strong Rooms (Fire and Burglar proof with grills, admirably adapted for a Bank or other Company or Corporation requiring central and spacious offices. For particulars and permission to view apply to

C. MATTHEWS,
MASONIC HALL.
T. F. 33.

Varnishes, Paints, Enamels, Colourwash, &c.

Our manufactures can be bought in retail quantities from
R. H. FELGATE & CO.
9, Ezra Road. Central 6674.
HOONG NION & CO.
284 Kiukiang Road. Cent. 2299.
(near Fokien Road)
Local retail Agents for all our products.
WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD.
T. F. 164

Dr. J. Podpakh, M.D.

German University

Specialist in female diseases confinements, surgical, internal uninary diseases, venereal and skin diseases. Latest methods of diagnosis and treatment.

Hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6. Tel. C 434. 14 Kiukiang Road, corner Kiangse Road, Ezra Building above Asia Banking Corporation.
65589

RIGHT in name
RIGHT in quality
RIGHT for this climate
RIGHT for you

Insist on

RIGHT BEER

The Finest Pilsener Beer

GARNER, QUELCH & Co.
Sole Agents

BRONZE POWDERS BRONZING LIQUIDS

of the highest quality for gilding radiators, picture frames, etc.

PAINT CONTRACTING

First class work under supervision of American expert decorator. Estimates made promptly upon request.

H. B. CAMPBELL
45 Szechuen Road
Telephone: Central 1892

GODOWN SPACE near Kungping Road Jetty about 20,000 square feet to be let out wholly or partially at moderate rental. For necessary particulars apply
The Kaiyosha Company
5, Custom Road,
Shanghai
60180 J. 8

The Country Garden Cafe

109, Yu Yuen Road, Shanghai.

Best refreshments, meals and cool drinks are always served in cleanness and freshness at moderate prices. Give us a trial, you will be convinced.

60175 J 5

NOTICE

Mr. S. K. Lau has resigned the Managership of this Company, and Mr. C. P. Cheng has been appointed the Acting Manager of the same.

The Sincere Co., Ltd.
60176 J 5

Notice of Removal.

We have this day moved our office to 96 Szechuen Road.

Manufacturers Life Ins. Co.,
A. G. Hearne,
District Manager.
60189 J 5

DR. F. FRANEK, M. D.
Specialist in Urinary
Skin and Internal Diseases (Latest European methods of treatment
Museum Road corner of Balfour Road
Consulting hours 11-1, 4-6.
Tel. C. 851.

Frederick's Hotel

Kwang-Tung Road off Jukong Road
2 minutes from Range Road

This Hotel is an up to date establishment it has just been renovated and no expense has been spared to attain our aim. It has accommodation for 40-50 guest's and is entirely under foreign supervision, The dining room being our speciality, nothing but first class refreshments are served.

Our band is foreign, one of the best in town, and we have musical concerts every evening.

We are sure that you will spend a few enjoyable hours at our place and you will find it a real home for our guests.

Look for our Sign-board on Jukong Road, 150 Yards off Szechuen Road.

57738

RECORDING THE DAY, HOUR AND MINUTE OF EVERY TRANSACTION

ECLIPSE TIME STAMPS

Stamps
Name, Address, Date, Time, etc.
at one Stamping

NEW MODEL in aluminum finish with base pad to match just received. The Stamp rests in this base when not in use. It fits snugly on a non-blurring inked block, so that the Time Stamp is always inked ready for instant use.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
22 NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Company, Limited

begs to announce the opening as from the 1st July 1923 of a

DEPOT

Situated at No. 246J Avenue Edward VII. almost opposite the French Municipality.

This Depot which has been established for the convenience of the Customers living in the Western District and mainly using the Avenue between the two settlements.

will have
a Gasolene System
Supplying Shell Petrol
and
carry a stock of tyres and motor accessories.

60044 J 11

Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai

NOTICE

MUNICIPAL LOAN OF 1923

8.000 debentures of Tls. 100 each
(issued at Tls. 97 each)

Rate of interest 6% per annum

The "Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai" hereby invite subscriptions for 8.000 debentures of Tls. 100 each, issued at Tls. 97 each according to the resolution passed at their General Meeting on the 14th May 1923.

The conditions on which the Debenture Certificates will be issued are:

1°.—The Debenture Certificates are transferable, and the person whose name is entered in the Register of Debenture Certificate or Certificates, shall alone be recognised and treated by the Council as the lawful and rightful holder and owner of such Debenture Certificate or Certificates.

2°.—The Debentures will be issued at Tls. 97 each.

3°.—The Debentures will be redeemable at par (Tls. 100 each) in not less than 10 years and not more than 30 years, from 1st December 1933 and according to the figures determinated by the Council.

4°.—The Debentures will bear interest at 6% per annum, payable on the 31st day of May and 30th day of November in each year, when interest warrants will be issued to the registered owners.

5°.—The Debenture Certificates will be issued and bear interest from 1st July 1923.

6°.—Applications for Debentures will be received at the Secretary's Office, Rue du Consulat, from June 20 next.

A cheque representing the amount of debentures asked for and payable on June 30th must be deposited at the same time.

7°.—Applications for Debentures under 97 will not be recognised by the Council.

8°.—For further informations, apply to Mr. P. Legendre, Secretary, French Municipal Council.

Shanghai, 31st May 1923.

By order,
P. LEGENDRE
Secretary.

T. F. 176

Business and Official Notices

Dr. W. E. O'Hara

Having returned from Europe has resumed practice. He may be consulted temporarily at Dr. O'Driscolls rooms, 3d Peking Road.
Hours 11 to 1
PRIVATE ADDRESS KALEE HOTEL.
60147 J 7

Shanghai Golf Club.

Notice is hereby given that from 1st July Mr. R. HAVES will take over the Secretaryship of the Shanghai Golf Club and all communications and enquiries must be addressed to him.

R. G. MacDONALD,
Captain.
60154 J 7

TO LET

No. 70 Be-pei Road, Lu Hua Daung, Mokanshan. (莫干山鹿花干路北路七十號). 3-story house, well furnished. With bath rooms, Servant's quarters, Kitchens, etc. Can be viewed at any time. Key with caretaker (Lee Yung Zung, (李永成). For terms apply Mr. Chow, 683 Myburgh Road, Shanghai, or Mr. Zung, Bank of China, Mokanshan.

CHU LU.
60137 J 8

Dr. Med. B. Paukstat

Specialist in the Treatment of Eye Diseases.
25 Jinkee Road, suite 504 Hours 10-1, 3-5. Telephone C. 1804. Residence Phone W. 3974.
60168 J 7

NOTICE

All persons being indebted to or having claims against the ESTATE of Mr. OTTO RITTHAUSEN deceased are requested to send all necessary details thereanent not later than the 1st of October, 1923, to the undersigned.

Tsingtau, the 20th of June, 1923.

JOHANNES MUELLER
Administrator of the Estate Otto Ritthausen.
Tsingtau, P. O. Box 135.
60051 J 5

Are you Worried about Baby?

How to feed Baby is often a great worry to mothers who are unable to nurse their babies themselves. Ordinary cow's milk however prepared at home—is not a suitable substitute for the mother's milk.

Our book "Infant Feeding in the light of Recent Research" will tell you why.

ALLEN & HANBURYS, LTD., SHANGHAI.

The Far Eastern Office of the
STATE BANK R. S. F. S. R.

WAS opened at Vladivostok on March 17, 1923. Telegraphic Address: "Goebank." All Codes used. Head Office, Moscow.

Branches and Agencies all over Russia and Siberia. General Banking business of every description transacted. Correspondents at the principal places of the world. Foreign exchange bought and sold.

For any details apply to the Foreign Department of this Bank at Vladivostock.
59695

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 20 Nanking Road
2nd Floor

China Press Want—Ads. Bring Results

Shanghai-Nanking Railway

INVITATION OF TENDER

Tenders are invited by Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Joint Agents of The British and Chinese Corporation, Limited, for the supply of Rails 85 lbs. per yard together with Fishplates etc. for the Shanghai Nanking Railway.

Specification and full details may be obtained from the Correspondence Office of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund, Shanghai.

Tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope marked "Tender for 85lbs. Rails" addressed to Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Correspondence Office, and may be submitted up to noon of July 31st, 1923.

Tenders will be opened at 10 a.m. on August 7th, 1923, in the Head Offices of the Railway Administration, Shanghai North.

The Railway Administration does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

60031 J 4

Order from Your Bookseller
THE CHINA YEAR BOOK 1923
EDITED BY
H.G.W. WOODHEAD, C.B.E.
PRICE $12.50
An Encyclopaedia of Information Regarding China
T. F. 181

CHINESE LINEN

The most economical and comfortable cloth for summer wear.

You can now easily get from us the best Chinese linen printed with floral and numerous fancy patterns.

Other standard colours in stock:—Cream, Navy Blue, Light Blue, Deep Blue, Alice Blue, Olive Green, Rose Pink, Shell Pink, Pale Purple and Plain White.

Our price is moderate

For further particulars please come and visit.

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465-466 Fokien Road
(corner of Tientsin and Fokien Roads)
Tel. C. 1312
59868

POWERLIGHT
LANTERNS
300 Candle Power
Few Cents Kerosine
Burns Whole Night
$6.00 Mex.
PER SET
Including Brass Pump and Necessary Tools
Sole Agent
BARTLETT YUNG & CO.
17 Honan Road. Tel. C. 3350.
58637

FOR DISPOSAL

A quantity of new long and short handled shovels, open socket, of foreign manufacture. Suitable for heavy work. Apply to
The Kailan Mining Administration,
32 Jinkee Road.
60152 J 4

E. BUSCH

ARCHITECT, CIVIL ENGINEER AND GENERAL CONTRACTOR. Land and Estate Agent. 60 Kiangse Road. All kinds of building operations, especially reinforced concrete. Phone C. 6114.
59095 A 25

DR. R. HOLPER, M. D.
French University
SPECIALIST IN VENEREAL, URINARY & SKIN DISEASES.
Office Hours: 11-1 & 4-6
or by appointment. Tel. C. 784
15 NANKING ROAD
(Amer-Oriental Bank Building)

OFFICES TO LET

IN THE
GLEN LINE BUILDING
Corner of Peking Road and The Bund
For particulars apply to
Messrs. ALGAR & CO., LTD.
11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

THE BRITISH FLOWER SHOP

The Leading Florists in China
FLORAL WORK under the direction of an EUROPEAN FLORIST. NURSERIES under the direction of an ENGLISH GARDENER
8 Nanking Road
Tel. C. 4777

DOCTOR HELFENSTEIN, M.D.

Specialist in venereal, urinary, female, skin, internal diseases and sex disorders. Office hours: 10-12½ and 4-6½, or by appointment, 25 Jinkee Road (Chung Pao Building). Tel. C. 7092, Residence 23, North Szechuen Road. Tel. E. 3034.

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Comfortable cars. Sent out from our nearest station to you

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8A Yates Road

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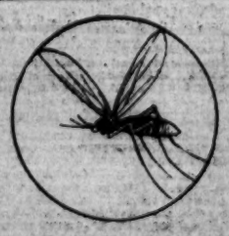
"Poor Men's Wives"

A sequel to and greater than "Rich Men's Wives"



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By using "THREE STARS" Anti-Mosquito Incense, absolutely harmless but marvelously effective. Recommended by well known Chemists, Doctors and Laboratories.

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